Crawford Park Tree Inventory and Management Plan 2018

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Crawford Park Tree Inventory and Management Plan

MAKING THE MOST OF YOUR INVENTORY MANAGEMENT PLAN

Those who operate a large business or institution understand how inventory impacts operations and budgeting. One must know what's there, how much or how many, and where it all is. But the task doesn't end there. To obtain the greatest benefit from inventory, owners or their designees must manage it. Are a company's tools, for example, old and defective, in need of repair, in short supply, or useless and taking up space that could be better occupied? A good management plan will address these issues and keep the inventory current, in good condition, and functioning for the benefit and safety of those involved.

Managing trees on a large property can seem like an overwhelming task, but the same principles of inventory management apply. This inventory and management plan should provide managers the data they need to develop realistic budgets for their tree maintenance needs, and it will help make Crawford Park a safer and more beautiful environment.

The following tips will assist you in making the most of this document:

Who's Who

Those who conducted the inventory and prepared this document are members of the Bartlett Inventory Solutions team. They are also employees of Bartlett Tree Experts. The Bartlett Inventory Solutions team is overseen by four technical advisors out of the Bartlett Tree Research Laboratories in Charlotte, North Carolina. The advisors are primarily charged with client support, coordination, quality control, and documentation of inventories and the related data. Extensively trained Regional Inventory Arborists from local Bartlett Tree Experts offices are the primary data collectors and authors of the management plans. Readers may interpret the terms "Bartlett Tree Experts," "Bartlett," "the Inventory Team," "the team," "we," and "our" as the Bartlett company and those who conducted the inventory and prepared this management plan. In addition to the primary author(s) listed on the cover page, Team Member(s) involved in this project included:

Technical Advisor

Kevin Weber, Bartlett Inventory Solutions Technical Advisor

ISA Board Certified Master Arborist #PD-2030B, ISA Tree Risk Assessment Qualified, Certified Treecare Safety Professional #732, Registered Consulting Arborist #636

Data Collection

Jeremy DeSimone, Regional Inventory Arborist

ISA Certified Arborist #NY-0682A, ISA Tree Risk Assessment Qualified

Subject Trees

In this document, the term "subject trees" refers (depending on context) to some or all of the 655 trees (some of them groupings of trees) included in the inventory.

Definitions & Bolded Terms

Some definitions or specifications are detailed within a given section to explain how readers should interpret certain terms or classifications. We have also appended a Glossary for other terms that appear throughout the document. The first reference to each of these terms appears in **bold** for the reader's convenience.

How This Document is Organized

An outline appears below that introduces the order in which the sections of the management plan will appear. The management plan layout is as follows:

- Table of Contents
 - Road map for the management plan
- Making the Most of Your Inventory Management Plan
 - Explanations for how to efficiently and effectively understand and navigate this management plan document
- Executive Summary
 - Synopsis of the major findings and recommendations
- Introduction
 - Brief explanation of the inventory and what was included
- Goals & Objectives
 - Explanation of the specific goals and objectives for this inventory
- Data Collection & Tree Inspection Methodology
 - Lists, explanations, and definitions of all data collected during the inventory
- Stand Dynamics Results
 - Summary information for the entire tree population inventoried including risk ratings assigned during the inventory with corresponding table and map displays with figures if applicable
- Recommendations
 - Summary of all recommendations made during the inventory including associated table and map displays, explanations and examples, and figures if applicable
- Dedicated or Memorial Trees
 - List of all dedicated or memorial trees observed during the inventory in a table and map display with corresponding figures if applicable

• Defects or Observations

• List of all trees observed to have defects in the field in a table view with associated descriptive figures and maps if applicable

• Entire Inventory

• List of all trees collected in a table display

• Additional Resources

• Listing of all appended items for this management plan

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

In March 2018, the Bartlett Inventory Solutions (BIS) Team from Bartlett Tree Experts conducted an inventory of trees in Crawford Park. We identified 655 trees, including 34 groupings, which included 66 species. The attributes that we collected include tree latitude and longitude, size, age and condition class, and a visual assessment of tree structure, health, and **vigor**.

We conducted the attribute collection using a sub-meter accuracy Global Positioning Satellite Receiver (GPSr) device with an error-in-location potential of not greater than three meters. Our recommendations for the subject trees over the next 3-year period are outlined below. All tree work activities will comply with current American National Standards Institute (ANSI) Z133.1 requirements for safety.

Tree Risk Assessments and Mitigation

Perform the recommended tree risk mitigation activities for the 13 trees (2%) which we found defects or concerns that prompted the need to use the International Society of Arboriculture's (ISA) risk matrices in the field. Risk mitigation activities will comply with current ANSI A300 standard practices. Please see the Tree Risk Assessments, Limitations & Glossary section for more information.

Soil Sampling

Taking soil samples throughout planting beds and actively managed areas. Soil analysis provides information on the presence of soil nutrients, pH, organic matter, and cation exchange capacity.

Bulk Density Sampling

Taking bulk density samples throughout planting beds and actively managed areas to determine the amount of soil compaction.

Soil Rx®

Apply Bartlett's Soil Rx® program to 301 trees (46%) to correct nutrient deficiencies and optimize soil conditions for the designated trees.

Root Invigoration[™]

Perform Bartlett's patented Root Invigoration^M on 4 trees (1%) to improve aeration and promote more efficient root growth, especially for high-value trees in disturbed areas.

Mulching

Wherever possible, apply 2-4 inches of mulch within the root zone to help moderate soil temperatures, reduce soil moisture loss, reduce soil compaction, provide nutrients, improve soil structure, and keep mowers and string trimmers away from tree trunks. The best mulch materials are wood chips, bark nuggets, composted leaves, or pine needles. To avoid potential disease problems, mulch should not be placed directly against the trunk.

Root Collar Excavations

Perform **root collar** excavations to 178 trees (27%) to lower risk of damaging conditions such as **girdling roots**, basal cankers, masking of root decay and lower-stem decay, and predisposing trees to various insect and disease pests.

Plant Health Care (PHC)

Implement Bartlett's PHC program to monitor pests and diseases on the subject trees. Treatments are therapeutic and preventive, and treatment timing is based on pest life cycle.

Pruning

Prune 394 trees (60%) for safety, health, structure, and appearance. Pruning will comply with current ANSI A300 standard practices for pruning.

Structural Support

There are structural support system recommendations for 28 trees (4%) to reduce risk of branch or whole tree failure. All structural support systems will comply with current ANSI A300 standard practices for supplemental support systems.

Lightning Protection

At the time of inventory, no trees were recommended for lightning protection systems. However, as trees continue to grow and site changes occur, we recommend continual consultation with your local Bartlett Arborist Representative to determine if lightning protection systems are warranted in the future.

Removals

Remove 40 trees (6%) due to condition or because of their location in relation to other trees to try and prevent competition or damage to infrastructure.

Tree Risk Advanced Assessments (Level 3)

Provide tree risk *advanced assessments* for 12 trees (2%) to evaluate the impact of wood decay that shows potential for failure.

Vine Removal

Remove vines from 45 trees (7%) to try and prevent them from hiding defects.

INTRODUCTION

In March 2018, The Town of Rye, New York retained Bartlett Tree Experts to perform an inventory of trees in Crawford Park. Team member Jeremy DeSimone visited the site on March 12, 15-17, 24 & 25 to conduct the inventory.

The inventory included:

- identifying trees and assigning a Tree ID number (Tree ID numbers ranging from 1 to 594);
- identifying the trees' condition, health, and vigor;
- recommending risk evaluations and removals of appropriate trees;
- recommending tree care, soil care and fertilization, structural support, and pest management treatments to promote tree safety, health, appearance, and longevity; and
- mapping the trees using GPSr hardware and Geographic Information System (GIS) software, and Bartlett Tree Experts' ArborScope[™] web-based management system

The methods and procedures we used to make the above determinations and recommendations are detailed in the following sections.

GOALS & OBJECTIVES

An effective management plan communicates clear goals and the specific objectives designed to carry out those goals. We intend "goal" to mean the overall aim or result we expect to achieve for the client in producing the inventory and management plan. The objectives are the specific actions taken or recommended to support goal completion. The table below describes each goal and its corresponding objective(s).

GOALS & OBJECTIVES

GOAL	OBJECTIVES TO ACCOMPLISH GOAL
Establish the tree inventory (per numbers agreed) in Crawford Park	 Using Trimble® Geo GPSr hardware and ArborScope[™] Inventory Management Tools, collect data such as tree name, location, size, age class, and condition class. Assign a Tree ID number to each tree or group of trees inventoried.
Provide mechanism for managing inventory, recommendations, and related budget planning.	 Provide map or maps of the inventoried trees and tree groupings to assist the client in managing property areas. Submit a comprehensive management plan that documents and organizes findings and provides other resources to assist the client in efficient use of the information.
Maximize client understanding and implementation of management plan.	 Include in management plan specific explanations and visuals related to plan recommendations. Provide appended resources that address health, procedures, and standards related to tree care. Make periodic contact with client to follow up and answer any questions about the management plan's contents.
Maximize immediate and long-term tree health and aesthetics.	Implement recommended plant-health-care program that uses • integrated pest management • soil care and fertilization • maintenance pruning
Manage immediate and long-term risk associated with trees in high-use areas.	Implement recommended risk-management measures that include • risk-reduction pruning • required removals • tree structure evaluations

DATA COLLECTION & TREE INSPECTION METHODOLOGY

In conducting the inventory, we used specialized equipment and software and followed specific procedures to determine tree characteristics, risk evaluations, and recommendations. The following explanation will assist the reader in interpreting the findings of this management plan.

Data Collection Equipment & Attribute Data

The Inventory Team used Trimble® Geo GPSr hardware units, TerraSync® and GPS Pathfinder® Office GIS software, and Bartlett Tree Experts' ArborScope[™] web-based

management system to inventory the trees. The attribute data we collected on site are listed below.

- botanical name and regional common name according to local ISA Chapter Tree Species List
- tree location based on GPS coordinate system
- tree ID number
- diameter at breast height (DBH)
- canopy radius
- age class
- height class
- condition class
- root zone infringement, based on **dripline** and estimated **grayscape** (e.g., sidewalks) impact on root zone
- infrastructure interaction (between trees and grayscape that may cause an undesirable condition
- documented *basic assessment (Level 2)* of tree risk where defects or concerns were observed that prompted the need to use the ISA risk matrices in the field resulting in an *overall risk rating*
- priority of tree and shrub work (based on 3-year management plan)
- pruning
- need for and inspection of existing structural support systems
- need for and inspection of existing lightning protection systems
- need for advanced assessments (Level 3)
- tree removals
- soil care and fertilization recommendations
- plant health care recommendations
- noted defects/observations
- observed pests/diseases

Specifications/Definitions

Age Class

Tree not yet established
Established tree but not in the landscape for many years
Established tree but has not yet reached full growth potential
Tree within its full growth potential
Tree that is declining or beginning to decline due to its age

Height Class

Small	Less than 15 feet
Medium	15 to 40 feet
Large	Greater than 40 feet

Condition Class

Dead

- **Poor** Most of the canopy displays dieback and undesirable leaf color, inappropriate leaf size or inadequate new growth. Tree or parts of tree are in the process of failure.
- **Fair** Parts of canopy display undesirable leaf color, inappropriate leaf size, and inadequate new growth. Parts of the tree are likely to fail.
- **Good** Tree health and condition are acceptable.

Tree and Shrub Care Priority

Priority class recommendations are based on a 3-year management plan that takes into consideration tree species, condition, location, age, and proximity to infrastructure. We intend that this rating system assist decision makers in prioritizing tree pruning, cabling and bracing, and tree lightning protection recommendations. *Trees with a priority of 1 and an Overall Risk Rating of Extreme or High (see definitions in the next section) should be addressed immediately.* Prioritization does not take into account any budgetary or financial considerations.

Recommendations for Priorities 1, 2, and 3 are all based on observations by the inventory arborist. The following additional information clarifies each priority class:

- **Priority 1** To be addressed in years 1 or 2 of the management cycle. Priority 1 may include trees with large dead wood, structural defects, located in exposed sites, high aesthetic value, and/or parts that are currently negatively interacting with infrastructure, such as branches that touch buildings, interfere with signage or lighting, or obstruct pathways.
- Priority 2 To be addressed in years 2 or 3 of the management cycle. Priority 2 may include trees with small dead wood, developing structural defects, located in semi-exposed sites, moderate esthetic value, and/or parts that are anticipated to negatively interact with infrastructure, such as branches that touch buildings, interfere with signage or lighting, or obstruct pathways.
- **Priority 3** To be addressed in year 3 of the management cycle. Priority 3 may include trees with small dead wood, developing structural defects, located in lesser used sites, and/or parts that are anticipated to negatively interact with infrastructure, such as branches that rub on buildings, interfere with signage or lighting, or obstruct pathways.

Pruning

Each of the following is a <u>selective pruning technique</u> to achieve the pruning goal described:

Clean Raise	Remove one or more of dead, diseased, and/or broken branches Provide vertical clearance
Thin	Reduce height or spread, sometimes for a particular branch (overextended or co- dominant)
Reduce	Reduce height or spread
Structural	Select live branches and stems to influence orientation, spacing, growth rate,
	strength of attachment, and ultimate size of branches and stems; possibly to reduce defects or space main branches on mature trees.
Vista	A combination of thinning and reduction pruning to enhance the view from a
	vantage point to an area of interest while minimizing negative impacts on tree
	structure and health.

Tree Risk Assessments, Limitations & Glossary

In accordance with industry standards, tree risk ratings are derived from a combination of three factors: the *likelihood of failure*, the *likelihood of the failed tree part impacting a target*, and the *consequences* of the target being struck. The guidelines used to classify each of these factors are presented in the *ISA's BMP for Tree Risk Assessment* and guidelines developed by the Bartlett Tree Research Laboratories. *These factors are then used to categorize tree risk as Extreme, High, Moderate or Low.* The factors used to define your risk ratings are identified in this report. An explanation of terms used in this report appears in the glossary located in the appendix. The information provided in this report is based on the conditions identified at the time of inspection. Tree conditions do change over time so reassessment is recommended annually and after major storm events.

Limitations of Tree Risk Assessments

It is important for the tree owner or manager to know and understand that all trees pose some degree of risk from failure or other conditions. The information and recommendations within this report have been derived from the level of tree risk assessment identified in this report, using the information and practices outlined in the *International Society of Arboriculture's Best Management Practices for Tree Risk Assessment*, as well as the information available at the time of the inspection. However, the overall risk rating, the mitigation recommendations, or any other conclusions do not preclude the possibility of failure from undetected conditions, weather events, or other acts of man or nature. Trees can unpredictably fail even if no defects or other conditions are present. It is the responsibility of the tree owner or manager to schedule repeat or *advanced assessments*, determine actions, and implement follow up recommendations, monitoring and/or mitigation.

Bartlett Tree Experts can make no warranty or guarantee whatsoever regarding the safety of any tree, trees, or parts of trees, regardless of the level of tree risk assessment provided, the risk rating, or the residual risk rating after mitigation. The information in this report should not be considered as making safety, legal, architectural, engineering, landscape architectural, land surveying advice or other professional advice. This information is solely for the use of the tree owner and manager to assist in the decision making process regarding the management of their tree or trees. Tree risk assessments are simply tools which should be used in conjunction with the owner or tree manager's knowledge, other information and observations related to the specific tree or trees discussed, and sound decision making.

Glossary

Tree risk assessment has a unique set of terms with specific meanings. Definitions of all specific terms may be found in the International Society of Arboriculture's *Best Management Practice for Tree Risk Assessment*. Definitions of some of these terms used in this report are as follows:

The *likelihood of failure* may be categorized as imminent meaning that failure has started or could occur at any time; probable meaning that failure may be expected under normal weather conditions within the next 3 years; possible meaning that failure could occur, but is unlikely under normal weather conditions during that time frame; and improbable meaning that failure is not likely under normal weather conditions, and may not occur in severe weather conditions during that time frame.

The likelihood of the failed tree part impacting a target may be categorized as high meaning that a failed tree or tree part will most likely impact a target; medium meaning that a failed tree or tree part may or may not impact a target with equal likelihood; low meaning that the failed tree or tree part is not likely to impact a target; and very low meaning that the chance of a failed tree or tree part impacting the target is remote.

The *likelihood of failure and impact* is defined by the Likelihood Matrix below.

Likelihood of	ikelihood of Likelihood of Impacting Target									
Failure	Very Low	Low	Medium	High						
Imminent	Unlikely	Somewhat likely	Likely	Very Likely						
Probable	Unlikely	Unlikely	Somewhat likely	Likely						
Possible	Unlikely	Unlikely	Unlikely	Somewhat likely						
Improbable	Unlikely	Unlikely	Unlikely	Unlikely						

LIKELIHOOD OF FAILURE AND IMPACT

The *consequences* of a known target being struck may be categorized as severe meaning that impact could involve serious personal injury or death, damage to high value property, or disruption to important activities; significant meaning that the impact may involve personal injury, property damage of moderate to high value, or considerable disruption; minor meaning that impact could cause low to moderate property damage, small disruptions to traffic or a communication utility, or minor injury; and negligible meaning that impact may involve low value property damage, disruption that can be replaced or repaired, and do not involve personal injury.

Targets are people, property, or activities that could be injured, damaged or disrupted by a tree failure.

Levels of assessment 1) *Limited visual assessments* are conducted to identify obvious defects. 2) *Basic assessments* are visual inspections done by walking around the tree looking at the site, buttress roots, trunk and branches. It may include the use of simple tools to gain information about the tree or defects. 3) *Advanced assessments* are performed to provide detailed information about specific tree parts, defects, targets of site conditions. Drilling to detect decay is an advanced assessment technique.

Tree Risk Ratings are terms used to communicate the level of risk rating. They are defined in defined in the Risk Matrix below as a combination of Likelihood and Consequences:

Likelihood of Consequences of the Tree Failure							
Failure & Impact	Negligible	Minor	Significant	Severe			
Very Likely	Low	Moderate	High	Extreme			
Likely	Low	Moderate	High	High			
Somewhat likely	Low	Low	Moderate	Moderate			
Unlikely	Low	Low	Low	Low			

ISA RISK MATRIX

Overall tree risk rating is the highest individual risk identified for the tree. The *residual risk* is the level of risk the tree should pose after the recommended mitigation.

STAND DYNAMICS RESULTS



STAND DYNAMICS RESULTS

In reviewing the results and recommendations, the reader will find useful the specifications and definitions detailed in the preceding methodology above. We used the following categories to organize the stand dynamics results, which are displayed in tables:

- Tree Risk Assessment Report and Mitigation
- Subject Trees Summarized According to:
 - Tree Species Identified
 - Tree Groupings
 - Condition Class
 - Age Class
 - Tree Size per DBH
 - Tree Asset Value

Where appropriate, we have included explanations, photos, drawings, or other information to illuminate the table contents.

Tree Risk Assessment Report and Mitigation

As part of the inventory process, the Inventory Team conducts a *basic assessment (Level 2)* from the ground. While every tree poses a risk, typically *Low*, the trees in the following table were assigned *likelihood of failure, likelihood of the failed tree part impacting a target, and consequences* ratings in the field. The Inventory Team found conditions with these trees that posed a hazardous situation, prompting the arborists to go through the steps outlined in the Tree Risk Assessments, Limitations, and Glossary section of this plan. *Overall risk ratings* were then assigned to these trees.

The Tree Risk Table below summarizes the inventoried trees that were observed posing a hazardous situation during the course of the inventory. The table is organized first by *Overall Risk Rating* (highest to lowest), then by Tree Care Priority (ascending order), and finally by Tree ID (ascending order).

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Condition	Overall Risk Rating	Primary Target	Tree Care Priority	Advanced Assessment	Pruning	Structural Support	Root Collar Excavation	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
60	Oak- Swamp White	15	Good	Moderate	Path	1	• Crown	Clean			 Uneven crown Storm damage Hanger Broken branch(s)
197	Maple- Sugar	40	Fair	Moderate	Overhead lines		• Crown • Stem	Clean, Reduce	Cable		 Wound-root flare Dead branches <=2 Broken branch(s) Cavity-branch Co-dominant leaders Dieback (moderate)

TREE RISK ASSESSMENT REPORT AND MITIGATION (13 Trees)

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Condition	Overall Risk Rating	Primary Target	Tree Care Priority	Advanced Assessment	Pruning	Structural Support	Root Collar Excavation	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
63	Oak- Northern Red	25,22	Good	Low	Path	1	• Crown • Stem	Clean, Reduce	Cable	Yes	 Seam Co-dominant stems Overextended branch Dead branches <=2 Hanger Broken branch(s)
79	Linden- Littleleaf	28	Good	Low	Street	1	• Stem • Root	Clean, Reduce			 Uneven crown Dead branches <=2 Cavity-stem Cavity-root flare Lean Co-dominant leaders
304	Maple- Sugar	25	Fair	Low	Overhead lines	1	• Stem • Root	Clean, Reduce			 Wound-stem Wound-root flare Cavity-root flare Dead branches <=2 Low live crown ratio Cavity-branch
305	Maple- Sugar	36	Fair	Low	Overhead lines	1	• Crown • Stem	Clean, Reduce	Cable		 Overextended branch Dead branches <=2 Included bark Co-dominant leaders Cavity-Suspected Cavity-branch

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Condition	Overall Risk Rating	Primary Target	Tree Care Priority	Advanced Assessment	Pruning	Structural Support	Root Collar Excavation	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
306	Maple- Sugar	27	Fair	Low	Overhead lines	1	CrownStem	Clean, Reduce	Cable		 Included bark Co-dominant leaders Dead branches <=2 Cavity-branch Cavity-Suspected
366	Maple- Norway	26	Fair	Low	Path	1	• Stem • Root	Clean			 Dead branches <=2 Cavity-branch Cavity-stem Decay-Stem Hanger Broken branch(s)
385	Tuliptree	23	Good	Low	Path	1	• Stem • Root	Clean		Yes	 Cavity-root flare Decay-Root flare Hanger Co-dominant stems
428	Oak- Northern Red	41	Good	Low	Street	1	• Crown • Stem	Clean, Reduce	Cable		 Cavity-stem Seam Cavity-branch Overextended branch Dead branches <=2 Topping/heading cuts
459	Locust- Black	17	Fair	Low	Parking	1	• Stem • Root	Clean, Reduce			 Overextended branch Uneven crown Cavity-root flare Cavity-stem Dead branches >2

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Condition	Overall Risk Rating	Primary Target	Tree Care Priority	Advanced Assessment	Pruning	Structural Support	Root Collar Excavation	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
464	Pine- Eastern White	31	Good	Low	Parking	1	• Root	Clean, Reduce	Cable		 Construction damage Wound-root Co-dominant stems Overextended branch Broken branch(s)
463	Spruce- Norway	26	Good	Low	Street	2		Clean, Reduce			 Uneven crown Lean Dead branches >2 Wound-stem Broken branch(s) Crack-stem

INVENTORIED TREES ASSIGNED RISK RATINGS AT THE TIME OF DATA COLLECTION



Overall Risk Rating: Overall Risk Rating:

Stand Dynamics

Tree Species Identified

Our inventory revealed 66 species of trees, as detailed in the following table:

Genus	Species	Common Name	Count	% Distribution Total
Abies	balsamea	Fir-Balsam	2	< 1%
Acer	griseum	Maple-Paperbark	2	< 1%
	negundo	Boxelder	3	< 1%
	palmatum	Maple-Japanese	9	1%
	platanoides	Maple-Norway	52	8%
	pseudoplatanus	Maple-Sycamore	3	< 1%
	rubrum	Maple-Red	18	3%
	saccharinum	Maple-Silver	4	1%
	saccharum	Maple-Sugar	36	5%
Acer Total			127	19%
Aesculus	hippocastanum	Horsechestnut-Common	2	< 1%
Amelanchier	canadensis	Serviceberry	2	< 1%
Aralia	spinosa	Devils Walkingstick	1	< 1%
Betula	nigra	Birch-River	6	1%
	papyrifera	Birch-Paper	6	1%
	populifolia	Birch-Gray	3	< 1%
Betula Total				2%
Carya	glabra	Hickory-Pignut	3	< 1%
	ovata	Hickory-Shagbark	7	1%
<i>Carya</i> Total		· · · · ·	10	2%
Cedrus	atlantica	Cedar-Atlas	2	< 1%
Cercis	canadensis	Redbud-Eastern	8	1%
Cornus	florida	Dogwood-Flowering	6	1%
	kousa	Dogwood-Kousa	10	2%
<i>Cornus</i> Total			16	2%
Cryptomeria	japonica	Japanese Cryptomeria	3	< 1%
Elaeagnus	angustifolia	Russian Olive	10	2%
Euonymus	sp.	Euonymus	1	< 1%
Fagus	sylvatica	Beech-European	2	< 1%
Forsythia	x intermedia	Forsythia	4	1%
Fraxinus	americana	Ash-White	6	1%
Gleditsia	<i>triacanthos</i> var. inermis	Honeylocust-Thornless Common	2	< 1%
Hibiscus	syriacus	Rose-of-Sharon	1	< 1%
Juglans	nigra	Walnut-Black	5	1%
Juniperus	virginiana	Redcedar-Eastern	14	2%

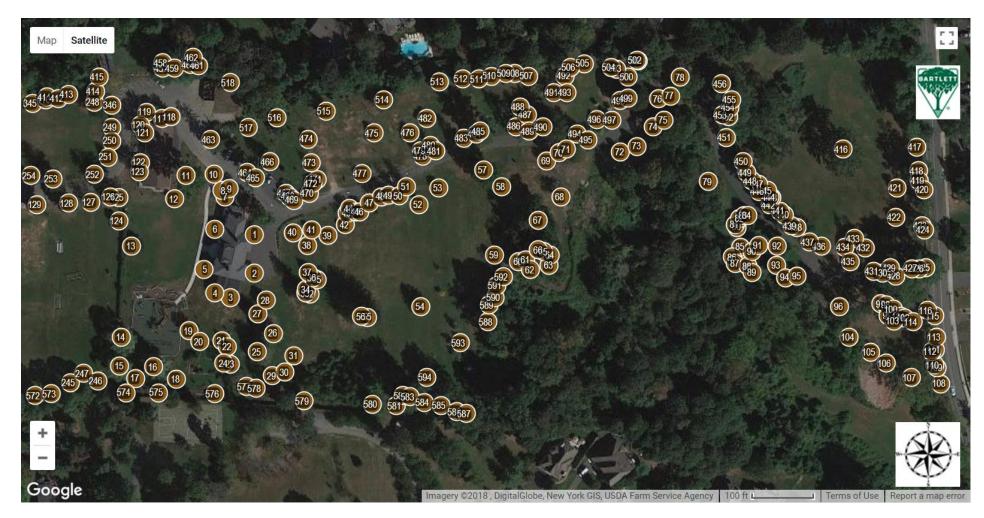
TREE SPECIES IDENTIFIED

Genus	Species	Common Name	Count	% Distribution Total
Lagerstroemia	indica	Crapemyrtle-Common	2	< 1%
Liriodendron	tulipifera	Tuliptree	5	1%
Magnolia	acuminata	Magnolia-Cucumbertree	1	< 1%
	grandiflora	Magnolia-Southern	1	< 1%
	sp.	Magnolia	4	1%
<i>Magnolia</i> Total			6	1%
Malus	sp.	Crabapple	17	3%
Metasequoia	glyptostroboides	Redwood-Dawn	7	1%
Morus	alba	Mulberry-White	4	1%
Picea	abies	Spruce-Norway	106	16%
	glauca	Spruce-White	2	< 1%
	pungens	Spruce-Colorado Blue	13	2%
<i>Picea</i> Total	·		121	18%
Pinus	nigra	Pine-Austrian	2	< 1%
	strobus	Pine-Eastern White	35	5%
Pinus Total			37	6%
Platanus	x acerifolia	Planetree-London	4	1%
Populus	deltoides	Poplar-Eastern	12	2%
Prunus	cerasifera	Plum-Purple Leaf	16	2%
	serotina	Cherry-Black	16	2%
	serrulata	Cherry-Flowering	24	4%
	subhirtella	Cherry-Weeping	6	1%
Prunus Total			62	9%
Pseudotsuga	menziesii	Fir-Douglas	1	< 1%
Pyrus	calleryana	Pear-Callery	16	2%
Quercus	bicolor	Oak-Swamp White	4	1%
	palustris	Oak-Pin	10	2%
	rubra	Oak-Northern Red	23	4%
Quercus Total	•		37	6%
Robinia	pseudoacacia	Locust-Black	4	1%
Salix	sp.	Willow	8	1%
Sassafras	albidum	Sassafras-Common	16	2%
Sophora	japonica	Pagodatree-Japanese	8	1%
Syringa	reticulata	Lilac-Japanese Tree	4	1%
Thuja	occidentalis	Cedar-White	9	1%
Tilia	cordata	Linden-Littleleaf	10	2%
Tsuga	canadensis	Hemlock-Canadian	3	< 1%
Ulmus	americana	Elm-American	27	4%
	carpinifolia	Elm-Smoothleaf	1	< 1%
	rubra	Elm-Slippery	1	< 1%
<i>Ulmus</i> Total			29	4%
Grand Total			655	100%

2018 TREE INVENTORY (WEST)



2018 TREE INVENTORY (EAST)



Tree Groupings

The following table displays inventoried trees that were recorded as groupings. Throughout the management plan, those trees recorded as groupings will be displayed with the number of plantings in parentheses after the common name.

Tree ID	Common Name	Total Plants
163	Plum-Purple Leaf	4
164	Russian Olive	7
173	Russian Olive	3
211	Forsythia	4
215	Serviceberry	2
249	Spruce-Norway	2
263	Spruce-Norway	2
324	Crabapple	3
326	Crabapple	2
340	Spruce-Colorado Blue	3
346	Crabapple	2
349	Boxelder	2
379	Maple-Norway	3
395	Sassafras-Common	2
398	Sassafras-Common	2
404	Sassafras-Common	2
408	Spruce-Colorado Blue	3
439	Magnolia	2
467	Plum-Purple Leaf	2
477	Spruce-Norway	3
496	Cedar-White	3
517	Cedar-White	3
527	Spruce-Norway	3
544	Spruce-Norway	2
547	Pine-Eastern White	3
551	Spruce-Norway	2
553	Spruce-Norway	2
557	Spruce-Colorado Blue	2
561	Spruce-Norway	4
569	Spruce-Norway	3
572	Spruce-Norway	3
573	Hemlock-Canadian	2
574	Dogwood-Kousa	3
593	Birch-Paper	5

TREE GROUPINGS

INVENTORIED TREES RECORDED AS GROUPINGS

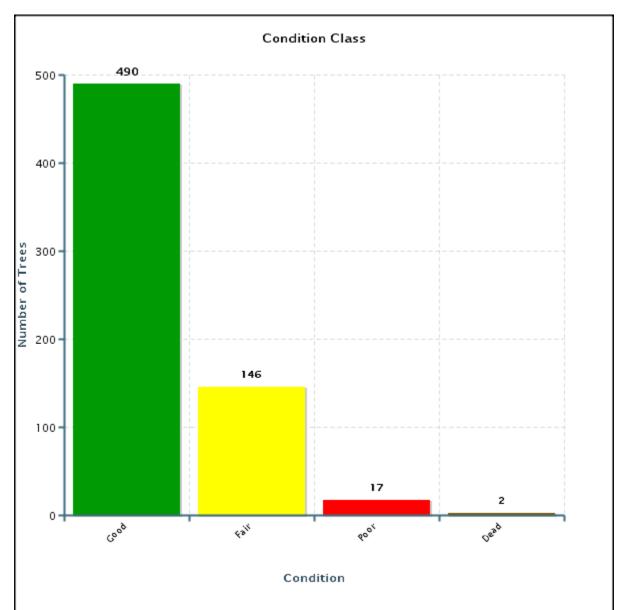


Condition Class

The breakdown of tree condition follows:

Condition Class	Quantity	% of Total
Good	490	75%
Fair	146	22%
Poor	17	3%
Dead	2	< 1%



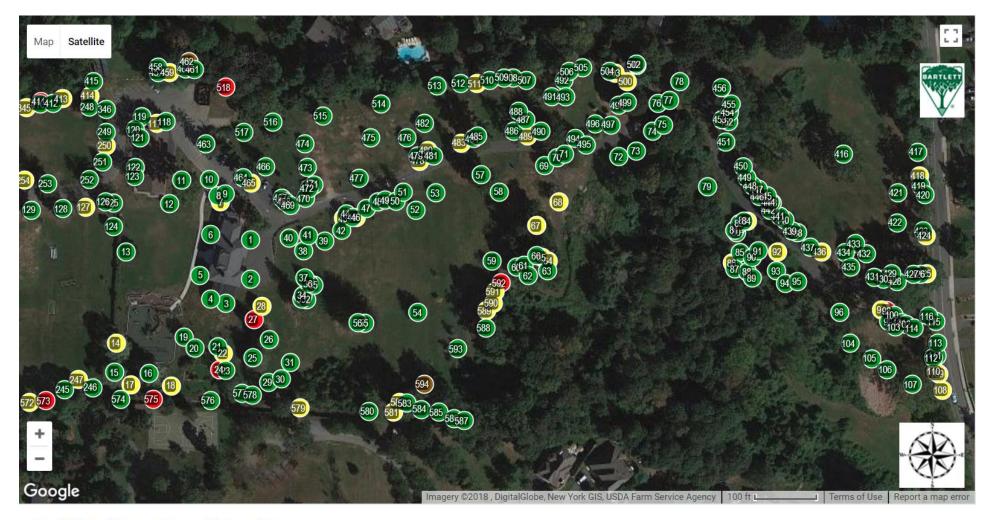


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INVENTORIED TREES BY CONDITION CLASS (WEST)



Condition: 🔵 Good 🥚 Fair 🛑 Poor 🛑 Dead



INVENTORIED TREES BY CONDITION CLASS (EAST)

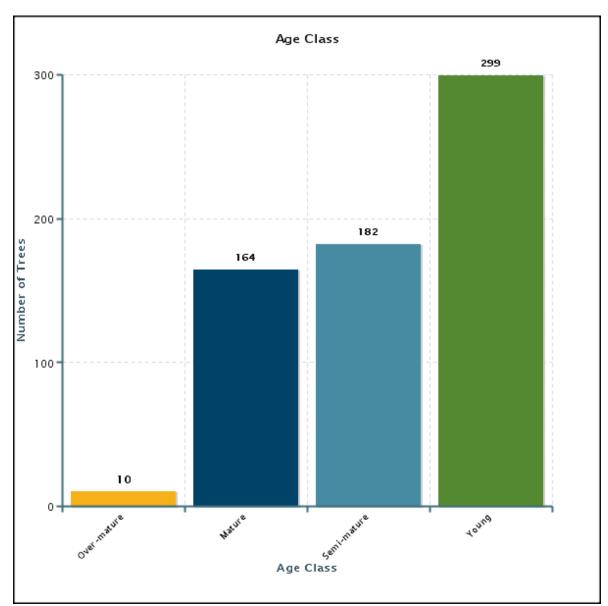
Condition: 🔵 Good 😑 Fair 🛑 Poor 🛑 Dead

Age Class

The breakdown of tree age class follows:

Age Class	Quantity	% of Total	
Over-mature	10	2%	
Mature	164	25%	
Semi-mature	182	28%	
Young	299	46%	





INVENTORIED TREES BY AGE CLASS (WEST)



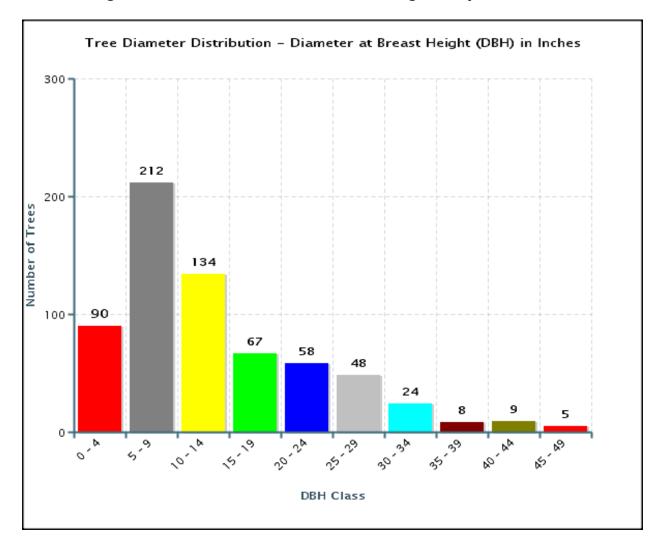
Age: Over-Mature Over-Mature

Map Satellite DARTLET (7677 (74) 72 73 416) 123 477) (11) (58) (12) 1) 27 Gooale nagery ©2018 , DigitalGlobe, New York GIS, USDA Farm Service Agency 100 ft L Terms of Use Report a map error

INVENTORIED TREES BY AGE CLASS (EAST)

Age: 🔴 Young 🔵 Semi-Mature 🔵 Mature 🥚 Over-Mature

Tree Size (DBH)



The following chart illustrates numbers of trees according to size per DBH:

Tree Asset Value

As part of the Bartlett inventory process, we have included a Tree Asset Value for each tree and a cumulative total for all trees inventoried. To calculate the Tree Asset Value, we use a modified version^{*} of the Trunk Formula Method published by the Council of Tree and Landscape Appraisers in The Guide for Plant Appraisal, 9th Edition (CTLA, 2000).

The following data fields are used in this formula:

Data Field	Description		
Size	Based on tree DBH (4.5 feet above grade)		
Species Factor	Relative species desirability based on 100% for the tree in that geographical location. In most cases, species desirability ratings, published by the International Society of Arboriculture, are used for adjustment.		
Condition Factor	Rating of the tree's structure and health based on 100%		
Location Factor	Average rating for the site and the tree's contribution and placement, based on 100%		

Tree Asset Value = Size*Species Factor*Condition Factor*Location Factor

The estimated cumulative total value for all trees inventoried is **\$3,663,576.04**. The following table lists the ten trees with the highest Tree Asset Values:

Tree ID	Common Name	Genus	Species	DBH	Tree Asset Value
285	Oak-Northern Red	Quercus	rubra	43	\$49,920.61
286	Oak-Northern Red	Quercus	rubra	41	\$46,693.67
55	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	41	\$46,693.67
428	Oak-Northern Red	Quercus	rubra	41	\$46,693.67
107	Walnut-Black	Juglans	nigra	43	\$44,928.55
279	Oak-Swamp White	Quercus	bicolor	41	\$42,024.30
186	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	38	\$41,656.27
490	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	38	\$41,656.27
588	Oak-Northern Red	Quercus	rubra	35	\$36,382.50
416	Oak-Swamp White	Quercus	bicolor	37	\$35,932.15

TOP TEN TREES - HIGHEST TREE ASSET VALUE

*This version does not consider cost of purchase and installation of the largest available "like tree."

TOP TEN TREES - HIGHEST TREE ASSET VALUE



RECOMMENDATIONS



RECOMMENDATIONS

In reviewing the results and recommendations, the reader will find useful the specifications and definitions detailed in the preceding methodology. We used the following categories to organize the results and recommendations, which are displayed in tables:

Recommendations

- Soil Care and Fertilization
- Plant Health Care
- Tree Pruning
- Structural Support Systems
- Lightning Protection Systems
- Tree Removal
- Tree Risk Advanced Assessments (Level 3)
- Vine Removal

Soil Care and Fertilization

Healthy soil is critical to the health and longevity of trees. Soil provides trees with the essential nutrients required for their growth. Many secondary problems such as reduced vigor, inadequate growth, branch dieback, and pest or disease concerns are related to the primary stress of poor soil conditions. Undisturbed, native forest soils generally contain adequate levels of organic matter, soil microbes, and nutrients. Urban, suburban, and landscape soils (as opposed to forest soils) usually lack these qualities, and are often compacted. In many cases, trees in a landscaped environment suffer from inadequate soil fertility, soil compaction, root zone competition with turf grasses, and inadequate total soil volume. Soil care recommendations are intended to correct these concerns and improve or maintain overall plant health.

Bartlett Tree Experts recommends several procedures and treatments that address soil quality. Taking soil samples is perhaps the most important. Proper tree care cannot be initiated unless it is known what type of soil environment the trees are growing in. Soil testing results can help to create a path forward for improved tree health. We address some of these below.

Soil Sampling

Collecting soil samples and having them tested helps determine nutrients that may be lacking, unfavorable soil pH values, and adequacy of soil organic matter. Laboratory tests and analyses can determine the need for soil amendments.

Bulk Density

Compacted soils are regrettably common in the urban setting. A bulk density test, which requires an undisturbed core sample, measures the level of soil compaction. Arborists can use the results to diagnose problems or to determine what size holes to dig for planting. If soil density exceeds a measured threshold for a given soil type and tree species, we recommend Bartlett's Root Invigoration[™] program.

Soil Rx®

Bartlett's Soil Rx® program, which is a prescription fertilization program, aims to correct nutrient deficiencies and optimize soil conditions for designated trees.

Root Invigoration[™]

The aim of Bartlett's patented Root Invigoration[™] Program is to improve soil conditions by addressing soil compaction and promoting efficient root growth, especially for high-value trees in disturbed areas. The process includes taking soil samples to determine what nutrients are deficient, performing a root collar excavation, "air-tilling" a portion of the root zone to find fine roots, incorporating organic matter, fertilizing (based on soil sample), and applying mulch. The area of the root system treated can vary by tree. For the Root Invigoration[™] Program to be successful, proper watering techniques must be employed after the process is complete.



Tree #11 recommended for Root Invigoration™

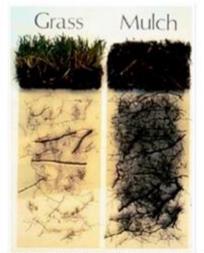
Mulch Application

Proper mulching (top left and bottom left) provides many benefits to trees and shrubs. It moderates soil temperatures, reduces soil moisture loss, reduces soil compaction, provides nutrients, and improves soil structure. This practice results in more root growth and

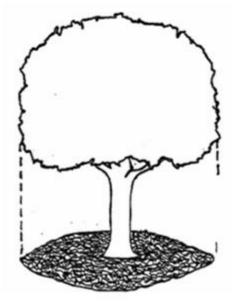
healthier plants. The image on the top right illustrates root growth density under grass versus mulch. Mulch is frequently applied incorrectly (bottom right), so we recommend that readers inspect the technical report on mulch application guidelines that appears in the Appendix.



Example of how mulch should be installed, 2-4 inches thick and not against the trunk.



Example of root density under grass versus mulch.



Example of how mulch should be applied from the trunk to the dripline.



Example of improper mulch application, known as "volcano mulch".

The following inventoried trees are recommended for soil management because of possible nutrient deficiencies, soil compaction, or inadequate soil conditions:

INVENTORIED TREES RECOMMENDED FOR SOIL MANAGEMENT (305 Trees)

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Soils Management Type
5	Cherry-Flowering	4	Soil Rx ®
6	Cherry-Flowering	3	Soil Rx ®
7	Cherry-Flowering	12	Soil Rx ®
8	Japanese Cryptomeria	4	Soil Rx ®
9	Dogwood-Flowering	3	Soil Rx ®
10	Japanese Cryptomeria	4	Soil Rx ®
11	Oak-Northern Red	28	Root Invigoration [™]
21	Japanese Cryptomeria	6	Soil Rx ®
22	Maple-Japanese	5	Soil Rx ®
24	Plum-Purple Leaf	6	Soil Rx ®
29	Maple-Paperbark	5	Soil Rx ®
35	Redwood-Dawn	10	Soil Rx ®
36	Redwood-Dawn	7	Soil Rx ®
37	Redwood-Dawn	8	Soil Rx ®
39	Cherry-Weeping	3	Soil Rx ®
42	Spruce-Norway	4	Soil Rx ®
43	Maple-Japanese	7	Soil Rx ®
44	Maple-Japanese	13	Soil Rx ®
47	Maple-Japanese	5	Soil Rx ®
49	Redcedar-Eastern	21	Soil Rx ®
52	Redwood-Dawn	8	Soil Rx ®
53	Redwood-Dawn	7	Soil Rx ®
58	Redwood-Dawn	6	Soil Rx ®
59	Redwood-Dawn	7	Soil Rx ®
72	Maple-Red	6	Soil Rx ®
73	Linden-Littleleaf	9	Soil Rx ®
76	Dogwood-Kousa	7	Soil Rx ®
77	Redbud-Eastern	5,3,3,3	Soil Rx ®
80	Lilac-Japanese Tree	5	Soil Rx ®
81	Plum-Purple Leaf	11	Soil Rx ®
83	Lilac-Japanese Tree	4,2,2,1	Soil Rx ®
84	Plum-Purple Leaf	8	Soil Rx ®
85	Cherry-Black	6	Soil Rx ®
86	Plum-Purple Leaf	8	Soil Rx ®
87	Cherry-Black	10	Soil Rx ®
88	Rose-of-Sharon	4,3,3,3,3,2	Soil Rx ®
89	Cherry-Flowering	17	Soil Rx ®
90	Cedar-Atlas	5	Soil Rx ®
91	Cedar-Atlas	5	Soil Rx ®
92	Pine-Eastern White	32	Soil Rx ®
95	Fir-Douglas	8	Soil Rx ®
100	Redbud-Eastern	4	Soil Rx ®
101	Redbud-Eastern	6	Soil Rx ®
102	Redbud-Eastern	6	Soil Rx ®
103	Redbud-Eastern	6	Soil Rx ®

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Soils Management Type
105	Planetree-London	7	Soil Rx ®
106	Planetree-London	5	Soil Rx ®
109	Pine-Eastern White	11	Soil Rx ®
110	Spruce-Norway	13	Soil Rx ®
114	Planetree-London	4	Soil Rx ®
115	Elm-Smoothleaf	6	Soil Rx ®
116	Dogwood-Kousa	7	Soil Rx ®
117	Pine-Austrian	15	Soil Rx ®
124	Maple-Red	5	Soil Rx ®
127	Elm-American	13	Soil Rx ®
128	Elm-American	13	Soil Rx ®
129	Elm-American	13	Soil Rx ®
130	Elm-American	13	Soil Rx ®
131	Elm-American	12	Soil Rx ®
132	Elm-American	29	Root Invigoration ™
134	Maple-Red	6	Soil Rx ®
135	Spruce-Norway	5	Soil Rx ®
136	Spruce-Norway	4	Soil Rx ®
137	Spruce-Norway	5	Soil Rx ®
138	Pine-Eastern White	16	Soil Rx ®
139	Pine-Eastern White	17	Soil Rx ®
142	Pine-Eastern White	21,11	Soil Rx ®
146	Spruce-Norway	13	Soil Rx ®
148	Spruce-Norway	22	Soil Rx ®
149	Spruce-Norway	32	Soil Rx ®
154	Spruce-Norway	14	Soil Rx ®
155	Pine-Eastern White	15	Soil Rx ®
156	Spruce-Norway	16	Soil Rx ®
158	Maple-Red	13	Soil Rx ®
165	Redbud-Eastern	5,4,4,3	Soil Rx ®
168	Oak-Northern Red	4	Soil Rx ®
171	Redbud-Eastern	4	Soil Rx ®
174	Honeylocust-Thornless	9	Soil Rx ®
1/4	Common	7	
176	Cherry-Flowering	15	Soil Rx ®
177	Cherry-Flowering	13	Soil Rx ®
180	Cherry-Flowering	13	Soil Rx ®
181	Cherry-Flowering	13	Soil Rx ®
182	Cherry-Flowering	18	Soil Rx ®
183	Cherry-Flowering	20	Soil Rx ®
184	Cherry-Flowering	20	Soil Rx ®
185	Dogwood-Flowering	12	Soil Rx ®
192	Plum-Purple Leaf	3	Soil Rx ®
193	Plum-Purple Leaf	5	Soil Rx ®
194	Plum-Purple Leaf	7	Soil Rx ®
196	Maple-Sugar	3	Soil Rx ®

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Soils Management Type
198	Maple-Sugar	6	Soil Rx ®
199	Spruce-White	8	Soil Rx ®
200	Maple-Sugar	7	Soil Rx ®
201	Maple-Sugar	10	Soil Rx ®
202	Maple-Sugar	4	Soil Rx ®
204	Maple-Sugar	6	Soil Rx ®
205	Beech-European	6	Soil Rx ®
211	Forsythia (4)	5,4,3,3,2,2	Soil Rx ®
219	Beech-European	12	Soil Rx ®
220	Pine-Eastern White	12	Soil Rx ®
223	Pine-Eastern White	16	Soil Rx ®
224	Spruce-Norway	12	Soil Rx ®
227	Spruce-Norway	12	Soil Rx ®
230	Cherry-Weeping	20	Soil Rx ®
244	Maple-Sugar	7	Soil Rx ®
245	Oak-Pin	5	Soil Rx ®
246	Maple-Sugar	5	Soil Rx ®
248	Elm-American	16	Soil Rx ®
249	Spruce-Norway (2)	4	Soil Rx ®
250	Elm-American	4	Soil Rx ®
251	Elm-American	6	Soil Rx ®
252	Elm-American	4	Soil Rx ®
252	Elm-American	3	Soil Rx ®
255	Elm-American	3	Soil Rx ®
256	Plum-Purple Leaf	5	Soil Rx ®
257	Pine-Eastern White	5	Soil Rx ®
258	Pine-Eastern White	6	Soil Rx ®
259	Pine-Eastern White	13	Soil Rx ®
260	Pine-Eastern White	13	Soil Rx ®
261	Pine-Eastern White	15	Soil Rx ®
262	Spruce-Norway	14	Soil Rx ®
263	Spruce-Norway (2)	5	Soil Rx ®
264	Pine-Eastern White	9	Soil Rx ®
265	Pine-Eastern White	7	Soil Rx ®
266	Spruce-Norway	6	Soil Rx ®
267	Pine-Eastern White	15	Soil Rx ®
268	Spruce-Norway	9	Soil Rx ®
270	Spruce-Norway	24	Soil Rx ®
271	Spruce-Norway	17	Soil Rx ®
272	Spruce-Norway	25	Soil Rx ®
274	Spruce-Norway	4	Soil Rx ®
275	Spruce-Norway	24	Soil Rx ®
276	Pine-Eastern White	23	Soil Rx ®
277	Pine-Eastern White	10	Soil Rx ®
278	Pine-Eastern White	26	Soil Rx ®
279	Oak-Swamp White	41	Root Invigoration ™

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Soils Management Type
288	Cherry-Flowering	12	Soil Rx ®
289	Cherry-Flowering	8	Soil Rx ®
291	Cherry-Flowering	14	Soil Rx ®
292	Cherry-Flowering	18	Soil Rx ®
293	Cherry-Flowering	8	Soil Rx ®
294	Cherry-Flowering	8	Soil Rx ®
295	Cherry-Flowering	11	Soil Rx ®
296	Cherry-Flowering	11	Soil Rx ®
297	Cherry-Flowering	17	Soil Rx ®
298	Maple-Norway	13,12	Soil Rx ®
299	Spruce-Norway	14	Soil Rx ®
300	Spruce-Norway	19	Soil Rx ®
301	Maple-Sugar	8	Soil Rx ®
302	Maple-Sugar	8	Soil Rx ®
303	Maple-Sugar	9	Soil Rx ®
307	Maple-Sugar	6	Soil Rx ®
308	Maple-Sugar	7	Soil Rx ®
309	Maple-Sugar	6	Soil Rx ®
310	Maple-Sugar	8	Soil Rx ®
311	Maple-Sugar	5	Soil Rx ®
313	Linden-Littleleaf	6	Soil Rx ®
316	Birch-River	2,2,2,2	Soil Rx ®
320	Pine-Eastern White	13	Soil Rx ®
324	Crabapple (3)	5,4,4,3	Soil Rx ®
325	Crabapple	5	Soil Rx ®
326	Crabapple (2)	10	Soil Rx ®
327	Crabapple	8	Soil Rx ®
330	Spruce-Colorado Blue	6	Soil Rx ®
331	Pine-Eastern White	8	Soil Rx ®
332	Pine-Eastern White	8	Soil Rx ®
333	Crabapple	4	Soil Rx ®
334	Oak-Pin	5	Soil Rx ®
336	Spruce-White	7	Soil Rx ®
338	Spruce-Norway	11	Soil Rx ®
339	Spruce-Norway	4	Soil Rx ®
340	Spruce-Colorado Blue (3)	7	Soil Rx ®
341	Spruce-Norway	4	Soil Rx ®
342	Birch-Gray	3	Soil Rx ®
343	Birch-Gray	3	Soil Rx ®
344	Birch-Gray	3	Soil Rx ®
345	Spruce-Colorado Blue	5	Soil Rx ®
346	Crabapple (2)	3	Soil Rx ®
355	Crabapple	7,6	Soil Rx ®
391	Spruce-Norway	4	Soil Rx ®
407	Spruce-Norway	4	Soil Rx ®
408	Spruce-Colorado Blue (3)	8	Soil Rx ®

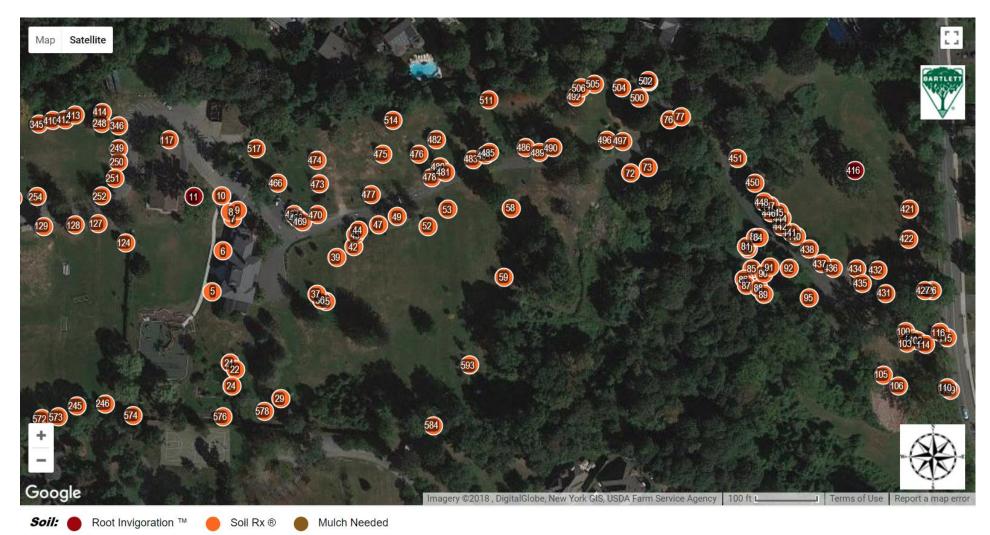
Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Soils Management Type
409	Spruce-Colorado Blue	7	Soil Rx ®
410	Oak-Pin	10	Soil Rx ®
412	Spruce-Colorado Blue	4	Soil Rx ®
413	Elm-American	12	Soil Rx ®
414	Crabapple	4	Soil Rx ®
416	Oak-Swamp White	37	Root Invigoration [™]
421	Elm-American	6	Soil Rx ®
422	Elm-American	5	Soil Rx ®
426	Pine-Eastern White	32	Soil Rx ®
427	Pine-Eastern White	29	Soil Rx ®
431	Cherry-Weeping	5	Soil Rx ®
432	Crabapple	11	Soil Rx ®
434	Spruce-Norway	3	Soil Rx ®
435	Dogwood-Kousa	5	Soil Rx ®
436	Spruce-Norway	25	Soil Rx ®
437	Dogwood-Flowering	8	Soil Rx ®
438	Dogwood-Flowering	7	Soil Rx ®
440	Spruce-Norway	14	Soil Rx ®
441	Spruce-Norway	13	Soil Rx ®
442	Spruce-Norway	14	Soil Rx ®
444	Spruce-Norway	11	Soil Rx ®
445	Spruce-Norway	12	Soil Rx ®
446	Spruce-Norway	1	Soil Rx ®
447	Spruce-Norway	12	Soil Rx ®
448	Spruce-Norway	11	Soil Rx ®
450	Dogwood-Kousa	4,4,3,2,2	Soil Rx ®
451	Spruce-Norway	10	Soil Rx ®
466	Redcedar-Eastern	15	Soil Rx ®
467	Plum-Purple Leaf (2)	4,3,3,3,2	Soil Rx ®
468	Lilac-Japanese Tree	4	Soil Rx ®
469	Dogwood-Kousa	10	Soil Rx ®
470	Maple-Japanese	4	Soil Rx ®
473	Crabapple	13	Soil Rx ®
474	Maple-Sycamore	6	Soil Rx ®
475	Maple-Sycamore	6	Soil Rx ®
476 477	Maple-Sycamore	6 5	Soil Rx ® Soil Rx ®
477	Spruce-Norway (3) Pear-Callery	13	Soil Rx ®
478	Pear-Callery	6	Soil Rx ®
480	Cherry-Black	4,2,2	Soil Rx ®
481	Cherry-Weeping	4,2,2	Soil Rx ®
483	Pine-Austrian	14	Soil Rx ®
484	Pine-Eastern White	27	Soil Rx ®
485	Pine-Eastern White	23	Soil Rx ®
486	Redcedar-Eastern	29	Soil Rx ®
489	Spruce-Norway	12	Soil Rx ®
T07	Spruce-norway	14	

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Soils Management Type
490	Spruce-Norway	38	Soil Rx ®
492	Pear-Callery	12	Soil Rx ®
496	Cedar-White (3)	4	Soil Rx ®
497	Maple-Sugar	5	Soil Rx ®
500	Pear-Callery	12	Soil Rx ®
501	Pine-Eastern White	33	Soil Rx ®
502	Pine-Eastern White	22	Soil Rx ®
504	Spruce-Norway	11	Soil Rx ®
505	Pear-Callery	7	Soil Rx ®
506	Pear-Callery	5	Soil Rx ®
511	Plum-Purple Leaf	15	Soil Rx ®
514	Crabapple	18,15,11	Soil Rx ®
517	Cedar-White (3)	5	Soil Rx ®
522	Spruce-Norway	7	Soil Rx ®
527	Spruce-Norway (3)	4	Soil Rx ®
530	Spruce-Norway	6	Soil Rx ®
544	Spruce-Norway (2)	5	Soil Rx ®
547	Pine-Eastern White (3)	10	Soil Rx ®
551	Spruce-Norway (2)	6	Soil Rx ®
553	Spruce-Norway (2)	7	Soil Rx ®
557	Spruce-Colorado Blue (2)	5	Soil Rx ®
560	Crabapple	8	Soil Rx ®
561	Spruce-Norway (4)	5	Soil Rx ®
563	Spruce-Norway	8	Soil Rx ®
566	Spruce-Norway	6	Soil Rx ®
567	Maple-Red	4	Soil Rx ®
568	Spruce-Norway	9	Soil Rx ®
569	Spruce-Norway (3)	8	Soil Rx ®
572	Spruce-Norway (3)	8	Soil Rx ®
573	Hemlock-Canadian (2)	6	Soil Rx ®
574	Dogwood-Kousa (3)	4	Soil Rx ®
576	Dogwood-Kousa	2,2,2,2,2	Soil Rx ®
578	Maple-Paperbark	4	Soil Rx ®
584	Spruce-Norway	12	Soil Rx ®
593	Birch-Paper (5)	5	Soil Rx ®

INVENTORIED TREES RECOMMENDED FOR SOIL MANAGEMENT (WEST)



Soil: ● Root Invigoration [™] ● Soil Rx ® ● Mulch Needed



INVENTORIED TREES RECOMMENDED FOR SOIL MANAGEMENT (EAST)

Root Collar Excavation

Excavating the root collar is necessary for trees whose buttress roots are covered by excess soil or mulch. Buried root collars can contribute to tree health problems, including girdling roots, basal cankers, and masking root and lower stem decay.

The top image shows a buried root collar and the bottom image shows an exposed root collar.



Example of an exposed root collar.

Girdling Roots

Girdling roots (top left and right) restrict water and nutrient movement throughout the tree. If left untreated they can cause the tree to decline, fail (bottom), and eventually die in severe cases. Girdling roots should be removed as soon as possible, unless removal will significantly impact the condition of the tree. In some cases, the presence of significant or severe girdling roots may cause the tree to be recommended for removal.



Examples of girdling roots.



Example of tree failure from girdling roots.

The following trees are recommended for a root collar excavation:

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Girdling Roots
1	Dogwood-Kousa	10	
2	Plum-Purple Leaf	6,6,5,5,4,4	Girdling material
3	Crapemyrtle-Common	7,6,6,5,5,4	
4	Crapemyrtle-Common	5,4,4,4,3,3	
5	Cherry-Flowering	4	
6	Cherry-Flowering	3	
9	Dogwood-Flowering	3	
12	Maple-Red	5	
17	Hemlock-Canadian	3	
18	Cedar-White	3	
19	Honeylocust-Thornless Common	10	
20	Magnolia	2,2,2,1,1,1	
22	Maple-Japanese	5	
24	Plum-Purple Leaf	6	
29	Maple-Paperbark	5	
30	Cedar-White	3	
31	Cherry-Flowering	3	Girdling material
35	Redwood-Dawn	10	
36	Redwood-Dawn	7	
37	Redwood-Dawn	8	
38	Cherry-Weeping	3	
39	Cherry-Weeping	3	
43	Maple-Japanese	7	
44	Maple-Japanese	13	
45	Maple-Japanese	4	
46	Maple-Japanese	13,12,9	
47	Maple-Japanese	5	
53	Redwood-Dawn	7	
59	Redwood-Dawn	7	
63	Oak-Northern Red	25,22	
69	Cherry-Weeping	6	
72	Maple-Red	6	
73	Linden-Littleleaf	9	
74	Pagodatree-Japanese	12	
76	Dogwood-Kousa	7	
77	Redbud-Eastern	5,3,3,3	
80	Lilac-Japanese Tree	5	
82	Lilac-Japanese Tree	5	
83	Lilac-Japanese Tree	4,2,2,1	
84	Plum-Purple Leaf	8	Girdling material
85	Cherry-Black	6	

INVENTORIED TREES RECOMMENDED FOR A ROOT COLLAR EXCAVATION (178 Trees)

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Girdling Roots
86	Plum-Purple Leaf	8	
87	Cherry-Black	10	
88	Rose-of-Sharon	4,3,3,3,3,2	
89	Cherry-Flowering	17	Girdling material
90	Cedar-Atlas	5	
91	Cedar-Atlas	5	
95	Fir-Douglas	8	
100	Redbud-Eastern	4	
102	Redbud-Eastern	6	
103	Redbud-Eastern	6	
104	Oak-Northern Red	14	
105	Planetree-London	7	
106	Planetree-London	5	
109	Pine-Eastern White	11	
110	Spruce-Norway	13	
114	Planetree-London	4	
115	Elm-Smoothleaf	6	
116	Dogwood-Kousa	7	
117	Pine-Austrian	15	
121	Pear-Callery	10	
131	Elm-American	12	
134	Maple-Red	6	
139	Pine-Eastern White	17	
146	Spruce-Norway	13	
158	Maple-Red	13	Girdling roots present (moderate)
164	Russian Olive (7)	2,2,2,2,2,2	
165	Redbud-Eastern	5,4,4,3	Girdling roots present (moderate)
168	Oak-Northern Red	4	
169	Birch-River	5,5,4	
171	Redbud-Eastern	4	
174	Honeylocust-Thornless Common	9	
176	Cherry-Flowering	15	Girdling roots present
177	Cherry-Flowering	13	Girdling roots present
185	Dogwood-Flowering	12	
191	Spruce-Norway	12	
192	Plum-Purple Leaf	3	
193	Plum-Purple Leaf	5	
196	Maple-Sugar	3	
198	Maple-Sugar	6	
200	Maple-Sugar	7	
201	Maple-Sugar	10	
202	Maple-Sugar	4	
204	Maple-Sugar	6	Girdling material
205	Beech-European	6	
210	Cherry-Black	7	
211	Forsythia (4)	5,4,3,3,2,2	

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Girdling Roots
215	Serviceberry (2)	3,3,2,2,1,1	
219	Beech-European	12	Girdling roots present
220	Pine-Eastern White	12	
227	Spruce-Norway	12	
230	Cherry-Weeping	20	Girdling roots present
244	Maple-Sugar	7	
245	Oak-Pin	5	
246	Maple-Sugar	5	
248	Elm-American	16	Girdling roots present
250	Elm-American	4	
251	Elm-American	6	
252	Elm-American	4	
255	Elm-American	3	
256	Plum-Purple Leaf	5	
257	Pine-Eastern White	5	
258	Pine-Eastern White	6	
279	Oak-Swamp White	41	
280	Hickory-Shagbark	25	
299	Spruce-Norway	14	
301	Maple-Sugar	8	
303	Maple-Sugar	9	
307	Maple-Sugar	6	
309	Maple-Sugar	6	
311	Maple-Sugar	5	
313	Linden-Littleleaf	6	
330	Spruce-Colorado Blue	6	
334	Oak-Pin	5	
335	Magnolia-Cucumbertree	3,3,2,2,2,2	
342	Birch-Gray	3	
343	Birch-Gray	3	
345	Spruce-Colorado Blue	5	Girdling material
347	Maple-Sugar	8	
351	Tuliptree	27	
352	Tuliptree	10,8	
355	Crabapple	7,6	
385	Tuliptree	23	
387	Ash-White	9	
388	Hickory-Shagbark	9	
393	Sassafras-Common	7	
421	Elm-American	6	
422	Elm-American	5	
431	Cherry-Weeping	5	
432	Crabapple	11	
434	Spruce-Norway	3	
435	Dogwood-Kousa	5	
437	Dogwood-Flowering	8	

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Girdling Roots
438	Dogwood-Flowering	7	
450	Dogwood-Kousa	4,4,3,2,2	
451	Spruce-Norway	10	
452	Pagodatree-Japanese	30	Girdling roots suspected
455	Pagodatree-Japanese	36	
460	Maple-Norway	12	
467	Plum-Purple Leaf (2)	4,3,3,3,2	
468	Lilac-Japanese Tree	4	
469	Dogwood-Kousa	10	
470	Maple-Japanese	4	
472	Dogwood-Flowering	6	Girdling roots present
473	Crabapple	13	
475	Maple-Sycamore	6	
476	Maple-Sycamore	6	
492	Pear-Callery	12	
497	Maple-Sugar	5	
516	Willow	5,4,4,4,3,3	
547	Pine-Eastern White (3)	10	
550	Fir-Balsam	7	Girdling material
563	Spruce-Norway	8	
565	Maple-Sugar	7	
567	Maple-Red	4	
569	Spruce-Norway (3)	8	
573	Hemlock-Canadian (2)	6	
574	Dogwood-Kousa (3)	4	
576	Dogwood-Kousa	2,2,2,2,2	
578	Maple-Paperbark	4	



INVENTORIED TREES RECOMMENDED FOR A ROOT COLLAR EXCAVATION

Condition: 🔵 Good 🥚 Fair 🛑 Poor

Plant Health Care

The Inventory Team also recommends Plant Health Care (PHC) programs for trees in the formal landscape. In addition, an Integrated Pest Management (IPM) program monitors for potentially damaging insects, diseases and cultural problems that are often seasonal and may not have been evident during our inventory visit. These pests and diseases include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Anthracnose on a variety of species
- Aphids on a variety of species
- Bacterial Leaf Scorch on trees within red oak group
- Bagworms on a variety of tree species
- Boring Insects on a variety of tree species
- Caterpillar Defoliators on a variety of tree species, especially oak
- Gall Insects on a variety of species
- Lacebugs on a variety of species
- Scab and Rust Fungi on crabapple and apple species.
- Suspected Phytophthora Root Rot and Canker on a variety of tree species, especially beech species
- Scale Insects on a variety of tree species, especially oak
- Spider Mites on a variety of tree species



Tree #194 with Lecanium Scale present.

We identified pests or diseases on the following inventoried trees at the time of the inventory:

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Pest(s) or Disease(s)
110	Spruce-Norway	13	• Needlecast
127	Elm-American	13	Bark beetlesBorers
128	Elm-American	13	Bark beetles
130	Elm-American	13	• Bark beetles
131	Elm-American	12	• Bark beetles
139	Pine-Eastern White	17	• Borers
192	Plum-Purple Leaf	3	• Black knot
193	Plum-Purple Leaf	5	• Black knot
194	Plum-Purple Leaf	7	Black knotScale
331	Pine-Eastern White	8	• Adelgid
332	Pine-Eastern White	8	• Adelgid
432	Crabapple	11	Sapsucker
541	Maple-Norway	8,7	BorersPhytophthora (suspected)
557	Spruce-Colorado Blue (2)	5	• Needlecast
573	Hemlock-Canadian (2)	6	• Mites
575*	Ash-White	23	• Borers

INVENTORIED TREES IDENTIFIED WITH PESTS OR DISEASES (18 Trees)

* Trees that are recommended for removal in the Tree Removal Section

INVENTORIED TREES IDENTIFIED WITH PESTS OR DISEASES



Tree Pruning

A commonly offered service among tree companies, pruning trees is one of the most poorly executed practices by tree workers who lack training in the basics of tree biology. "Lion's tailing," topping, and flush cuts are a few examples, and these can lead to hazardous conditions over time.

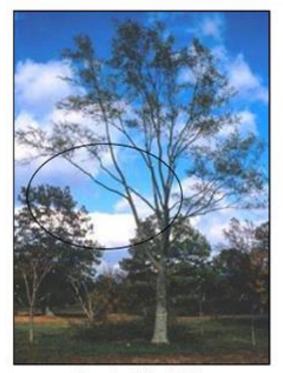
Because this practice is so misunderstood, and because specific standards exist to perform pruning correctly, the Inventory Team decided to include some explanation in the main body of this management plan.

Tree owners and tree-care practitioners should always keep in mind that any pruning cut is a wound. Informed tree-care professionals have learned to manage that wounding to preserve the health, safety, and integrity of the tree.

Improper Pruning Practices

A few of the most common pruning abuses are

- Lion's Tailing pruning that removes interior branches along the stem and scaffold branches. This encourages poor branch taper, poor wind load distribution, and risk of branch failure. It also deprives the tree of foliage it needs to produce **photosynthates**. See next page, top left
- Topping pruning cuts that reduce a tree's size by using heading cuts that shorten branches to a predetermined size. Topping substantially reduces the functional benefits a tree is capable of providing and predisposes trees to structural defects that can contribute to failures in the future. It also reduces the value of the trees substantially and deprives the tree of adequate foliage. See next page, top right.
- Flush Cuts pruning cut through the **branch collar**, flush against the trunk or parent stem, causing unnecessary injury. See next page, bottom.
- Using Climbing Spikes Inappropriately Using climbing spikes on a healthy tree, for example, wounds healthy stem tissues and can lead to infection by fungal pathogens.



Example of Lion's tailing.



Examples of topping.



Examples of flush cuts.

Correct Pruning Practices

We have included below some key pruning categories and diagrams to illuminate the goal of each.

Cleaning

Selective pruning to remove one or more of the following parts: dead, diseased, and/or broken branches.

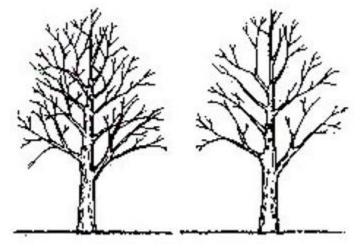


Illustration of crown cleaning.

Raising

Selectively pruning to provide vertical clearance.

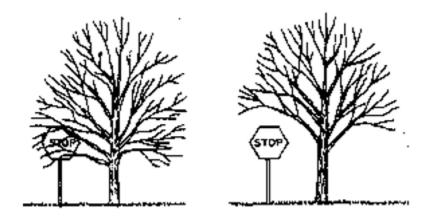


Illustration of crown raising.

Thinning

Selective pruning to reduce density of live branches.

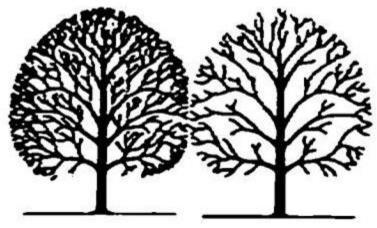


Illustration of thinning.

Reducing (Reduction Pruning)

Selective pruning to reduce height or spread.



Illustration of reduction pruning.

Structural

Selective pruning of live branches and stems to influence orientation, spacing, growth rate, strength of attachment, and ultimate size of branches and stems.

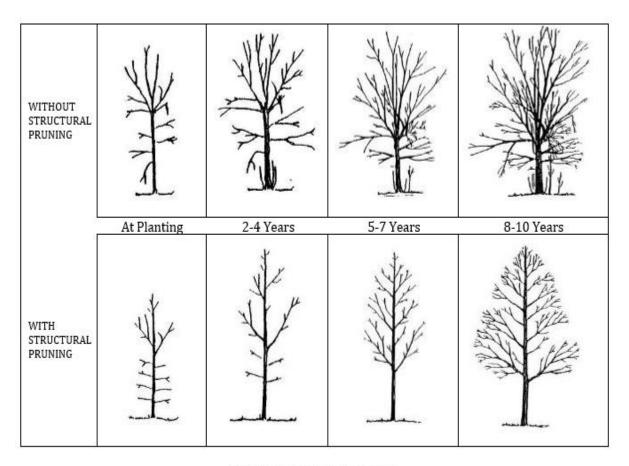


Illustration of structural pruning.

Vista Pruning

Vista pruning is a combination of thinning and reduction pruning to enhance the view from a vantage point to an area of interest while minimizing negative impacts on tree structure and health.

We recommended pruning on the following trees:

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Overall Risk Rating	Tree Care Priority	Pruning Recommended
60	Oak-Swamp White	15	Moderate	1	• Clean
197	Maple-Sugar	40	Moderate	1	 Clean Reduce: Branch weight, Overhead lines
63	Oak-Northern Red	25,22	Low	1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
79	Linden-Littleleaf	28	Low	1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
304	Maple-Sugar	25	Low	1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
305	Maple-Sugar	36	Low	1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
306	Maple-Sugar	27	Low	1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
366	Maple-Norway	26	Low	1	• Clean
385	Tuliptree	23	Low	1	• Clean
428	Oak-Northern Red	41	Low	1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
459	Locust-Black	17	Low	1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
464	Pine-Eastern White	31	Low	1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
463	Spruce-Norway	26	Low	2	CleanReduce: Lighting
11	Oak-Northern Red	28		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
14	Willow	24		1	CleanReduce: Branch weightStructural
15	Willow	22		1	CleanReduce: Branch weightStructural
16	Willow	28		1	CleanReduce: Branch weightStructural
33	Redcedar- Eastern	17,13		1	CleanReduce: Branch weightStructural

INVENTORIED TREES RECOMMENDED FOR PRUNING (394 Trees)

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Overall Risk Rating	Tree Care Priority	Pruning Recommended
48	Redcedar- Eastern	20		1	• Clean
49	Redcedar- Eastern	21		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
50	Redcedar- Eastern	23		1	• Clean
51	Redcedar- Eastern	16		1	• Clean
55	Spruce-Norway	41		1	• Clean
56	Spruce-Norway	30		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
57	Oak-Pin	28		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
62	Oak-Northern Red	26		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
67	Hickory- Shagbark	43		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
68	Cherry-Black	13,8		1	• Clean
70	Linden-Littleleaf	17,16 ,16		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
71	Linden-Littleleaf	22		1	CleanRaise: StreetReduce: Branch weight
74	Pagodatree- Japanese	12		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
78	Birch-River	16,12 ,12,9		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
84	Plum-Purple Leaf	8		1	CleanStructural
92	Pine-Eastern White	32		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
93	Spruce-Norway	18		1	• Clean
97	Pagodatree- Japanese	16		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
117	Pine-Austrian	15		1	CleanRaise: Building
125	Spruce-Norway	28		1	• Clean
126	Spruce-Norway	18		1	• Clean
132	Elm-American	29		1	• Clean
133	Hickory- Shagbark	25		1	• Clean
141	Pine-Eastern White	19		1	CleanRaise: LightingReduce: Branch weight, Lighting

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Overall Risk Rating	Tree Care Priority	Pruning Recommended
143	Spruce-Norway	18		1	CleanRaise: Street
145	Spruce-Norway	30		1	• Clean
148	Spruce-Norway	22		1	• Clean
149	Spruce-Norway	32		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
151	Cherry-Black	18,13		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
152	Oak-Northern Red	32		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
153	Cherry-Black	14		1	• Clean
155	Pine-Eastern White	15		1	• Clean
186	Spruce-Norway	38		1	CleanRaise: Street
187	Maple-Sugar	23		1	CleanRaise: ParkingReduce: Branch weight
203	Maple-Sugar	17		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
207	Planetree- London	27		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
241	Maple-Sugar	26		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
242	Elm-American	34		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
248	Elm-American	16		1	• Clean
253	Spruce-Norway	29		1	CleanRaise: Street
270	Spruce-Norway	24		1	CleanRaise: Street
278	Pine-Eastern White	26		1	CleanRaise: StreetReduce: Branch weight
279	Oak-Swamp White	41		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
280	Hickory- Shagbark	25		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
298	Maple-Norway	13,12		1	CleanRaise: Parking
299	Spruce-Norway	14		1	• Clean
300	Spruce-Norway	19		1	• Clean
323	Maple-Red	14		1	• Clean

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Overall Risk Rating	Tree Care Priority	Pruning Recommended
353	Maple-Norway	17		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
354	Elm-American	30		1	CleanRaise: PathReduce: Branch weight
355	Crabapple	7,6		1	CleanStructural
359	Oak-Northern Red	24		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
361	Oak-Northern Red	27		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
371	Maple-Norway	9		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
372	Maple-Norway	20		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
374	Oak-Pin	34		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
378	Hickory-Pignut	23		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
380	Poplar-Eastern	33		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
381	Poplar-Eastern	22		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
382	Poplar-Eastern	33		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
383	Elm-American	15		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
384	Poplar-Eastern	25		1	• Clean
392	Maple-Norway	18		1	CleanReduce: Branch weightStructural
393	Sassafras- Common	7		1	• Clean
394	Horsechestnut- Common	13		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
396	Sassafras- Common	8		1	• Clean
400	Sassafras- Common	6		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
402	Sassafras- Common	9		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
403	Sassafras- Common	8,7		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
413	Elm-American	12		1	• Clean

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Overall Risk Rating	Tree Care Priority	Pruning Recommended
426	Pine-Eastern White	32		1	CleanReduce: Overhead lines
430	Oak-Northern Red	32		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
436	Spruce-Norway	25		1	• Clean
453	Pagodatree- Japanese	23		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
454	Pagodatree- Japanese	29		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
455	Pagodatree- Japanese	36		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
457	Oak-Northern Red	23		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
458	Oak-Northern Red	25		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
460	Maple-Norway	12		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
461	Maple-Norway	12		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
478	Pear-Callery	13		1	CleanStructural
483	Pine-Austrian	13		1	• Clean
484	Pine-Eastern White	27		1	CleanRaise: Path
485	Pine-Eastern White	23		1	CleanRaise: Path
490	Spruce-Norway	38		1	• Clean
499	Linden-Littleleaf	23		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
507	Maple-Red	13		1	 Reduce: Overhead lines Structural
508	Maple-Red	12		1	 Reduce: Overhead lines Structural
509	Maple-Red	13		1	 Reduce: Overhead lines Structural
510	Maple-Red	14		1	 Reduce: Overhead lines Structural
511	Plum-Purple Leaf	15		1	CleanReduce: Overhead linesStructural
512	Maple-Sugar	16		1	 Reduce: Overhead lines Structural
513	Maple-Red	18		1	 Reduce: Overhead lines Structural

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Overall Risk Rating	Tree Care Priority	Pruning Recommended
514	Crabapple	18,15 ,11		1	Reduce: Overhead linesStructural
519	Tuliptree	38		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
521	Maple-Norway	23		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
528	Maple-Norway	29		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
531	Maple-Norway	25		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
555	Maple-Norway	26		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
564	Spruce-Norway	13		1	Clean Raise: Path
570	Maple-Norway	27		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
571 577	Maple-Norway Pagodatree- Japanese	27 23		1	CleanCleanReduce: Branch weight
580	Maple-Red	25		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
581	Maple-Norway	17		1	• Clean
582	Maple-Silver	48		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
585	Maple-Silver	48		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
586	Maple-Silver	45		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
587	Maple-Norway	21		1	• Clean
588	Oak-Northern Red	35		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
590	Maple-Red	22		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
591	Pine-Eastern White	40		1	CleanReduce: Branch weight
592	Redcedar- Eastern	24,14		1	• Clean
1	Dogwood-Kousa	10		2	 Reduce: Building Structural
2	Plum-Purple Leaf	6,6,5, 5,4,4		2	Reduce: BuildingStructural
3	Crapemyrtle- Common	7,6,6, 5,5,4		2	Reduce: BuildingStructural

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Overall Risk Rating	Tree Care Priority	Pruning Recommended
4	Crapemyrtle- Common	5,4,4, 4,3,3		2	 Reduce: Building Structural
7	Cherry- Flowering	12		2	CleanStructural
13	Magnolia	20		2	 Reduce: Branch weight Structural
32	Redcedar- Eastern	18,14		2	CleanStructural
34	Redcedar- Eastern	14,6		2	CleanStructural
46	Maple-Japanese	13,12 ,9		2	CleanReduce: Branch weight
64	Oak-Northern Red	16		2	CleanReduce: Branch weight
65	Oak-Northern Red	24		2	• Clean
66	Oak-Northern Red	28		2	CleanReduce: Branch weight
75	Linden-Littleleaf	23		2	• Clean
86	Plum-Purple Leaf	8		2	 Reduce: Branch weight Structural
94	Spruce-Norway	25,10		2	• Clean
96	Oak-Northern Red	26		2	• Clean
109	Pine-Eastern White	11		2	• Clean
110	Spruce-Norway	13		2	• Clean
111	Elm-American	13		2	• Clean
112	Walnut-Black	13		2	• Clean
113	Walnut-Black	14		2	• Clean
118	Pear-Callery	9		2	CleanStructural
119	Pear-Callery	10		2	• Structural
120	Pear-Callery	10		2	• Structural
121	Pear-Callery	10		2	CleanStructural
122	Pear-Callery	9		2	CleanStructural
123	Pear-Callery	9		2	• Structural
127	Elm-American	13		2	CleanRaise: Lighting
142	Pine-Eastern White	21,11		2	CleanReduce: Branch weight
146	Spruce-Norway	13		2	Clean
140	spruce-norway	13		2	• Clean

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Overall Risk Rating	Tree Care Priority	Pruning Recommended
147	Spruce-Norway	19		2	CleanReduce: Branch weight
156	Spruce-Norway	16		2	• Clean
157	Cherry-Black	14		2	CleanReduce: Branch weight
159	Elm-American	6,5		2	 Raise: Street Structural
160	Elm-American	25		2	CleanReduce: Branch weight
176	Cherry- Flowering	15		2	CleanRaise: StreetStructural
177	Cherry- Flowering	13		2	CleanStructural
178	Cherry- Flowering	17		2	CleanRaise: StreetStructural
179	Cherry- Flowering	12		2	CleanRaise: StreetStructural
180	Cherry- Flowering	13		2	CleanRaise: StreetStructural
182	Cherry- Flowering	18		2	CleanRaise: StreetStructural
183	Cherry- Flowering	20		2	CleanRaise: StreetStructural
184	Cherry- Flowering	20		2	CleanRaise: StreetStructural
189	Maple-Norway	37		2	CleanReduce: Branch weight
213	Maple-Norway	13		2	• Clean
219	Beech-European	12		2	 Reduce: Path Structural
220	Pine-Eastern White	12		2	 Reduce: Path Structural
221	Spruce-Norway	11		2	Reduce: PathStructural
231	Poplar-Eastern	30		2	CleanReduce: Branch weight

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Overall Risk Rating	Tree Care Priority	Pruning Recommended
232	Poplar-Eastern	10		2	CleanReduce: Branch weight
233	Cherry-Black	31		2	CleanReduce: Branch weight
240	Ash-White	30		2	CleanReduce: Branch weight
259	Pine-Eastern White	13		2	CleanRaise: Street
260	Pine-Eastern White	13		2	CleanRaise: Street
261	Pine-Eastern White	15		2	CleanRaise: Street
262	Spruce-Norway	14		2	• Clean
267	Pine-Eastern White	15		2	CleanRaise: Street
272	Spruce-Norway	25		2	• Clean
273	Spruce-Norway	30		2	• Clean
275	Spruce-Norway	24		2	CleanRaise: Street
276	Pine-Eastern White	23		2	CleanRaise: StreetReduce: Branch weight
281	Cherry-Black	24		2	• Clean
283	Maple-Norway	32		2	CleanReduce: Building
284	Hickory- Shagbark	32		2	• Clean
286	Oak-Northern Red	41		2	CleanReduce: Branch weight
290	Cherry- Flowering	13		2	CleanRaise: StreetStructural
291	Cherry- Flowering	14		2	CleanRaise: StreetStructural
292	Cherry- Flowering	18		2	CleanRaise: StreetStructural
294	Cherry- Flowering	8		2	 Raise: Street Structural
295	Cherry- Flowering	11		2	CleanRaise: StreetStructural

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Overall Risk Rating	Tree Care Priority	Pruning Recommended
297	Cherry- Flowering	17		2	CleanRaise: StreetStructural
317	Willow	26		2	CleanReduce: Branch weight
348	Maple-Norway	17		2	• Clean
350	Linden-Littleleaf	10		2	CleanRaise: PathStructural
351	Tuliptree	27		2	• Clean
356	Maple-Norway	9,7		2	CleanReduce: Branch weight
357	Ash-White	23		2	• Clean
360	Maple-Norway	12		2	CleanReduce: Branch weight, Path
362	Maple-Norway	12		2	• Clean
364	Maple-Norway	23		2	• Clean
368	Maple-Norway	27		2	• Clean
375	Maple-Silver	10		2	• Clean
377	Maple-Norway	5		2	• Clean
399	Sassafras- Common	11		2	CleanReduce: Branch weight
401	Sassafras- Common	8		2	CleanReduce: Branch weight
405	Sassafras- Common	9		2	CleanReduce: Branch weight
415	Elm-American	18		2	• Clean
416	Oak-Swamp White	37		2	CleanReduce: Branch weight
418	Locust-Black	14		2	CleanReduce: Overhead lines
419	Locust-Black	14		2	CleanReduce: Overhead lines
420	Locust-Black	10		2	CleanReduce: Overhead lines
423	Walnut-Black	20		2	CleanReduce: Overhead lines
424	Oak-Swamp White	14		2	CleanReduce: Overhead lines
429	Oak-Northern Red	21		2	CleanReduce: Branch weight
449	Oak-Pin	23		2	• Clean
452	Pagodatree- Japanese	30		2	CleanReduce: Branch weight

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Overall Risk Rating	Tree Care Priority	Pruning Recommended
456	Spruce-Norway	30		2	• Clean
486	Redcedar- Eastern	29		2	• Clean
501	Pine-Eastern White	33		2	CleanReduce: Branch weight
502	Pine-Eastern White	22		2	• Clean
515	Maple-Sugar	15		2	Reduce: Overhead linesStructural
524	Maple-Norway	23		2	• Clean
535	Maple-Norway	22		2	CleanReduce: Branch weight
537	Oak-Northern Red	15		2	CleanReduce: Branch weight
543	Maple-Norway	22		2	• Clean
545	Horsechestnut- Common	28		2	CleanReduce: Branch weight
549	Maple-Red	21		2	CleanRaise: Path
554	Maple-Norway	18		2	CleanReduce: Branch weight
559	Walnut-Black	27		2	• Clean
584	Spruce-Norway	12		2	CleanRaise: Path
5	Cherry- Flowering	4		3	• Structural
6	Cherry- Flowering	3		3	• Structural
8	Japanese Cryptomeria	4		3	• Structural
9	Dogwood- Flowering	3		3	• Structural
12	Maple-Red	5		3	• Structural
19	Honeylocust- Thornless Common	10		3	CleanStructural
20	Magnolia	2,2,2, 1,1,1		3	• Structural
25	Redcedar- Eastern	26,16 ,13,1 0,8,8		3	CleanStructural
26	Redcedar- Eastern	32,13 ,11		3	CleanReduce: Branch weightStructural
42	Spruce-Norway	4		3	• Clean

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Overall Risk Rating	Tree Care Priority	Pruning Recommended
43	Maple-Japanese	7		3	• Clean
44	Maple-Japanese	13		3	• Clean
52	Redwood-Dawn	8		3	• Structural
61	Hickory- Shagbark	24		3	• Clean
69	Cherry-Weeping	6		3	CleanRaise: PathStructural
73	Linden-Littleleaf	9		3	• Structural
81	Plum-Purple Leaf	11		3	Structural
82	Lilac-Japanese Tree	5		3	• Structural
83	Lilac-Japanese Tree	4,2,2, 1		3	• Structural
87	Cherry-Black	10		3	• Structural
89	Cherry- Flowering	17		3	• Structural
99	Redbud-Eastern	7		3	• Structural
100	Redbud-Eastern	4		3	CleanStructural
101	Redbud-Eastern	6		3	CleanStructural
102	Redbud-Eastern	6		3	• Structural
103	Redbud-Eastern	6		3	• Structural
104	Oak-Northern Red	14		3	CleanReduce: Branch weight
107	Walnut-Black	43		3	CleanReduce: Branch weight
115	Elm-Smoothleaf	6		3	Structural
129	Elm-American	13		3	 Raise: Street Reduce: Branch weight Structural
130	Elm-American	13		3	 Raise: Street Structural
138	Pine-Eastern White	16		3	• Clean
139	Pine-Eastern White	17		3	CleanReduce: Branch weight
150	Oak-Pin	20		3	CleanReduce: Branch weight
154	Spruce-Norway	14		3	CleanStructural

Tree	Common Nomo	ווחח	Overall	Tree Care	Druging Decommended
ID	Common Name	DBH	Risk Rating	Priority	Pruning Recommended
161	Willow	47		3	CleanReduce: Branch weightStructural
162	Elm-Slippery	27		3	• Clean
163	Plum-Purple Leaf (4)	2,2,2, 2		3	• Structural
164	Russian Olive (7)	2,2,2, 2,2,2		3	• Structural
165	Redbud-Eastern	5,4,4, 3		3	• Structural
168	Oak-Northern Red	4		3	CleanStructural
169	Birch-River	5,5,4		3	• Structural
172	Euonymus	5,5,4, 4,3,3		3	Reduce: Street, PoolStructural
173	Russian Olive (3)	7,7,6, 6,5,5		3	CleanReduce: LightingStructural
175	Crabapple	12		3	• Structural
181	Cherry- Flowering	13		3	 Raise: Street Structural
185	Dogwood- Flowering	12		3	• Structural
188	Spruce-Norway	32		3	• Clean
190	Pine-Eastern White	24		3	• Clean
206	Birch-River	14,12 ,10,1 0		3	CleanReduce: Branch weight
210	Cherry-Black	7		3	• Structural
211	Forsythia (4)	5,4,3, 3,2,2		3	• Structural
212	Birch-River	13,13 ,8		3	CleanReduce: Branch weight
222	Birch-River	26,18 ,10		3	CleanReduce: Branch weight
224	Spruce-Norway	12		3	 Reduce: Path Structural
226	Spruce-Norway	13		3	CleanReduce: PathStructural
227	Spruce-Norway	12		3	CleanReduce: Path

Tree	Common Nomo	DDU	Overall	Tree Care	Druce in a Decommende d
ID	Common Name	DBH	Risk Rating	Priority	Pruning Recommended
					• Clean
228	Spruce-Norway	14		3	Reduce: Path
	-			-	• Structural
234	Poplar-Eastern	8		3	• Clean
235	Poplar-Eastern	11		3	• Clean
239	Elm-American	16		3	• Clean
269	Hickory- Shagbark	26		3	• Clean
277	Pine-Eastern White	10		3	• Clean
282	Oak-Northern Red	14		3	CleanReduce: Branch weight
285	Oak-Northern Red	43		3	• Clean
288	Cherry- Flowering	12		3	• Clean
296	Cherry- Flowering	11		3	CleanStructural
302	Maple-Sugar	8		3	• Structural
303	Maple-Sugar	9		3	• Structural
308	Maple-Sugar	7		3	• Structural
310	Maple-Sugar	8		3	• Structural
311	Maple-Sugar	5		3	• Structural
312	Maple-Sugar	13		3	• Structural
313	Linden-Littleleaf	6		3	• Structural
314	Linden-Littleleaf	12		3	• Structural
315	Maple-Sugar	14		3	• Structural
324	(rahapple (2)	5,4,4,		3	• Clean
524	Crabapple (3)	3	•••	3	• Structural
325	Crabapple	5		3	• Clean
525	Clabappie	5		5	• Structural
326	Crabapple (2)	10		3	CleanStructural
327	Crabapple	8		3	CleanStructural
333	Crabapple	4		3	• Structural
336	Spruce-White	7		3	CleanStructural
345	Spruce-Colorado Blue	5		3	 Clean Reduce: Path Structural
346	Crabapple (2)	3		3	• Structural

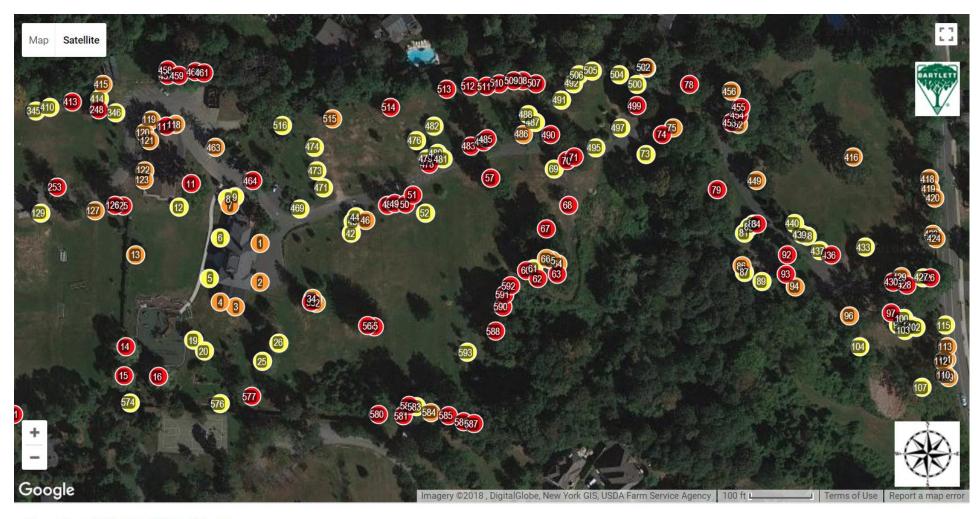
Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Overall Risk Rating	Tree Care Priority	Pruning Recommended
365	Maple-Norway	6		3	CleanRaise: PathStructural
397	Sassafras- Common	12		3	CleanReduce: Branch weight
406	Sassafras- Common	11		3	CleanReduce: Branch weight
410	Oak-Pin	10		3	CleanReduce: Branch weightStructural
414	Crabapple	4		3	• Structural
427	Pine-Eastern White	29		3	• Clean
433	Birch-Paper	7,7,4		3	 Reduce: Branch weight Structural
437	Dogwood- Flowering	8		3	• Structural
438	Dogwood- Flowering	7		3	• Structural
439	Magnolia (2)	4,4,4, 3,3,3		3	CleanStructural
440	Spruce-Norway	14		3	• Clean
469	Dogwood-Kousa	10		3	• Structural
471	Dogwood- Flowering	8		3	• Structural
473	Crabapple	13		3	CleanStructural
474	Maple-Sycamore	6		3	• Structural
476	Maple-Sycamore	6		3	• Structural
479	Pear-Callery	10		3	• Structural
480	Pear-Callery	6		3	 Reduce: Branch weight Structural
481	Cherry-Black	4,2,2		3	• Structural
482	Cherry-Weeping	14		3	• Structural
487	Pear-Callery	7		3	• Structural
488	Pear-Callery	7		3	• Structural
491	Pear-Callery	12		3	• Structural
492	Pear-Callery	12		3	• Structural
495	Magnolia- Southern	9		3	CleanStructural
497	Maple-Sugar	5		3	• Structural
500	Pear-Callery	12		3	CleanReduce: Branch weight
504	Spruce-Norway	11		3	• Clean

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Overall Risk Rating	Tree Care Priority	Pruning Recommended	
505	Pear-Callery	7		3	• Structural	
506	Pear-Callery	5		3	• Structural	
516	Willow	5,4,4, 4,3,3		3	CleanStructural	
523	Maple-Norway	22		3	CleanReduce: Branch weight	
525	Elm-American	24		3	• Clean	
526	Oak-Northern Red	16,12 ,10		3	CleanReduce: Branch weight	
538	Maple-Norway	18		3	CleanReduce: Branch weight	
539	Maple-Sugar	22		3	CleanReduce: Branch weight	
540	Elm-American	8		3	• Clean	
542	Cherry-Black	6,3		3	• Structural	
546	Spruce-Norway	8		3	• Structural	
560	Crabapple	8		3	CleanStructural	
574	Dogwood-Kousa (3)	4		3	• Structural	
576	Dogwood-Kousa	2,2,2, 2,2		3	• Structural	
583	Maple-Sugar	23		3	• Clean	
593	Birch-Paper (5)	5	•••	3	• Structural	

INVENTORIED TREES RECOMMENDED FOR PRUNING (WEST)



Tree Care Priority: 01 02 3



INVENTORIED TREES RECOMMENDED FOR PRUNING (EAST)

Tree Care Priority: 01 02 3

Structural Support Systems

Structural support systems can reduce risk of tree or tree part(s) failure by limiting movement of stems or branches in certain situations. Examples include co-dominant stems or overextended branches with heavy foliage loads.

Cabling

Cabling is the process of connecting two or more upright stems or leaders to one another to add stability and reduce the likelihood of failure. In some instances, a lateral branch may be secured to the central leader using a cabling system to support the weight of the branch.

Bracing

Bracing is the process of securing the union of two codominant leaders or stems using high strength steel rods to alleviate stresses at the union and reduce the likelihood of failure. Bracing may also be used to reinforce trees that have a partial failure and are likely to benefit from bracing.

Guying

Guying is the process of anchoring a tree's stem to the ground or another immovable object to reduce the likelihood of root failure. Guying can be temporary or permanent and is most often used for establishing a tree in the landscape.

Propping

Propping is the process of using rigid structures that are built on or into the ground to help support the trunk or branch(s) that are oriented near the ground in a horizontal position to reduce the likelihood of failure from the weight or defect of the tree part being supported.



Tree #63 recommended for cable instillation due to co-dominant stems.

The following table lists all inventoried trees with structural support system recommendations:

INVENTORIED TREES WITH STRUCTURAL SUPPORT SYSTEM RECOMMENDATIONS (28 Trees)

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Tree Care Priority	Cable	Guy
33	Redcedar-Eastern	17,13	1	New 1	
51	Redcedar-Eastern	16	1	New 1	
55	Spruce-Norway	41	1	New 1	
63	Oak-Northern Red	25,22	1	New 1	
70	Linden-Littleleaf	17,16,16	1	New 3	
78	Birch-River	16,12,12,9	1	New 3	
117	Pine-Austrian	15	1	New 1	
141	Pine-Eastern White	19	1	New 1	
197	Maple-Sugar	40	1	New 1	
305	Maple-Sugar	36	1	New 1	

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Tree Care Priority	Cable	Guy
306	Maple-Sugar	27	1	New 1	
378	Hickory-Pignut	23	1	New 3	
428	Oak-Northern Red	41	1	New 1	
464	Pine-Eastern White	31	1	New 1	
189	Maple-Norway	37	2	New 1	
221	Spruce-Norway	11	2	New 1	
233	Cherry-Black	31	2	New 1	
240	Ash-White	30	2	New 1	
283	Maple-Norway	32	2	New 1	
17	Hemlock-Canadian	3	3		New 2
18	Cedar-White	3	3		New 2
169	Birch-River	5,5,4	3	New 3	
193	Plum-Purple Leaf	5	3		New 2
206	Birch-River	14,12,10,10	3	New 4	
212	Birch-River	13,13,8	3	New 3	
222	Birch-River	26,18,10	3	New 3	
269	Hickory-Shagbark	26	3	New 1	
433	Birch-Paper	7,7,4	3	New 3	

INVENTORIED TREES WITH STRUCTURAL SUPPORT SYSTEM RECOMMENDATIONS



Tree Removal

In some cases, the inspector may determine need for removal while assessing the tree. Trees may be recommended for removal during the inventory for several reasons:

- The tree is dead;
- The tree is in poor condition and thought to be beyond rehabilitation;
- The tree is over-mature and will continue to decline in condition;
- The tree has significant structural weaknesses that cannot be addressed;
- The tree is already or will interfere with infrastructure (overhead lines for example);
- The location value for the tree is poor or unacceptable (for example, large maturing tree growing directly under overhead lines); and/or,
- The tree species has been declared an invasive for the given area or region.



Tree #27 recommended for removal because of storm damage.

The tree(s) listed in the table below are recommended for removal:

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Condition	Tree Care Priority	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
27	Spruce- Colorado Blue	16	Poor	1	Storm damageLean
98*	Elm-American	27	Poor	1	 Dead branches <=2 Dieback (severe) Cavity-branch

INVENTORIED TREES RECOMMENDED FOR REMOVAL (40 Trees)

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Condition	Tree Care Priority	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
144	Spruce-Norway	21	Fair	1	 Soil heaving Lean Storm damage
195	Maple-Sugar	46	Poor	1	 Decay-Root flare Decay-Stem Cavity-root flare Dead branches <=2 Broken branch(s) Low live crown ratio
243*	Ash-White	18	Poor	1	 Dead branches <=2 Cavity-branch Broken branch(s) Dieback (severe)
287	Poplar-Eastern	28	Fair	1	 Dead branches <=2 Broken branch(s) Dieback Cavity-branch Co-dominant leaders Wound-branch
386*	Tuliptree	13	Fair	1	 Cavity-root flare Decay-Root flare Suppressed Sweep Dead branches <=2 Broken branch(s)
395*	Sassafras- Common (2)	4	Fair	1	 Suppressed Overextended branch Uneven crown Broken branch(s) Dead branches <=2
411*	Ash-White	23	Poor	1	 Low live crown ratio Dead branches <=2 Uneven crown
425*	Maple-Norway	23	Fair	1	 Dead branches <=2 Cavity-root flare Decay-Root flare Decay-Stem Cavity-stem Suppressed
462	Maple-Norway	11	Dead	1	 Lean Decay-Root flare

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Condition	Tree Care Priority	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
	wallie			THUTTLY	
465	Maple-Japanese	12	Fair	1	 Uneven crown Dead branches <=2 Dead branches <=2 Low live crown ratio Cavity-branch Broken branch(s)
518	Maple-Norway	15	Poor	1	 Dieback (severe) Dead branches <=2 Low live crown ratio Decay-Stem
556	Maple-Norway	24	Fair	1	 Cavity-branch Uneven crown Co-dominant leaders Overextended branch Broken branch(s)
575	Ash-White	23	Poor	1	 Dead branches <=2 Dieback (moderate) Broken branch(s) Decay-Root flare Low live crown ratio
579	Maple-Norway	23	Fair	1	 Cavity-stem Decay-Stem Uneven crown Broken branch(s) Cavity-branch Hanger
589	Oak-Pin	15	Fair	1	 Broken branch(s) Hanger Dead branches <=2 Low live crown ratio
594	Maple-Norway	10	Dead	1	• Dead branches <=2
398*	Sassafras- Common (2)	9	Fair	2	 Overextended branch Uneven crown Dead branches <=2 Low live crown ratio Suppressed
404*	Sassafras- Common (2)	5	Poor	2	 Suppressed Uneven crown Overextended branch Dead branches <=2
548	Spruce-Norway	6	Poor	2	Soil heavingStorm damageLean

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Condition	Tree Care Priority	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
166*	Mulberry- White	5	Good	3	 Poor branch structure Co-dominant stems Suppressed
170*	Mulberry- White	4	Fair	3	SuppressedPoor branch structure
229*	Mulberry- White	5	Fair	3	 Poor branch structure Suppressed
236*	Poplar-Eastern	8	Poor	3	 Suppressed Dead branches <=2 Overextended branch
237*	Poplar-Eastern	10	Fair	3	 Suppressed Dead branches <=2 Uneven crown
238*	Cherry-Black	10	Fair	3	 Cavity-root flare Suppressed Uneven crown Dead branches <=2
247	Redcedar- Eastern	3	Fair	3	Buried root collarLeanStorm damage
329	Cherry-Black	8	Poor	3	 Cavity-root flare Low live crown ratio Dead branches <=2
363*	Poplar-Eastern	10	Fair	3	 Lean Low live crown ratio Dead branches >2 Suppressed
379*	Maple-Norway (3)	4	Fair	3	 Suppressed Uneven crown Dead branches <=2 Hanger
389*	Boxelder	6	Fair	3	Growing against objectPoor branch structure
503*	Mulberry- White	6	Fair	3	SuppressedPoor branch structure
533	Spruce-Norway	6	Fair	3	 Lean Storm damage Buried root collar
552	Spruce-Norway	7	Poor	3	Storm damageLeanWound-root

* Trees that were assigned a poor or unacceptable location value.

INVENTORIED TREES RECOMMENDED FOR REMOVAL



Tree Risk Advanced Assessments (Level 3)

As part of the inventory process, the Inventory Team conducts a *basic assessment (Level 2)* from the ground. During this assessment the inspector can determine whether some aspect of tree structure or health indicates that a more comprehensive tree structure evaluation *(Level 3) advanced assessment* is needed to more thoroughly evaluate tree condition and risk of failure. The image below provides an example of a tree defect that merits a *(Level 3) advanced assessment*.



Broken limb on Tree #60 necessitates a *(Level 3) advanced assessment* to more thoroughly assess risk of failure.

In such cases, we may recommend *(Level 3) advanced assessments* of the roots, stem, or crown. These assessments may include climbing inspections, examination of the root system using a compressed-air tool (that avoids damage to roots and underground utilities), or one or more of the following: resistance drilling; using the resistograph (a precision drilling instrument that provides graphical output); or sonic tomography that produces a visual representation of internal conditions based on how sound moved through the tree. The goal is to use the appropriate method to evaluate impact of wood decay in stems and buttress roots that show potential for failure and to determine presence and condition of the root system.

Once we complete such *(Level 3) advanced assessments*, we can then recommend appropriate measures, such as remediation, maintenance, or removal.

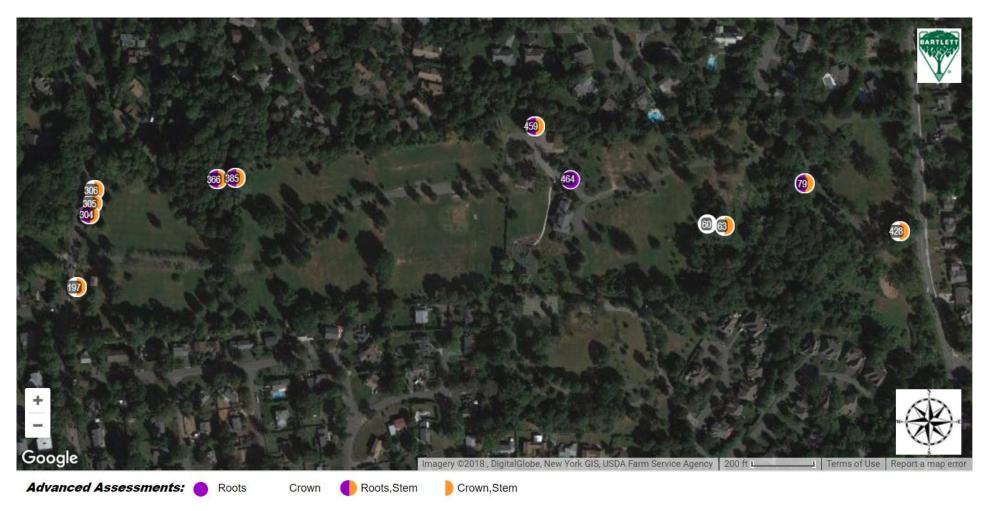
The inventoried trees listed in the table below met the conditions for *(Level 3) advanced assessments*.

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Overall Risk Rating	Tree Care Priority	Advanced Assessment	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
60	Oak-Swamp White	15	Moderate	1	• Crown	 Uneven crown Storm damage Hanger Broken branch(s)
197	Maple- Sugar	40	Moderate	1	• Crown • Stem	 Wound-root flare Dead branches <=2 Broken branch(s) Cavity-branch Co-dominant leaders Dieback (moderate)
63	Oak- Northern Red	25,22	Low	1	• Crown • Stem	 Seam Co-dominant stems Overextended branch Dead branches <=2 Hanger Broken branch(s)
79	Linden- Littleleaf	28	Low	1	• Stem • Root	 Uneven crown Cavity-stem Cavity-root flare Lean Co-dominant leaders
304	Maple- Sugar	25	Low	1	• Stem • Root	 Wound-stem Wound-root flare Cavity-root flare Dead branches <=2 Low live crown ratio Cavity-branch
305	Maple- Sugar	36	Low	1	• Crown • Stem	 Overextended branch Included bark Co-dominant leaders Cavity-Suspected Cavity-branch

INVENTORIED TREES RECOMMENDED FOR LEVEL 3 ADVANCED ASSESSMENTS (12 Trees)

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Overall Risk Rating	Tree Care Priority	Advanced Assessment	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
306	Maple- Sugar	27	Low	1	• Crown • Stem	 Included bark Co-dominant leaders Dead branches <=2 Cavity-branch Cavity-Suspected
366	Maple- Norway	26	Low	1	• Stem • Root	 Dead branches <=2 Cavity-branch Cavity-stem Decay-Stem Hanger Broken branch(s)
385	Tuliptree	23	Low	1	• Stem • Root	 Cavity-root flare Decay-Root flare Hanger Co-dominant stems
428	Oak- Northern Red	41	Low	1	• Crown • Stem	 Cavity-stem Seam Cavity-branch Overextended branch Dead branches <=2 Topping/heading cuts
459	Locust- Black	17	Low	1	• Stem • Root	 Overextended branch Uneven crown Cavity-root flare Cavity-stem Dead branches >2
464	Pine- Eastern White	31	Low	1	• Root	 Construction damage Wound-root Co-dominant stems Overextended branch Broken branch(s)

INVENTORIED TREES RECOMMENDED FOR LEVEL 3 ADVANCED ASSESSMENTS



Vine Removal

The following trees were recommended for removal of vines. Vines and suckers can cover the trunk of a tree and hide defects that may be present.

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH
49	Redcedar-Eastern	21
60	Oak-Swamp White	15
61	Hickory-Shagbark	24
62	Oak-Northern Red	26
63	Oak-Northern Red	25,22
64	Oak-Northern Red	16
65	Oak-Northern Red	24
66	Oak-Northern Red	28
67	Hickory-Shagbark	43
74	Pagodatree-Japanese	12
79	Linden-Littleleaf	28
221	Spruce-Norway	11
348	Maple-Norway	17
349	Boxelder (2)	8
355	Crabapple	7,6
356	Maple-Norway	9,7
357	Ash-White	23
370	Hickory-Pignut	22
378	Hickory-Pignut	23
379	Maple-Norway (3)	4
380	Poplar-Eastern	33
381	Poplar-Eastern	22
382	Poplar-Eastern	33
383	Elm-American	15
384	Poplar-Eastern	25
385	Tuliptree	23
387	Ash-White	9
398	Sassafras-Common (2)	9
399	Sassafras-Common	11
406	Sassafras-Common	11
410	Oak-Pin	10
413	Elm-American	12
418	Locust-Black	14
456	Spruce-Norway	30
529	Maple-Norway	19
542	Cherry-Black	6,3
573	Hemlock-Canadian (2)	6
580	Maple-Red	25

INVENTORIED TREES RECOMMENDED FOR VINE REMOVAL (45 Trees)

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH
583	Maple-Sugar	23
594	Maple-Norway	10

INVENTORIED TREES RECOMMENDED FOR VINE REMOVAL



DEDICATED OR MEMORIAL TREES



DEDICATED OR MEMORIAL TREES

The following table displays the inventoried dedicated or memorial trees in Crawford Park. The following image shows a dedicated tree on the site.



Dedicated Tree #314.

INVENTORIED DEDICATED OR MEMORIAL TREES (11 Trees)

Tree ID	Common Name	Honoree	Contributor	Dedication Year
28	Maple-Japanese	Richard Carl Vey		1992
31	Cherry-Flowering	Christine Chu Mc Govern	Daugter and Husband	
140	Maple-Norway		Nancy Young	1994
175	Crabapple	Joswph L Giorgi		1993
185	Dogwood-Flowering	Louise Degroot		1993
209	Oak-Pin	John B Carle		1993
230	Cherry-Weeping	Alyce Furlonge Kent.		1993

Tree ID	Common Name	Honoree	Contributor	Dedication Year
313	Linden-Littleleaf	Mathilde and August Vey		1992
433	Birch-Paper	Michael V Morabito	Wife-Priscilla	1992
470	Maple-Japanese	Peter Rosenbaum		2010
472	Dogwood-Flowering	Rapael Bisanzo		

INVENTORIED DEDICATED OR MEMORIAL TREES



Condition: Ocod - Fair

DEFECTS OR OBSERVATIONS



DEFECTS OR OBSERVATIONS

The following table lists inventoried trees for which we noted defects, observations, or other structural issues. The image below provides an example of a crack in the stem.



Tree #33 exhibiting a crack in the stem.

INVENTORIED TREES WITH DEFECTS, OBSERVATIONS, OR OTHER STRUCTURAL ISSUES (594 Trees)

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
1	Dogwood-Kousa	10	Poor branch structure
2	Plum-Purple Leaf	6,6,5,5,4,4	 Co-dominant stems Girdling material Broken branch(s) Hanger
3	Crapemyrtle-Common	7,6,6,5,5,4	Included barkPoor branch structureCo-dominant stems
4	Crapemyrtle-Common	5,4,4,4,3,3	Co-dominant stemsPoor branch structure

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
5	Cherry-Flowering	4	 Buried root collar Poor branch structure
6	Cherry-Flowering	3	 Buried root collar Poor branch structure
7	Cherry-Flowering	12	 Cavity-stem Girdling roots present (moderate) Topping/heading cuts Poor branch structure Dead branches >2
8	Japanese Cryptomeria	4	Poor branch structure
9	Dogwood-Flowering	3	Buried root collarPoor branch structure
10	Japanese Cryptomeria	4	Poor branch structure
11	Oak-Northern Red	28	 Cavity-branch Topping/heading cuts Hanger Broken branch(s) Poor branch structure
12	Maple-Red	5	Buried root collarPoor branch structure
13	Magnolia	20	Broken branch(s)Poor branch structureOverextended branch
14	Willow	24	 Dead branches <=2 Broken branch(s) Overextended branch Cavity-branch Wound-root
15	Willow	22	 Dead branches <=2 Broken branch(s) Cavity-branch Poor branch structure Wound-root
16	Willow	28	 Broken branch(s) Dead branches <=2 Poor branch structure Wound-stem Wound-root Overextended branch
17	Hemlock-Canadian	3	 Lean Buried root collar
18	Cedar-White	3	 Lean Buried root collar
19	Honeylocust-Thornless Common	10	 Buried root collar Poor branch structure Dead branches >2

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
20	Magnolia	2,2,2,1,1,1	 Co-dominant stems Poor branch structure Buried root collar
22	Maple-Japanese	5	Buried root collarTopping/heading cuts
23	Cedar-White	8,7,6,5	Overextended branchPoor branch structure
24	Plum-Purple Leaf	6	 Topping/heading cuts Buried root collar Dieback (severe)
25	Redcedar-Eastern	26,16,13,10,8,8	 Co-dominant stems Poor branch structure Broken branch(s) Dead branches >2
26	Redcedar-Eastern	32,13,11	 Co-dominant stems Poor branch structure Overextended branch Included bark Dead branches >2
27	Spruce-Colorado Blue	16	Storm damageLean
28	Maple-Japanese	10	 Girdling roots present (severe) Cavity-branch Co-dominant leaders
29	Maple-Paperbark	5	 Poor branch structure Wound-stem
30	Cedar-White	3	Buried root collar
31	Cherry-Flowering	3	Buried root collarGirdling materialWound-stem
32	Redcedar-Eastern	18,14	 Co-dominant stems Poor branch structure Included bark Dead branches >2
33	Redcedar-Eastern	17,13	 Seam Cavity-stem Co-dominant stems Overextended branch Dead branches <=2 Crack-Stem
34	Redcedar-Eastern	14,6	 Uneven crown Co-dominant stems Broken branch(s) Dead branches <=2
36	Redwood-Dawn	7	Buried root collar

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
38	Cherry-Weeping	3	Buried root collar
			Poor branch structure
39	Cherry-Weeping	3	Buried root collar
			Poor branch structure Starm damage
42	Spruce-Norway	4	Storm damageBroken branch(s)
			Cavity-root flare
			Cavity-stem
43	Maple-Japanese	7	 Dead branches <=2
			Uneven crown
			Wound-stem
44	Maple-Japanese	13	Poor branch structure
			• Dead branches >2
45	Manlo Jananoso	4	Wound-stem
43	Maple-Japanese	4	Poor branch structure
			Cavity-root flare
			Cavity-stem
46	Maple-Japanese	13,12,9	Cavity-branch
			• Dead branches <=2
			Included bark
47	Maple-Japanese	5	Poor branch structure
			Co-dominant leaders
48	Redcedar-Eastern	20	• Included bark
			• Dead branches <=2
49	Redcedar-Eastern	21	Co-dominant leadersIncluded bark
49	Reuceual-Eastern	21	 Dead branches <=2
			Uneven crown
50	Redcedar-Eastern	23	 Dead branches <=2
			Co-dominant leaders
			Co-dominant stems
-		1.5	• Seam
51	Redcedar-Eastern	16	Included bark
			• Dead branches <=2
52	Redwood-Dawn	8	Poor branch structure
52		0	Co-dominant leaders
53	Redwood-Dawn	7	Poor branch structure
- 55			Buried root collar
			Co-dominant leaders
54	Maple-Red	17	Poor branch structure
			Included bark
			Co-dominant stems
55	Spruce-Norway	41	• Seam
			Included bark
			• Dead branches <=2

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
56	Spruce-Norway	30	 Crack Overextended branch Lean Dead branches <=2 Uneven crown
57	Oak-Pin	28	 Dead branches >2 Poor branch structure Overextended branch
58	Redwood-Dawn	6	Poor branch structure
59	Redwood-Dawn	7	 Poor branch structure Buried root collar
60	Oak-Swamp White	15	 Uneven crown Storm damage Hanger Broken branch(s)
61	Hickory-Shagbark	24	 Dead branches <=2 Poor branch structure Co-dominant leaders
62	Oak-Northern Red	26	 Dead branches <=2 Overextended branch Hanger Poor branch structure
63	Oak-Northern Red	25,22	 Seam Co-dominant stems Overextended branch Dead branches <=2 Hanger Broken branch(s)
64	Oak-Northern Red	16	 Suppressed Cavity-branch Dead branches <=2 Broken branch(s) Overextended branch
65	Oak-Northern Red	24	 Uneven crown Dead branches <=2 Broken branch(s) Hanger
66	Oak-Northern Red	28	 Broken branch(s) Dead branches <=2 Co-dominant leaders Cavity-stem Overextended branch

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
67	Hickory-Shagbark	43	 Overextended branch Broken branch(s) Dead branches <=2 Poor branch structure Cavity-branch Cavity-stem
68	Cherry-Black	13,8	 Butt swell Dead branches <=2 Hanger Poor branch structure
69	Cherry-Weeping	6	 Poor branch structure Buried root collar
70	Linden-Littleleaf	17,16,16	 Co-dominant stems Included bark Broken branch(s)
71	Linden-Littleleaf	22	 Co-dominant leaders Included bark Overextended branch Broken branch(s) Dead branches <=2
72	Maple-Red	6	 Poor branch structure Buried root collar
73	Linden-Littleleaf	9	Wound-stemPoor branch structure
74	Pagodatree-Japanese	12	 Lean Overextended branch Dead branches <=2
75	Linden-Littleleaf	23	 Hanger Dead branches <=2 Co-dominant leaders
76	Dogwood-Kousa	7	Buried root collarPoor branch structure
77	Redbud-Eastern	5,3,3,3	 Buried root collar Wound-stem Co-dominant stems Poor branch structure
78	Birch-River	16,12,12,9	 Co-dominant stems Included bark Dead branches <=2 Overextended branch
79	Linden-Littleleaf	28	 Uneven crown Dead branches <=2 Cavity-stem Cavity-root flare Lean Co-dominant leaders

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Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
80	Lilac-Japanese Tree	5	Buried root collar
			Poor branch structure
81	Plum-Purple Leaf	11	Poor branch structure
82	Lilac-Japanese Tree	5	 Poor branch structure Included bark
			Poor branch structure
83	Lilac-Japanese Tree	4,2,2,1	 Buried root collar
05		1,2,2,1	Co-dominant stems
			Girdling material
84	Plum-Purple Leaf	8	 Poor branch structure
_	F	_	Broken branch(s)
			Buried root collar
85	Cherry-Black	6	Poor branch structure
	-		Wound-stem
			• Suppressed
86	Plum-Purple Leaf	8	 Poor branch structure
00	rium-rui pie Leai	0	 Broken branch(s)
			 Overextended branch
87	Cherry-Black	10	Poor branch structure
07	Cherry-Dlack	10	Co-dominant leaders
			 Buried root collar
88	Rose-of-Sharon	4,3,3,3,3,2	 Co-dominant stems
			Poor branch structure
			Girdling material
89	Cherry-Flowering	17	Poor branch structure
			Co-dominant leaders
90	Cedar-Atlas	5	Buried root collar
91	Cedar-Atlas	5	Buried root collar
			• Broken branch(s)
92	Pine-Eastern White	32	• Dead branches <=2
			Overextended branch
			Hanger
02	Spruce Norway	10	• Uneven crown
93	Spruce-Norway	18	 Dead branches <=2 Brokon branch(c)
			Broken branch(s)Broken branch(s)
94	Spruce-Norway	25,10	 Broken branch(s) Dead branches <=2
74	spruce-norway	23,10	 Co-dominant stems
			Buried root collar
95	Fir-Douglas	8	• Suppressed
			Uneven crown
		26	Co-dominant leaders
96	Oak-Northern Red		Broken branch(s)
			 Dead branches <=2

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
97	Pagodatree-Japanese	16	 Suppressed Overextended branch Dead branches <=2
98	Elm-American	27	 Dead branches <=2 Dieback (severe) Cavity-branch
99	Redbud-Eastern	7	Poor branch structure
100	Redbud-Eastern	4	Broken branch(s)Poor branch structure
101	Redbud-Eastern	6	Dead branches <=2Poor branch structure
102	Redbud-Eastern	6	Poor branch structure
103	Redbud-Eastern	6	Poor branch structure
104	Oak-Northern Red	14	 Uneven crown Broken branch(s) Co-dominant leaders Dead branches <=2 Hanger
105	Planetree-London	7	Wound-root flarePoor branch structure
106	Planetree-London	5	Buried root collarPoor branch structure
107	Walnut-Black	43	 Cavity-branch Cavity-root flare Cavity-stem Dead branches <=2 Overextended branch Hanger
108	Elm-American	14,13	SuppressedCo-dominant leadersOverextended branch
109	Pine-Eastern White	11	Dead branches <=2Broken branch(s)
110	Spruce-Norway	13	Uneven crownDead branches <=2
111	Elm-American	13	 Dead branches <=2 Co-dominant leaders Broken branch(s) Suppressed
112	Walnut-Black	13	 Co-dominant leaders Broken branch(s) Dead branches <=2

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
113	Walnut-Black	14	 Topping/heading cuts Uneven crown Co-dominant leaders Dead branches <=2
114	Planetree-London	4	Poor branch structure
115	Elm-Smoothleaf	6	 Buried root collar Co-dominant leaders Poor branch structure
116	Dogwood-Kousa	7	Buried root collarCo-dominant stems
117	Pine-Austrian	15	 Dead branches <=2 Co-dominant leaders Included bark
118	Pear-Callery	9	 Poor branch structure Hanger Broken branch(s)
119	Pear-Callery	10	Co-dominant leadersPoor branch structureIncluded bark
120	Pear-Callery	10	Co-dominant leadersPoor branch structureWound-root flare
121	Pear-Callery	10	 Co-dominant leaders Poor branch structure Hanger Broken branch(s)
122	Pear-Callery	9	 Co-dominant leaders Broken branch(s) Hanger Poor branch structure Wound-stem
123	Pear-Callery	9	Co-dominant leadersPoor branch structure
124	Maple-Red	5	Poor branch structure
125	Spruce-Norway	28	Uneven crownDead branches <=2
126	Spruce-Norway	18	Uneven crownDead branches <=2
127	Elm-American	13	 Dead branches >2 Poor branch structure Overextended branch
128	Elm-American	13	Poor branch structure
129	Elm-American	13	 Poor branch structure Included bark
130	Elm-American	13	Poor branch structure

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
131	Elm-American	12	 Poor branch structure Included bark
132	Elm-American	29	 Dead branches <=2 Broken branch(s) Hanger Dieback (moderate)
133	Hickory-Shagbark	25	 Broken branch(s) Hanger Dead branches <=2 Co-dominant leaders
134	Maple-Red	6	Cavity-root flarePoor branch structureBuried root collar
138	Pine-Eastern White	16	Broken branch(s)Dead branches >2
139	Pine-Eastern White	17	 Lean Dead branches >2 Co-dominant leaders Overextended branch
140	Maple-Norway	15	Co-dominant leadersPoor branch structure
141	Pine-Eastern White	19	 Co-dominant leaders Dead branches <=2 Broken branch(s) Hanger
142	Pine-Eastern White	21,11	 Co-dominant leaders Dead branches <=2 Poor branch structure Overextended branch
143	Spruce-Norway	18	• Dead branches <=2
144	Spruce-Norway	21	Soil heavingLeanStorm damage
145	Spruce-Norway	30	 Dead branches <=2 Broken branch(s) Hanger Wound-root
146	Spruce-Norway	13	 Uneven crown Dead branches <=2 Low live crown ratio
147	Spruce-Norway	19	 Uneven crown Dead branches <=2 Overextended branch
148	Spruce-Norway	22	 Dead branches <=2 Broken branch(s)

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
149	Spruce-Norway	32	 Dead branches <=2 Broken branch(s) Overextended branch Dieback (moderate) Cavity-branch
150	Oak-Pin	20	 Uneven crown Co-dominant leaders Overextended branch Dead branches <=2
151	Cherry-Black	18,13	 Dead branches <=2 Dieback (moderate) Overextended branch Co-dominant stems Poor branch structure
152	Oak-Northern Red	32	 Dead branches <=2 Overextended branch Co-dominant leaders Hanger
153	Cherry-Black	14	 Suppressed Dead branches <=2 Cavity-stem Wound-root flare
154	Spruce-Norway	14	 Dead branches >2 Poor branch structure
155	Pine-Eastern White	15	 Dead branches <=2 Hanger
156	Spruce-Norway	16	 Dead branches >2 Broken branch(s) Hanger
157	Cherry-Black	14	 Dead branches <=2 Dieback (moderate) Overextended branch
158	Maple-Red	13	Girdling roots present (moderate)Poor branch structureIncluded bark
159	Elm-American	6,5	Co-dominant stemsPoor branch structureSuppressed
160	Elm-American	25	 Co-dominant leaders Overextended branch Dead branches <=2
161	Willow	47	 Overextended branch Co-dominant stems Broken branch(s) Cavity-stem

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
162	Elm-Slippery	27	 Dead branches <=2 Poor branch structure Overextended branch
163	Plum-Purple Leaf (4)	2,2,2,2	 Poor branch structure Co-dominant stems
164	Russian Olive (7)	2,2,2,2,2,2	 Poor branch structure Co-dominant stems
165	Redbud-Eastern	5,4,4,3	 Girdling roots present (moderate) Co-dominant stems Poor branch structure
166	Mulberry-White	5,2	 Poor branch structure Co-dominant stems Suppressed
167	Cherry-Black	7	 Poor branch structure Co-dominant leaders
168	Oak-Northern Red	4	 Suppressed Dead branches <=2 Poor branch structure
169	Birch-River	5,5,4	 Poor branch structure Co-dominant stems
170	Mulberry-White	4	SuppressedPoor branch structure
171	Redbud-Eastern	4	Poor branch structure
172	Euonymus	5,5,4,4,3,3	Co-dominant leadersPoor branch structure
173	Russian Olive (3)	7,7,6,6,5,5	 Co-dominant stems Poor branch structure Dead branches <=2
174	Honeylocust-Thornless Common	9	 Wound-root flare Dead branches >2 Poor branch structure
175	Crabapple	12	Poor branch structureOverextended branch
176	Cherry-Flowering	15	 Girdling roots present Dead branches <=2 Cavity-stem Poor branch structure
177	Cherry-Flowering	13	 Girdling roots present Cavity-root flare Dead branches <=2 Dieback (moderate)
178	Cherry-Flowering	17	 Dead branches <=2 Poor branch structure Wound-root

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
179	Cherry-Flowering	12	 Poor branch structure Dead branches <=2
180	Cherry-Flowering	13	 Poor branch structure Dead branches <=2 Wound-root
181	Cherry-Flowering	13	 Poor branch structure Girdling roots present
182	Cherry-Flowering	18	 Cavity-stem Dead branches <=2 Poor branch structure Wound-root
183	Cherry-Flowering	20	 Dead branches <=2 Poor branch structure Girdling roots present Wound-root
184	Cherry-Flowering	20	 Poor branch structure Girdling roots present (moderate) Dead branches <=2
185	Dogwood-Flowering	12	 Co-dominant leaders Poor branch structure Dead branches >2
186	Spruce-Norway	38	 Dead branches <=2 Broken branch(s) Wound-root
187	Maple-Sugar	23	 Uneven crown Included bark Overextended branch Poor branch structure Dead branches <=2
188	Spruce-Norway	32	 Dead branches <=2 Broken branch(s)
189	Maple-Norway	37	 Girdling roots present (moderate) Hanger Seam Co-dominant stems Included bark Dead branches <=2
190	Pine-Eastern White	24	 Co-dominant leaders Poor branch structure Dead branches <=2
191	Spruce-Norway	12	 Suppressed Corrected lean Dead branches >2
192	Plum-Purple Leaf	3	Buried root collarPoor branch structure

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
193	Plum-Purple Leaf	5	 Lean Poor branch structure Buried root collar
194	Plum-Purple Leaf	7	Poor branch structure
195	Maple-Sugar	46	 Decay-Root flare Decay-Stem Cavity-root flare Dead branches <=2 Broken branch(s) Low live crown ratio
196	Maple-Sugar	3	Poor branch structure
197	Maple-Sugar	40	 Wound-root flare Dead branches <=2 Broken branch(s) Cavity-branch Co-dominant leaders Dieback (moderate)
198	Maple-Sugar	6	Buried root collarPoor branch structure
200	Maple-Sugar	7	Poor branch structureBuried root collar
201	Maple-Sugar	10	 Wound-root flare Butt swell Buried root collar Poor branch structure
202	Maple-Sugar	4	 Buried root collar Wound-stem Poor branch structure Uneven crown Suppressed
203	Maple-Sugar	17	 Overextended branch Poor branch structure Dead branches <=2 Suppressed Broken branch(s)
204	Maple-Sugar	6	Girdling materialBuried root collarPoor branch structure
205	Beech-European	6	Buried root collarPoor branch structure
206	Birch-River	14,12,10,10	 Co-dominant stems Broken branch(s) Dead branches <=2 Overextended branch

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
207	Planetree-London	27	 Overextended branch Uneven crown Sweep Broken branch(s) Dead branches <=2
208	Spruce-Norway	9	 Dead branches >2 Lean
209	Oak-Pin	17	 Poor branch structure Broken branch(s) Dead branches >2
210	Cherry-Black	7	LeanPoor branch structureCo-dominant leaders
211	Forsythia (4)	5,4,3,3,2,2	Co-dominant stemsPoor branch structureBuried root collar
212	Birch-River	13,13,8	 Co-dominant stems Included bark Overextended branch Dead branches <=2
213	Maple-Norway	13	 Co-dominant leaders Included bark Poor branch structure Dead branches <=2
214	Devils Walkingstick	6,4,4,4,3,1	SuppressedCo-dominant stems
215	Serviceberry (2)	3,3,2,2,1,1	 Co-dominant stems Poor branch structure Dead branches <=2
216	Willow	13,11	 Co-dominant stems Overextended branch Poor branch structure Uneven crown
217	Willow	5,4,3	 Co-dominant stems Wound-root flare Lean
218	Oak-Pin	18	 Dead branches <=2 Broken branch(s) Girdling roots present Poor branch structure
219	Beech-European	12	Buried root collarGirdling roots presentCo-dominant leaders
220	Pine-Eastern White	12	Poor branch structure

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
221	Spruce-Norway	11	 Co-dominant leaders Included bark Dead branches <=2
222	Birch-River	26,18,10	 Broken branch(s) Dead branches <=2 Co-dominant stems Included bark Overextended branch Girdling roots present
223	Pine-Eastern White	16	Dead branches <=2Poor branch structure
224	Spruce-Norway	12	 Dead branches >2 Poor branch structure
225	Spruce-Norway	11	 Dead branches >2 Poor branch structure
226	Spruce-Norway	13	 Dead branches >2 Poor branch structure
227	Spruce-Norway	12	 Lean Dead branches <=2
228	Spruce-Norway	14	 Dead branches <=2 Poor branch structure
229	Mulberry-White	5	 Poor branch structure Suppressed
230	Cherry-Weeping	20	 Wound-stem Girdling roots present Co-dominant leaders Poor branch structure Dead branches >2
231	Poplar-Eastern	30	 Uneven crown Co-dominant leaders Girdling roots present Dead branches <=2 Broken branch(s)
232	Poplar-Eastern	10	 Suppressed Uneven crown Overextended branch Dead branches <=2
233	Cherry-Black	31	 Dead branches <=2 Cavity-branch Co-dominant stems Overextended branch Poor branch structure
234	Poplar-Eastern	8	 Suppressed Broken branch(s) Dead branches <=2 Uneven crown

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
235	Poplar-Eastern	11	 Suppressed Uneven crown Dead branches <=2
236	Poplar-Eastern	8	 Suppressed Dead branches <=2 Overextended branch
237	Poplar-Eastern	10	 Suppressed Dead branches <=2 Uneven crown
238	Cherry-Black	10	 Cavity-root flare Suppressed Uneven crown Dead branches <=2
239	Elm-American	16	 Overextended branch Wound-stem Girdling material Dead branches <=2 Poor branch structure
240	Ash-White	30	 Co-dominant stems Dead branches <=2 Cavity-branch Dieback (moderate)
241	Maple-Sugar	26	 Broken branch(s) Dead branches <=2 Uneven crown Overextended branch Hanger
242	Elm-American	34	 Uneven crown Overextended branch Dead branches <=2 Girdling roots present Co-dominant leaders Included bark
243	Ash-White	18	 Dead branches <=2 Cavity-branch Broken branch(s) Dieback (severe)
244	Maple-Sugar	7	Buried root collarPoor branch structure
245	Oak-Pin	5	Poor branch structure
246	Maple-Sugar	5	Poor branch structure
247	Redcedar-Eastern	3	Buried root collarLeanStorm damage

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
248	Elm-American	16	 Girdling roots present Broken branch(s) Dead branches <=2 Hanger Poor branch structure
250	Elm-American	4	Buried root collarPoor branch structure
251	Elm-American	6	Poor branch structure
252	Elm-American	4	Buried root collarButt swellPoor branch structure
253	Spruce-Norway	29	 Dead branches <=2 Broken branch(s) Poor branch structure
254	Elm-American	3	Buried root collarPoor branch structure
255	Elm-American	3	Buried root collarPoor branch structure
256	Plum-Purple Leaf	5	 Lean Buried root collar Poor branch structure
259	Pine-Eastern White	13	Dead branches <=2Hanger
260	Pine-Eastern White	13	• Dead branches <=2
261	Pine-Eastern White	15	• Dead branches <=2
262	Spruce-Norway	14	• Dead branches <=2
264	Pine-Eastern White	9	Broken branch(s)
267	Pine-Eastern White	15	• Dead branches <=2
268	Spruce-Norway	9	Dead branches >2
269	Hickory-Shagbark	26	 Co-dominant leaders Broken branch(s) Dead branches <=2 Included bark Poor branch structure
270	Spruce-Norway	24	 Uneven crown Dead branches <=2 Broken branch(s)
271	Spruce-Norway	17	 Dead branches >2 Uneven crown Low live crown ratio
272	Spruce-Norway	25	Broken branch(s)Dead branches <=2
273	Spruce-Norway	30	• Dead branches <=2
275	Spruce-Norway	24	• Dead branches <=2

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
276	Pine-Eastern White	23	 Corrected lean Broken branch(s) Overextended branch Co-dominant leaders Dead branches <=2
277	Pine-Eastern White	10	• Dead branches <=2
278	Pine-Eastern White	26	 Broken branch(s) Dead branches <=2 Co-dominant leaders Included bark
279	Oak-Swamp White	41	 Dead branches <=2 Broken branch(s) Poor branch structure Overextended branch
280	Hickory-Shagbark	25	 Dead branches <=2 Overextended branch Included bark
281	Cherry-Black	24	 Uneven crown Dead branches <=2 Poor branch structure
282	Oak-Northern Red	14	 Uneven crown Overextended branch Dead branches <=2
283	Maple-Norway	32	 Co-dominant leaders Included bark Poor branch structure Dead branches <=2 Hanger
284	Hickory-Shagbark	32	 Dead branches <=2 Broken branch(s) Poor branch structure
285	Oak-Northern Red	43	 Dead branches <=2 Overextended branch Co-dominant leaders Cavity-branch
286	Oak-Northern Red	41	 Dead branches <=2 Co-dominant leaders Overextended branch Cavity-branch Hanger
287	Poplar-Eastern	28	 Dead branches <=2 Broken branch(s) Dieback Cavity-branch Co-dominant leaders Wound-branch

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
288	Cherry-Flowering	12	 Poor branch structure Dead branches <=2 Cavity-stem
289	Cherry-Flowering	8	 Dead branches >2 Cavity-stem Poor branch structure Girdling roots present
290	Cherry-Flowering	13	 Dead branches <=2 Poor branch structure Girdling roots present
291	Cherry-Flowering	14	 Dead branches >2 Poor branch structure Girdling roots present
292	Cherry-Flowering	18	 Poor branch structure Dead branches >2 Wound-root
293	Cherry-Flowering	8	Girdling roots presentPoor branch structure
294	Cherry-Flowering	8	 Poor branch structure Girdling roots present
295	Cherry-Flowering	11	 Dead branches <=2 Poor branch structure Girdling roots present (moderate)
296	Cherry-Flowering	11	 Dead branches >2 Poor branch structure Wound-root
297	Cherry-Flowering	17	 Dead branches <=2 Poor branch structure Girdling roots present
298	Maple-Norway	13,12	 Dead branches <=2 Co-dominant leaders Included bark Poor branch structure
299	Spruce-Norway	14	 Wound-stem Uneven crown Dead branches <=2
300	Spruce-Norway	19	 Dead branches <=2 Broken branch(s) Hanger
301	Maple-Sugar	8	Poor branch structure
302	Maple-Sugar	8	 Poor branch structure Co-dominant leaders
303	Maple-Sugar	9	 Poor branch structure Co-dominant leaders

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
304	Maple-Sugar	25	 Wound-stem Wound-root flare Cavity-root flare Dead branches <=2 Low live crown ratio Cavity-branch
305	Maple-Sugar	36	 Overextended branch Dead branches <=2 Included bark Co-dominant leaders Cavity-Suspected Cavity-branch
306	Maple-Sugar	27	 Included bark Co-dominant leaders Dead branches <=2 Cavity-branch Cavity-Suspected
307	Maple-Sugar	6	Buried root collarWound-root flarePoor branch structure
308	Maple-Sugar	7	 Poor branch structure Co-dominant leaders
309	Maple-Sugar	6	 Poor branch structure Buried root collar Co-dominant leaders
310	Maple-Sugar	8	Co-dominant leadersPoor branch structure
311	Maple-Sugar	5	 Buried root collar Wound-root flare Co-dominant leaders Poor branch structure
312	Maple-Sugar	13	Co-dominant leadersPoor branch structure
313	Linden-Littleleaf	6	 Poor branch structure Wound-stem Buried root collar Included bark
314	Linden-Littleleaf	12	Included barkPoor branch structure
315	Maple-Sugar	14	 Co-dominant leaders Poor branch structure Included bark
316	Birch-River	2,2,2,2	Co-dominant stems

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
317	Willow	26	 Decay-Root Co-dominant leaders Uneven crown Dead branches <=2 Hanger
318	Spruce-Norway	17	• Dead branches >2
319	Spruce-Norway	17	• Dead branches >2
320	Pine-Eastern White	13	• Dead branches >2
321	Maple-Red	7	SuppressedUneven crown
322	Maple-Red	18	 Co-dominant leaders Uneven crown Overextended branch
323	Maple-Red	14	 Uneven crown Co-dominant leaders Overextended branch Dead branches >2 Broken branch(s) Hanger
324	Crabapple (3)	5,4,4,3	 Poor branch structure Co-dominant stems Dead branches >2
325	Crabapple	5	 Poor branch structure Dead branches >2
326	Crabapple (2)	10	 Poor branch structure Cavity-branch Dead branches <=2
327	Crabapple	8	Dead branches >2Poor branch structure
328	Maple-Norway	12	Uneven crownSweepSuppressed
329	Cherry-Black	8	 Cavity-root flare Low live crown ratio Dead branches <=2
330	Spruce-Colorado Blue	6	Buried root collarDead branches >2
333	Crabapple	4	Poor branch structure
334	Oak-Pin	5	Poor branch structure
335	Magnolia-Cucumbertree	3,3,2,2,2,2	Co-dominant stemsBuried root collar
336	Spruce-White	7	Broken branch(s)
337	Spruce-Norway	16	• Dead branches >2
338	Spruce-Norway	11	• Dead branches >2

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
339	Spruce-Norway	4	• Suppressed
			Poor branch structure
342	Birch-Gray	3	Wound-root flare
343	Birch-Gray	3	Poor branch structure
344	Birch-Gray	3	Poor branch structure
345	Spruce-Colorado Blue	5	Girdling material
515		5	• Dead branches >2
346	Crabapple (2)	3	Wound-root flare
010		5	Poor branch structure
			Uneven crown
347	Maple-Sugar	8	 Suppressed
			Cavity-stem
			Uneven crown
348	Maple-Norway	17	 Broken branch(s)
			Hanger
349	Boxelder (2)	8	Poor branch structure
			Poor branch structure
350	Linden-Littleleaf	10	• Dead branches >2
			Broken branch(s)
			 Dead branches <=2
351	Tuliptree	27	Cavity-branch
			 Broken branch(s)
			Co-dominant stems
352	Tuliptree	10,8	Wound-stem
			Buried root collar
			Uneven crown
353	Maple-Norway	17	• Hanger
555	Maple-Nol way	17	 Dead branches <=2
			Overextended branch
			 Dead branches <=2
354	Elm-American	30	Overextended branch
554		50	Uneven crown
			Poor branch structure
			• Dead branches <=2
355	Crabapple	7,6	Poor branch structure
			Cavity-branch
			Uneven crown
356			• Dead branches <=2
	Maple-Norway	9,7	 Broken branch(s)
			Cavity-branch
			Overextended branch
			Uneven crown
357	Ash-White	23	 Low live crown ratio
			• Dead branches <=2

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
358	Maple-Norway	8	 Poor branch structure Uneven crown
359	Oak-Northern Red	24	 Uneven crown Overextended branch Dead branches <=2 Hanger
360	Maple-Norway	12	 Uneven crown Overextended branch Dead branches <=2
361	Oak-Northern Red	27	 Uneven crown Dead branches <=2 Hanger Co-dominant leaders Overextended branch
362	Maple-Norway	12	 Poor branch structure Broken branch(s) Hanger
363	Poplar-Eastern	10	 Lean Low live crown ratio Dead branches >2 Suppressed
364	Maple-Norway	23	 Uneven crown Dead branches <=2 Broken branch(s) Poor branch structure
365	Maple-Norway	6	 Dead branches >2 Poor branch structure
366	Maple-Norway	26	 Dead branches <=2 Cavity-branch Cavity-stem Decay-Stem Hanger Broken branch(s)
368	Maple-Norway	27	 Dead branches <=2 Broken branch(s) Cavity-branch
369	Maple-Norway	11	 Low live crown ratio Uneven crown Dead branches <=2
370	Hickory-Pignut	22	Dead branches >2Low live crown ratio
371	Maple-Norway	9	 Cavity-branch Hanger Dead branches <=2 Overextended branch Uneven crown

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
372	Maple-Norway	20	 Uneven crown Hanger Dead branches <=2 Broken branch(s)
373	Maple-Norway	4	Uneven crown
374	Oak-Pin	34	 Uneven crown Dead branches <=2 Overextended branch Co-dominant leaders Cavity-branch
375	Maple-Silver	10	 Poor branch structure Broken branch(s) Dead branches >2
376	Hickory-Pignut	9	Uneven crownCo-dominant leaders
377	Maple-Norway	5	Uneven crownDead branches >2
378	Hickory-Pignut	23	 Co-dominant leaders Included bark Dead branches <=2 Hanger
379	Maple-Norway (3)	4	 Suppressed Uneven crown Dead branches <=2 Hanger
380	Poplar-Eastern	33	 Hanger Dead branches <=2 Broken branch(s) Overextended branch
381	Poplar-Eastern	22	 Uneven crown Hanger Dead branches <=2 Broken branch(s)
382	Poplar-Eastern	33	 Dead branches <=2 Hanger Uneven crown Overextended branch
383	Elm-American	15	 Broken branch(s) Wound-branch Overextended branch Hanger
384	Poplar-Eastern	25	 Co-dominant leaders Uneven crown Broken branch(s) Dead branches <=2 Hanger

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
385	Tuliptree	23	 Cavity-root flare Decay-Root flare Hanger Co-dominant stems
386	Tuliptree	13	 Cavity-root flare Decay-Root flare Suppressed Sweep Dead branches <=2 Broken branch(s)
387	Ash-White	9	 Poor branch structure Uneven crown
388	Hickory-Shagbark	9	 Poor branch structure Co-dominant leaders Buried root collar
389	Boxelder	6	Growing against objectPoor branch structure
390	Maple-Sugar	13	 Uneven crown Poor branch structure
391	Spruce-Norway	4	• Dead branches >2
392	Maple-Norway	18	 Broken branch(s) Co-dominant leaders Co-dominant stems Included bark Hanger Overextended branch
393	Sassafras-Common	7	 Uneven crown Broken branch(s) Hanger Overextended branch
394	Horsechestnut-Common	13	 Suppressed Uneven crown Poor branch structure Overextended branch Cavity-branch
395	Sassafras-Common (2)	4	 Suppressed Overextended branch Uneven crown Broken branch(s) Dead branches <=2
396	Sassafras-Common	8	 Low live crown ratio Broken branch(s) Dead branches <=2 Uneven crown Overextended branch

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
397	Sassafras-Common	12	 Low live crown ratio Overextended branch Uneven crown Dead branches >2
398	Sassafras-Common (2)	9	 Overextended branch Uneven crown Dead branches <=2 Low live crown ratio Suppressed
399	Sassafras-Common	11	 Uneven crown Overextended branch Dead branches <=2
400	Sassafras-Common	6	Overextended branchUneven crownHanger
401	Sassafras-Common	8	 Overextended branch Uneven crown Dead branches >2
402	Sassafras-Common	9	 Uneven crown Overextended branch Dead branches <=2
403	Sassafras-Common	8,7	 Co-dominant stems Overextended branch Dead branches <=2 Hanger Cavity-branch
404	Sassafras-Common (2)	5	 Suppressed Uneven crown Overextended branch Dead branches <=2
405	Sassafras-Common	9	 Overextended branch Uneven crown Dead branches >2
406	Sassafras-Common	11	 Uneven crown Overextended branch Broken branch(s)
407	Spruce-Norway	4	• Dead branches >2
409	Spruce-Colorado Blue	7	• Dead branches >2
410	Oak-Pin	10	Overextended branchPoor branch structureSuppressed
411	Ash-White	23	 Low live crown ratio Dead branches <=2 Uneven crown

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
413	Elm-American	12	 Hanger Suppressed Poor branch structure Dead branches <=2
414	Crabapple	4	Wound-stemPoor branch structureWound-root flare
415	Elm-American	18	 Broken branch(s) Dead branches >2 Poor branch structure Co-dominant leaders
416	Oak-Swamp White	37	 Dead branches <=2 Hanger Co-dominant leaders Overextended branch Cavity-branch
417	Cherry-Black	11	 Dead branches <=2 Co-dominant leaders Poor branch structure
418	Locust-Black	14	 Dead branches <=2 Suppressed Broken branch(s)
419	Locust-Black	14	 Dead branches <=2 Co-dominant leaders Included bark
420	Locust-Black	10	 Dead branches >2 Poor branch structure Suppressed
421	Elm-American	6	Buried root collarPoor branch structure
422	Elm-American	5	Buried root collarPoor branch structure
423	Walnut-Black	20	 Hanger Poor branch structure Co-dominant leaders
424	Oak-Swamp White	14	 Suppressed Broken branch(s) Dead branches <=2 Poor branch structure
425	Maple-Norway	23,11	 Dead branches <=2 Cavity-root flare Decay-Root flare Decay-Stem Cavity-stem Suppressed

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
426	Pine-Eastern White	32	 Low live crown ratio Broken branch(s) Dead branches <=2
427	Pine-Eastern White	29	 Dead branches <=2 Broken branch(s) Poor branch structure
428	Oak-Northern Red	41	 Cavity-stem Seam Cavity-branch Overextended branch Dead branches <=2 Topping/heading cuts
429	Oak-Northern Red	21	 Suppressed Dead branches <=2 Uneven crown Overextended branch
430	Oak-Northern Red	32	 Overextended branch Dead branches <=2 Uneven crown Girdling roots present Cavity-root flare Hanger
431	Cherry-Weeping	5	Buried root collarPoor branch structure
432	Crabapple	11	 Buried root collar Poor branch structure Dead branches >2
433	Birch-Paper	7,7,4	Co-dominant stemsPoor branch structureOverextended branch
434	Spruce-Norway	3	Co-dominant leaders
435	Dogwood-Kousa	5	Buried root collarPoor branch structure
436	Spruce-Norway	25	Uneven crownDead branches <=2
437	Dogwood-Flowering	8	 Buried root collar Included bark Co-dominant leaders Poor branch structure
438	Dogwood-Flowering	7	 Buried root collar Co-dominant leaders Included bark Poor branch structure
439	Magnolia (2)	4,4,4,3,3,3	 Co-dominant stems Dead branches <=2 Poor branch structure

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
440	Spruce-Norway	14	 Lean Poor branch structure Topping/heading cuts Dead branches <=2
441	Spruce-Norway	13	• Dead branches >2
442	Spruce-Norway	14	LeanDead branches >2
443	Spruce-Norway	10	Dead branches >2Uneven crown
444	Spruce-Norway	11	• Dead branches >2
445	Spruce-Norway	12	• Dead branches >2
446	Spruce-Norway	1	LeanDead branches >2
447	Spruce-Norway	12	• Dead branches >2
448	Spruce-Norway	11	 Girdling roots present Suppressed Dead branches >2
449	Oak-Pin	23	 Dead branches <=2 Co-dominant leaders Hanger Poor branch structure Girdling roots present
450	Dogwood-Kousa	4,4,3,2,2	 Buried root collar Poor branch structure Co-dominant stems
451	Spruce-Norway	10	• Dead branches >2
452	Pagodatree-Japanese	30	 Overextended branch Uneven crown Suppressed Dead branches <=2 Girdling roots suspected Cavity-branch
453	Pagodatree-Japanese	23	 Overextended branch Uneven crown Dead branches <=2 Cavity-branch Cavity-root
454	Pagodatree-Japanese	29	 Overextended branch Dead branches <=2 Co-dominant leaders Included bark Cavity-branch

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
455	Pagodatree-Japanese	36	 Cavity-stem Cavity-branch Co-dominant stems Dead branches <=2 Overextended branch Buried root collar
456	Spruce-Norway	30	Dead branches <=2HangerWound-stem
457	Oak-Northern Red	23	 Uneven crown Suppressed Dead branches <=2 Co-dominant leaders Overextended branch
458	Oak-Northern Red	25	 Dead branches <=2 Poor branch structure Overextended branch
459	Locust-Black	17	 Overextended branch Uneven crown Cavity-root flare Cavity-stem Dead branches >2
460	Maple-Norway	12	 Uneven crown Overextended branch Broken branch(s) Dead branches <=2 Hanger
461	Maple-Norway	12	 Hanger Dead branches <=2 Broken branch(s) Uneven crown Overextended branch
462	Maple-Norway	11	LeanDecay-Root flare
463	Spruce-Norway	26	 Decay-Root hare Uneven crown Lean Dead branches >2 Wound-stem Broken branch(s) Crack-stem
464	Pine-Eastern White	31	 Construction damage Wound-root Co-dominant stems Overextended branch Broken branch(s)

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
465	Maple-Japanese	12	 Uneven crown Dead branches <=2 Dead branches <=2 Low live crown ratio Cavity-branch Broken branch(s)
466	Redcedar-Eastern	15	 Construction damage Broken branch(s) Cavity-stem
467	Plum-Purple Leaf (2)	4,3,3,3,2	Co-dominant stemsBuried root collar
468	Lilac-Japanese Tree	4	Buried root collarPoor branch structure
469	Dogwood-Kousa	10	Co-dominant stemsPoor branch structure
470	Maple-Japanese	4	Poor branch structure
471	Dogwood-Flowering	8	Co-dominant leadersPoor branch structure
472	Dogwood-Flowering	6	Poor branch structureGirdling roots presentBuried root collar
473	Crabapple	13	 Cavity-root flare Cavity-stem Cavity-branch Broken branch(s) Dead branches <=2 Poor branch structure
474	Maple-Sycamore	6	Broken branch(s)SeamPoor branch structure
475	Maple-Sycamore	6	Buried root collarPoor branch structure
476	Maple-Sycamore	6	Poor branch structure
478	Pear-Callery	13	 Broken branch(s) Uneven crown Poor branch structure Wound-stem Hanger
479	Pear-Callery	10	Poor branch structureIncluded barkCo-dominant leaders
480	Pear-Callery	6	Wound-rootDecay-RootPoor branch structure

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
481	Cherry-Black	4,2,2	Co-dominant stems
			Poor branch structure
482	Cherry-Weeping	14	 Cavity-root flare Girdling roots present (moderate) Dead branches >2 Poor branch structure
483	Pine-Austrian	13	 Uneven crown Dead branches <=2 Wound-stem
484	Pine-Eastern White	27	 Co-dominant leaders Broken branch(s) Dead branches <=2
485	Pine-Eastern White	23	 Broken branch(s) Dead branches <=2 Poor branch structure Co-dominant leaders
486	Redcedar-Eastern	29	 Dead branches >2 Broken branch(s) Co-dominant leaders
487	Pear-Callery	7	 Co-dominant leaders Broken branch(s) Included bark
488	Pear-Callery	7	 Co-dominant leaders Included bark Broken branch(s)
489	Spruce-Norway	12	• Dead branches >2
490	Spruce-Norway	38	Dead branches <=2Broken branch(s)
491	Pear-Callery	12	Co-dominant leadersIncluded bark
492	Pear-Callery	12	 Construction damage Wound-root Co-dominant leaders Included bark
493	Cherry-Black	15	 Dead branches >2 Poor branch structure Cavity-branch
494	Redcedar-Eastern	21	 Dead branches >2 Broken branch(s) Poor branch structure
495	Magnolia-Southern	9	 Co-dominant stems Dead branches <=2 Hanger
497	Maple-Sugar	5	Poor branch structureCo-dominant stems

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
498	Linden-Littleleaf	19	 Co-dominant leaders Included bark Girdling roots present
499	Linden-Littleleaf	23	 Co-dominant leaders Included bark Overextended branch Hanger Dead branches <=2
500	Pear-Callery	12	 Broken branch(s) Overextended branch Included bark Co-dominant leaders Uneven crown
501	Pine-Eastern White	33	 Construction damage Overextended branch Dead branches <=2 Broken branch(s)
502	Pine-Eastern White	22	 Construction damage Wound-root Broken branch(s) Dead branches <=2
503	Mulberry-White	6	SuppressedPoor branch structure
504	Spruce-Norway	11	 Broken branch(s) Dead branches >2 Construction damage
505	Pear-Callery	7	 Construction damage Wound-root Wound-stem Poor branch structure
506	Pear-Callery	5	 Poor branch structure Co-dominant leaders
507	Maple-Red	13	 Uneven crown Poor branch structure
508	Maple-Red	12	 Uneven crown Poor branch structure
509	Maple-Red	13	 Uneven crown Poor branch structure
510	Maple-Red	14	Uneven crownPoor branch structure
511	Plum-Purple Leaf	15	 Dead branches <=2 Uneven crown Poor branch structure Broken branch(s) Construction damage
512	Maple-Sugar	16	Poor branch structure

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
513	Maple-Red	18	 Poor branch structure Co-dominant leaders
514	Crabapple	18,15,11	 Dead branches <=2 Poor branch structure Cavity-branch Overextended branch
515	Maple-Sugar	15	Poor branch structure
516	Willow	5,4,4,4,3,3	 Co-dominant stems Poor branch structure Dead branches >2
517	Cedar-White (3)	5	Co-dominant leaders
518	Maple-Norway	15	 Dieback (severe) Dead branches <=2 Low live crown ratio Decay-Stem
519	Tuliptree	38	 Dead branches <=2 Co-dominant leaders Overextended branch Topping/heading cuts
520	Maple-Sugar	17	Poor branch structureCo-dominant leadersCavity-stem
521	Maple-Norway	23	 Uneven crown Overextended branch Dead branches <=2 Broken branch(s)
523	Maple-Norway	22	 Poor branch structure Uneven crown Co-dominant leaders Dead branches >2
524	Maple-Norway	23	 Poor branch structure Co-dominant leaders Dead branches <=2 Cavity-branch
525	Elm-American	24	Low live crown ratioDead branches <=2
526	Oak-Northern Red	16,12,10	 Co-dominant stems Overextended branch Cavity-branch Cavity-stem
528	Maple-Norway	29	 Co-dominant leaders Dead branches <=2 Overextended branch Broken branch(s)

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
529	Maple-Norway	19	Uneven crownPoor branch structureCo-dominant leaders
530	Spruce-Norway	6	 Broken branch(s)
531	Maple-Norway	25	 Uneven crown Broken branch(s) Cavity-branch Cavity-stem Overextended branch
532	Maple-Sugar	16	Uneven crownPoor branch structureBroken branch(s)
533	Spruce-Norway	6	 Lean Storm damage Buried root collar
534	Maple-Norway	12	Uneven crownSuppressedPoor branch structure
535	Maple-Norway	22	 Broken branch(s) Uneven crown Overextended branch Cavity-stem
536	Maple-Norway	12	 Poor branch structure Broken branch(s) Cavity-root flare
537	Oak-Northern Red	15	 Girdling roots present (moderate) Uneven crown Overextended branch Dead branches <=2 Broken branch(s)
538	Maple-Norway	18	 Overextended branch Poor branch structure Broken branch(s)
539	Maple-Sugar	22	 Cavity-branch Co-dominant leaders Cavity-stem Cavity-root flare Dead branches <=2
540	Elm-American	8	 Poor branch structure Dead branches >2
541	Maple-Norway	8,7	Co-dominant stemsPoor branch structure
542	Cherry-Black	6,3	Co-dominant stemsPoor branch structure

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
543	Maple-Norway	22	 Broken branch(s) Dead branches <=2 Co-dominant leaders Cavity-branch Cavity-stem Included bark
545	Horsechestnut-Common	28	 Co-dominant leaders Broken branch(s) Dead branches <=2 Overextended branch
546	Spruce-Norway	8	Corrected leanWound-root
547	Pine-Eastern White (3)	10	Buried root collar
548	Spruce-Norway	6	Soil heavingStorm damageLean
549	Maple-Red	21	 Poor branch structure Topping/heading cuts Overextended branch Hanger
550	Fir-Balsam	7	Corrected leanGirdling material
552	Spruce-Norway	7	Storm damageLeanWound-root
554	Maple-Norway	18	 Uneven crown Overextended branch Dead branches <=2 Broken branch(s) Cavity-stem
555	Maple-Norway	26	 Uneven crown Broken branch(s) Dead branches <=2 Overextended branch Co-dominant leaders Cavity-branch
556	Maple-Norway	24	 Cavity-branch Uneven crown Co-dominant leaders Overextended branch Broken branch(s)
558	Maple-Norway	4	Poor branch structureTopping/heading cuts

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
559	Walnut-Black	27	 Broken branch(s) Co-dominant leaders Dead branches >2 Overextended branch
560	Crabapple	8	 Poor branch structure Broken branch(s)
564	Spruce-Norway	13	 Poor branch structure Suppressed Broken branch(s) Hanger Storm damage Wound-stem
565	Maple-Sugar	7	Poor branch structure
567	Maple-Red	4	 Poor branch structure Buried root collar
570	Maple-Norway	27	 Overextended branch Wound-stem Broken branch(s) Uneven crown Cavity-branch
571	Maple-Norway	27	 Cavity-stem Poor branch structure Dead branches <=2 Broken branch(s)
573	Hemlock-Canadian (2)	6	Dieback (moderate)
574	Dogwood-Kousa (3)	4	 Wound-root flare Poor branch structure Buried root collar
575	Ash-White	23	 Dead branches <=2 Dieback (moderate) Broken branch(s) Decay-Root flare Low live crown ratio
576	Dogwood-Kousa	2,2,2,2,2	Co-dominant stemsPoor branch structure
577	Pagodatree-Japanese	23	 Overextended branch Co-dominant leaders Uneven crown Cavity-branch Included bark Broken branch(s)
578	Maple-Paperbark	4	Wound-root flarePoor branch structure

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
579	Maple-Norway	23	 Cavity-stem Decay-Stem Uneven crown Broken branch(s) Cavity-branch Hanger
580	Maple-Red	25	 Hanger Broken branch(s) Dead branches <=2 Overextended branch Co-dominant leaders
581	Maple-Norway	17	 Broken branch(s) Uneven crown Low live crown ratio
582	Maple-Silver	48	 Overextended branch Broken branch(s) Dead branches <=2 Co-dominant leaders Cavity-branch Included bark
583	Maple-Sugar	23	 Dead branches <=2 Broken branch(s) Poor branch structure
584	Spruce-Norway	12	 Broken branch(s) Poor branch structure Sweep Dead branches >2
585	Maple-Silver	48	 Co-dominant leaders Cavity-branch Dead branches <=2 Broken branch(s) Included bark Overextended branch
586	Maple-Silver	45	 Cavity-branch Dead branches <=2 Broken branch(s) Overextended branch Co-dominant leaders Cavity-stem
587	Maple-Norway	21	 Co-dominant leaders Wound-stem Overextended branch Hanger Broken branch(s)

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
588	Oak-Northern Red	35	 Dead branches <=2 Broken branch(s) Co-dominant leaders Overextended branch Hanger Cavity-branch
589	Oak-Pin	15	 Broken branch(s) Hanger Dead branches <=2 Low live crown ratio
590	Maple-Red	22	 Hanger Dead branches <=2 Uneven crown Overextended branch Co-dominant leaders
591	Pine-Eastern White	40	 Broken branch(s) Dead branches <=2 Cavity-branch Co-dominant leaders Decay-Stem Overextended branch
592	Redcedar-Eastern	24,14	 Broken branch(s) Dead branches <=2 Co-dominant leaders Included bark Hanger
593	Birch-Paper (5)	5	Poor branch structureWound-stem
594	Maple-Norway	10	• Dead branches <=2



INVENTORIED TREES WITH DEFECTS, OBSERVATIONS, OR OTHER STRUCTURAL ISSUES (WEST)



INVENTORIED TREES WITH DEFECTS, OBSERVATIONS, OR OTHER STRUCTURAL ISSUES (EAST)

ENTIRE INVENTORY



ENTIRE INVENTORY (655 Trees)

Tree ID	Common Name	Genus	Species	DBH	Age Class	Condition Class	Tree Care Priority	Tree Asset Value
1	Dogwood-Kousa	Cornus	kousa	10	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$2,198.00
2	Plum-Purple Leaf	Prunus	cerasifera	6,6,5,5,4,4	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$676.98
3	Crapemyrtle-Common	Lagerstroemia	indica	7,6,6,5,5,4	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$822.05
4	Crapemyrtle-Common	Lagerstroemia	indica	5,4,4,4,3,3	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$560.05
5	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	4	Young	Good	3	\$393.88
6	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	3	Young	Good	3	\$221.56
7	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	12	Semi-mature	Fair	2	\$2,532.10
8	Japanese Cryptomeria	Cryptomeria	japonica	4	Young	Good	3	\$344.65
9	Dogwood-Flowering	Cornus	florida	3	Young	Good	3	\$221.56
10	Japanese Cryptomeria	Cryptomeria	japonica	4	Young	Good		\$344.65
11	Oak-Northern Red	Quercus	rubra	28	Mature	Good	1	\$24,125.25
12	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	5	Young	Good	3	\$615.44
13	Magnolia	Magnolia	sp.	20	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$8,616.16
14	Willow	Salix	sp.	24	Mature	Fair	1	\$2,532.10
15	Willow	Salix	sp.	22	Mature	Good	1	\$2,978.73
16	Willow	Salix	sp.	28	Mature	Good	1	\$4,825.05
17	Hemlock-Canadian	Tsuga	canadensis	3	Young	Fair	3	\$118.69
18	Cedar-White	Thuja	occidentalis	3	Young	Fair	3	\$158.26
19	Honeylocust-Thornless Common	Gleditsia	<i>triacanthos</i> var. inermis	10	Semi-mature	Good	3	\$2,154.04
20	Magnolia	Magnolia	sp.	2,2,2,1,1,1	Young	Good	3	\$323.11
21	Japanese Cryptomeria	Cryptomeria	japonica	6	Young	Good		\$775.45
22	Maple-Japanese	Acer	palmatum	5	Semi-mature	Fair		\$549.50
23	Cedar-White	Thuja	occidentalis	8,7,6,5	Semi-mature	Good		\$4,283.46
24	Plum-Purple Leaf	Prunus	cerasifera	6	Young	Poor		\$94.95
25	Redcedar-Eastern	Juniperus	virginiana	26,16,13,10,8,8	Mature	Good	3	\$28,627.19
26	Redcedar-Eastern	Juniperus	virginiana	32,13,11	Mature	Good	3	\$27,857.36

Tree ID	Common Name	Genus	Species	DBH	Age Class	Condition Class	Tree Care Priority	Tree Asset Value
27	Spruce-Colorado Blue	Picea	pungens	16	Semi-mature	Poor	1	\$2,363.29
28	Maple-Japanese	Acer	palmatum	10	Semi-mature	Fair		\$2,198.00
29	Maple-Paperbark	Acer	griseum	5	Young	Good		\$769.30
30	Cedar-White	Thuja	occidentalis	3	Young	Good		\$221.56
31	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	3	Young	Good		\$221.56
32	Redcedar-Eastern	Juniperus	virginiana	18,14	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$11,201.01
33	Redcedar-Eastern	Juniperus	virginiana	17,13	Mature	Good	1	\$9,865.50
34	Redcedar-Eastern	Juniperus	virginiana	14,6	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$4,997.37
35	Redwood-Dawn	Metasequoia	glyptostroboides	10	Young	Good		\$2,769.48
36	Redwood-Dawn	Metasequoia	glyptostroboides	7	Young	Good		\$1,357.05
37	Redwood-Dawn	Metasequoia	glyptostroboides	8	Young	Good		\$1,772.47
38	Cherry-Weeping	Prunus	subhirtella	3	Young	Good		\$221.56
39	Cherry-Weeping	Prunus	subhirtella	3	Young	Good		\$221.56
40	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	6	Young	Good		\$1,107.79
41	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	4	Young	Good		\$492.35
42	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	4	Young	Good	3	\$492.35
43	Maple-Japanese	Acer	palmatum	7	Semi-mature	Fair	3	\$1,077.02
44	Maple-Japanese	Acer	palmatum	13	Semi-mature	Good	3	\$5,200.47
45	Maple-Japanese	Acer	palmatum	4	Young	Good		\$492.35
46	Maple-Japanese	Acer	palmatum	13,12,9	Mature	Fair	2	\$8,660.12
47	Maple-Japanese	Acer	palmatum	5	Young	Good		\$769.30
48	Redcedar-Eastern	Juniperus	virginiana	20	Mature	Good	1	\$8,616.16
49	Redcedar-Eastern	Juniperus	virginiana	21	Mature	Good	1	\$9,499.32
50	Redcedar-Eastern	Juniperus	virginiana	23	Mature	Good	1	\$11,394.87
51	Redcedar-Eastern	Juniperus	virginiana	16	Mature	Good	1	\$5,514.34
52	Redwood-Dawn	Metasequoia	glyptostroboides	8	Young	Good	3	\$1,772.47
53	Redwood-Dawn	Metasequoia	glyptostroboides	7	Young	Good		\$1,357.05
54	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	17	Mature	Good		\$7,114.49
55	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	41	Mature	Good	1	\$46,693.67
56	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	30	Mature	Good	1	\$27,694.80
57	Oak-Pin	Quercus	palustris	28	Mature	Good	1	\$21,712.72

Tree ID	Common Name	Genus	Species	DBH	Age Class	Condition Class	Tree Care Priority	Tree Asset Value
58	Redwood-Dawn	Metasequoia	glyptostroboides	6	Young	Good		\$997.01
59	Redwood-Dawn	Metasequoia	glyptostroboides	7	Young	Good		\$1,357.05
60	Oak-Swamp White	Quercus	bicolor	15	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$6,231.33
61	Hickory-Shagbark	Carya	ovata	24	Mature	Good	3	\$14,179.74
62	Oak-Northern Red	Quercus	rubra	26	Mature	Good	1	\$20,801.87
63	Oak-Northern Red	Quercus	rubra	25,22	Mature	Good	1	\$34,126.15
64	Oak-Northern Red	Quercus	rubra	16	Semi-mature	Fair	2	\$5,626.88
65	Oak-Northern Red	Quercus	rubra	24	Mature	Fair	2	\$12,660.48
66	Oak-Northern Red	Quercus	rubra	28	Mature	Good	2	\$24,125.25
67	Hickory-Shagbark	Carya	ovata	43	Over-mature	Fair	1	\$28,526.06
68	Cherry-Black	Prunus	serotina	13,8	Mature	Fair	1	\$2,048.54
69	Cherry-Weeping	Prunus	subhirtella	6	Young	Good	3	\$886.23
70	Linden-Littleleaf	Tilia	cordata	17,16,16	Mature	Good	1	\$22,183.54
71	Linden-Littleleaf	Tilia	cordata	22	Mature	Good	1	\$13,404.28
72	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	6	Young	Good		\$886.23
73	Linden-Littleleaf	Tilia	cordata	9	Young	Good	3	\$2,243.28
74	Pagodatree-Japanese	Sophora	japonica	12	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$3,544.93
75	Linden-Littleleaf	Tilia	cordata	23	Mature	Good	2	\$14,650.55
76	Dogwood-Kousa	Cornus	kousa	7	Young	Good		\$1,507.83
77	Redbud-Eastern	Cercis	canadensis	5,3,3,3	Young	Good		\$1,280.12
78	Birch-River	Betula	nigra	16,12,12,9	Mature	Good	1	\$13,462.75
79	Linden-Littleleaf	Tilia	cordata	28	Mature	Good	1	\$21,712.72
80	Lilac-Japanese Tree	Syringa	reticulata	5	Young	Good		\$615.44
81	Plum-Purple Leaf	Prunus	cerasifera	11	Semi-mature	Good	3	\$744.68
82	Lilac-Japanese Tree	Syringa	reticulata	5	Young	Good	3	\$615.44
83	Lilac-Japanese Tree	Syringa	reticulata	4,2,2,1	Young	Good	3	\$615.44
84	Plum-Purple Leaf	Prunus	cerasifera	8	Semi-mature	Fair	1	\$281.34
85	Cherry-Black	Prunus	serotina	6	Young	Good		\$443.12
86	Plum-Purple Leaf	Prunus	cerasifera	8	Semi-mature	Fair	2	\$281.34
87	Cherry-Black	Prunus	serotina	10	Semi-mature	Good	3	\$1,230.88
88	Rose-of-Sharon	Hibiscus	syriacus	4,3,3,3,3,2	Young	Good		\$1,206.26

Tree ID	Common Name	Genus	Species	DBH	Age Class	Condition Class	Tree Care Priority	Tree Asset Value
89	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	17	Semi-mature	Good	3	\$7,114.49
90	Cedar-Atlas	Cedrus	atlantica	5	Young	Good		\$692.37
91	Cedar-Atlas	Cedrus	atlantica	5	Young	Good		\$692.37
92	Pine-Eastern White	Pinus	strobus	32	Mature	Fair	1	\$17,641.34
93	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	18	Mature	Good	1	\$9,970.13
94	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	25,10	Mature	Good	2	\$22,309.70
95	Fir-Douglas	Pseudotsuga	menziesii	8	Young	Good		\$1,378.59
96	Oak-Northern Red	Quercus	rubra	26	Mature	Good	2	\$20,801.87
97	Pagodatree-Japanese	Sophora	japonica	16	Mature	Fair	1	\$3,215.36
98	Elm-American	Ulmus	americana	27	Mature	Poor	1	\$2,472.18
99	Redbud-Eastern	Cercis	canadensis	7	Young	Good	3	\$1,206.26
100	Redbud-Eastern	Cercis	canadensis	4	Young	Good	3	\$393.88
101	Redbud-Eastern	Cercis	canadensis	6	Young	Good	3	\$886.23
102	Redbud-Eastern	Cercis	canadensis	6	Young	Good	3	\$886.23
103	Redbud-Eastern	Cercis	canadensis	6	Young	Good	3	\$886.23
104	Oak-Northern Red	Quercus	rubra	14	Semi-mature	Good	3	\$6,031.31
105	Planetree-London	Platanus	x acerifolia	7	Young	Good		\$1,055.48
106	Planetree-London	Platanus	x acerifolia	5	Young	Good		\$538.51
107	Walnut-Black	Juglans	nigra	43	Mature	Good	3	\$44,928.55
108	Elm-American	Ulmus	americana	14,13	Semi-mature	Fair		\$4,813.62
109	Pine-Eastern White	Pinus	strobus	11	Semi-mature	Fair	2	\$1,519.76
110	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	13	Semi-mature	Fair	2	\$2,653.30
111	Elm-American	Ulmus	americana	13	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$2,228.77
112	Walnut-Black	Juglans	nigra	13	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$4,680.42
113	Walnut-Black	Juglans	nigra	14	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$3,877.27
114	Planetree-London	Platanus	x acerifolia	4	Young	Good		\$344.65
115	Elm-Smoothleaf	Ulmus	carpinifolia	6	Young	Good	3	\$553.90
116	Dogwood-Kousa	Cornus	kousa	7	Young	Good		\$1,507.83
117	Pine-Austrian	Pinus	nigra	15	Semi-mature	Fair	1	\$1,978.20
118	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	9	Young	Good	2	\$2,243.28
119	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	10	Young	Good	2	\$2,769.48

Tree ID	Common Name	Genus	Species	DBH	Age Class	Condition Class	Tree Care Priority	Tree Asset Value
120	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	10	Young	Good	2	\$2,769.48
121	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	10	Young	Good	2	\$2,769.48
122	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	9	Young	Good	2	\$2,243.28
123	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	9	Young	Good	2	\$2,243.28
124	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	5	Young	Good		\$615.44
125	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	28	Mature	Good	1	\$24,125.25
126	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	18	Mature	Good	1	\$9,970.13
127	Elm-American	Ulmus	americana	13	Semi-mature	Fair	2	\$2,228.77
128	Elm-American	Ulmus	americana	13	Semi-mature	Good		\$3,120.28
129	Elm-American	Ulmus	americana	13	Semi-mature	Good	3	\$3,120.28
130	Elm-American	Ulmus	americana	13	Semi-mature	Good	3	\$3,120.28
131	Elm-American	Ulmus	americana	12	Semi-mature	Good		\$2,658.70
132	Elm-American	Ulmus	americana	29	Mature	Fair	1	\$11,091.11
133	Hickory-Shagbark	Carya	ovata	25	Mature	Good	1	\$15,386.00
134	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	6	Young	Good		\$886.23
135	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	5	Young	Good		\$769.30
136	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	4	Young	Good		\$492.35
137	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	5	Young	Good		\$769.30
138	Pine-Eastern White	Pinus	strobus	16	Semi-mature	Fair	3	\$4,501.50
139	Pine-Eastern White	Pinus	strobus	17	Semi-mature	Fair	3	\$5,081.78
140	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	15	Semi-mature	Good		\$3,461.85
141	Pine-Eastern White	Pinus	strobus	19	Mature	Good	1	\$8,886.95
142	Pine-Eastern White	Pinus	strobus	21,11	Mature	Good	2	\$13,835.09
143	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	18	Mature	Fair	1	\$7,121.52
144	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	21	Mature	Fair	1	\$9,693.18
145	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	30	Mature	Good	1	\$27,694.80
146	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	13	Semi-mature	Fair	2	\$3,714.62
147	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	19	Semi-mature	Fair	2	\$7,934.78
148	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	22	Mature	Good	1	\$14,893.65
149	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	32	Over-mature	Fair	1	\$22,051.68
150	Oak-Pin	Quercus	palustris	20	Mature	Good	3	\$11,077.92

Tree ID	Common Name	Genus	Species	DBH	Age Class	Condition Class	Tree Care Priority	Tree Asset Value
151	Cherry-Black	Prunus	serotina	18,13	Mature	Fair	1	\$4,334.46
152	Oak-Northern Red	Quercus	rubra	32	Mature	Good	1	\$30,872.35
153	Cherry-Black	Prunus	serotina	14	Semi-mature	Fair	1	\$1,723.23
154	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	14	Semi-mature	Good	3	\$6,031.31
155	Pine-Eastern White	Pinus	strobus	15	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$5,538.96
156	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	16	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$7,877.63
157	Cherry-Black	Prunus	serotina	14	Semi-mature	Fair	2	\$1,723.23
158	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	13	Semi-mature	Good		\$4,160.37
159	Elm-American	Ulmus	americana	6,5	Young	Good	2	\$804.47
160	Elm-American	Ulmus	americana	25	Mature	Good	2	\$11,539.50
161	Willow	Salix	sp.	47	Mature	Good	3	\$11,211.87
162	Elm-Slippery	Ulmus	rubra	27	Mature	Good	3	\$15,702.95
163	Plum-Purple Leaf (4)	Prunus	cerasifera	2,2,2,2	Young	Good	3	\$393.88
164	Russian Olive (7)	Elaeagnus	angustifolia	2,2,2,2,2,2	Young	Good	3	\$2,067.88
165	Redbud-Eastern	Cercis	canadensis	5,4,4,3	Young	Good	3	\$1,624.76
166	Mulberry-White	Morus	alba	5,2	Young	Good	3	\$38.25
167	Cherry-Black	Prunus	serotina	7	Young	Good		\$603.13
168	Oak-Northern Red	Quercus	rubra	4	Young	Fair	3	\$251.20
169	Birch-River	Betula	nigra	5,5,4	Semi-mature	Good	3	\$1,421.67
170	Mulberry-White	Morus	alba	4	Young	Fair	3	\$15.07
171	Redbud-Eastern	Cercis	canadensis	4	Young	Good		\$393.88
172	Euonymus	Euonymus	sp.	5,5,4,4,3,3	Semi-mature	Good	3	\$2,154.04
173	Russian Olive (3)	Elaeagnus	angustifolia	7,7,6,6,5,5	Semi-mature	Good	3	\$2,707.94
174	Honeylocust-Thornless Common	Gleditsia	<i>triacanthos</i> var. inermis	9	Young	Good		\$1,744.77
175	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	12	Semi-mature	Good	3	\$3,988.05
176	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	15	Semi-mature	Fair	2	\$3,956.40
177	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	13	Semi-mature	Fair	2	\$2,971.70
178	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	17	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$7,114.49
179	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	12	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$3,544.93
180	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	13		Good	2	\$4,160.37

Tree ID	Common Name	Genus	Species	DBH	Age Class	Condition Class	Tree Care Priority	Tree Asset Value
181	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	13	Semi-mature	Good	3	\$4,160.37
182	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	18	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$7,976.10
183	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	20	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$9,847.04
184	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	20	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$9,847.04
185	Dogwood-Flowering	Cornus	florida	12	Semi-mature	Good	3	\$3,544.93
186	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	38	Mature	Good	1	\$41,656.27
187	Maple-Sugar	Acer	saccharum	23	Mature	Good	1	\$16,278.39
188	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	32	Mature	Good	3	\$30,872.35
189	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	37	Mature	Good	2	\$19,962.31
190	Pine-Eastern White	Pinus	strobus	24	Mature	Good	3	\$14,179.74
191	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	12	Young	Fair		\$1,356.48
192	Plum-Purple Leaf	Prunus	cerasifera	3	Young	Fair		\$39.56
193	Plum-Purple Leaf	Prunus	cerasifera	5	Young	Fair	3	\$109.90
194	Plum-Purple Leaf	Prunus	cerasifera	7	Young	Fair		\$215.40
195	Maple-Sugar	Acer	saccharum	46	Over-mature	Poor	1	\$23,384.59
196	Maple-Sugar	Acer	saccharum	3	Young	Good		\$276.95
197	Maple-Sugar	Acer	saccharum	40	Mature	Fair	1	\$32,172.00
198	Maple-Sugar	Acer	saccharum	6	Young	Good		\$1,107.79
199	Spruce-White	Picea	glauca	8	Young	Good		\$1,575.53
200	Maple-Sugar	Acer	saccharum	7	Young	Good		\$1,507.83
201	Maple-Sugar	Acer	saccharum	10	Young	Fair		\$2,198.00
202	Maple-Sugar	Acer	saccharum	4	Young	Good		\$492.35
203	Maple-Sugar	Acer	saccharum	17	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$6,352.22
204	Maple-Sugar	Acer	saccharum	6	Young	Good		\$1,107.79
205	Beech-European	Fagus	sylvatica	6	Young	Good		\$886.23
206	Birch-River	Betula	nigra	14,12,10,10	Semi-mature	Good	3	\$11,631.82
207	Planetree-London	Platanus	x acerifolia	27	Mature	Good	1	\$15,702.95
208	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	9	Semi-mature	Good		\$2,492.53
209	Oak-Pin	Quercus	palustris	17	Semi-mature	Good		\$8,003.80
210	Cherry-Black	Prunus	serotina	7	Young	Fair	3	\$430.81
211	Forsythia (4)	Forsythia	x intermedia	5,4,3,3,2,2	Semi-mature	Good	3	\$1,443.21

Tree ID	Common Name	Genus	Species	DBH	Age Class	Condition Class	Tree Care Priority	Tree Asset Value
212	Birch-River	Betula	nigra	13,13,8	Semi-mature	Good	3	\$8,659.24
213	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	13	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$2,600.23
214	Devils Walkingstick	Aralia	spinosa	6,4,4,4,3,1	Young	Good		\$1,446.28
215	Serviceberry (2)	Amelanchier	canadensis	3,3,2,2,1,1	Young	Good		\$1,550.91
216	Willow	Salix	sp.	13,11	Semi-mature	Good		\$1,784.78
217	Willow	Salix	sp.	5,4,3	Young	Fair		\$219.80
218	Oak-Pin	Quercus	palustris	18	Mature	Good		\$8,973.12
219	Beech-European	Fagus	sylvatica	12	Young	Good	2	\$3,544.93
220	Pine-Eastern White	Pinus	strobus	12	Young	Good	2	\$3,544.93
221	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	11	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$3,723.41
222	Birch-River	Betula	nigra	26,18,10	Mature	Good	3	\$23,694.44
223	Pine-Eastern White	Pinus	strobus	16	Mature	Fair		\$4,501.50
224	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	12	Semi-mature	Good	3	\$4,431.17
225	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	11	Semi-mature	Good		\$3,723.41
226	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	13	Semi-mature	Good	3	\$5,200.47
227	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	12	Semi-mature	Good	3	\$4,431.17
228	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	14	Semi-mature	Good	3	\$6,031.31
229	Mulberry-White	Morus	alba	5	Young	Fair	3	\$23.55
230	Cherry-Weeping	Prunus	subhirtella	20	Mature	Good		\$9,847.04
231	Poplar-Eastern	Populus	deltoides	30	Mature	Good	2	\$5,538.96
232	Poplar-Eastern	Populus	deltoides	10	Young	Good	2	\$615.44
233	Cherry-Black	Prunus	serotina	31	Over-mature	Fair	2	\$8,280.89
234	Poplar-Eastern	Populus	deltoides	8	Young	Fair	3	\$200.96
235	Poplar-Eastern	Populus	deltoides	11	Young	Fair	3	\$379.94
236	Poplar-Eastern	Populus	deltoides	8	Young	Poor	3	\$72.35
237	Poplar-Eastern	Populus	deltoides	10	Young	Fair	3	\$188.40
238	Cherry-Black	Prunus	serotina	10	Semi-mature	Fair	3	\$376.80
239	Elm-American	Ulmus	americana	16	Mature	Good	3	\$4,726.58
240	Ash-White	Fraxinus	americana	30	Mature	Fair	2	\$7,912.80
241	Maple-Sugar	Acer	saccharum	26	Mature	Good	1	\$14,858.48
242	Elm-American	Ulmus	americana	34	Mature	Good	1	\$20,743.23

Tree ID	Common Name	Genus	Species	DBH	Age Class	Condition Class	Tree Care Priority	Tree Asset Value
243	Ash-White	Fraxinus	americana	18	Mature	Poor	1	\$732.50
244	Maple-Sugar	Acer	saccharum	7	Young	Good		\$1,507.83
245	Oak-Pin	Quercus	palustris	5	Young	Good		\$692.37
246	Maple-Sugar	Acer	saccharum	5	Young	Good		\$769.30
247	Redcedar-Eastern	Juniperus	virginiana	3	Young	Fair	3	\$138.47
248	Elm-American	Ulmus	americana	16	Mature	Good	1	\$4,726.58
249	Spruce-Norway (2)	Picea	abies	4	Young	Good		\$984.70
250	Elm-American	Ulmus	americana	4	Young	Fair		\$211.01
251	Elm-American	Ulmus	americana	6	Young	Good		\$664.68
252	Elm-American	Ulmus	americana	4	Young	Good		\$295.41
253	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	29	Mature	Good	1	\$25,879.25
254	Elm-American	Ulmus	americana	3	Young	Fair		\$118.69
255	Elm-American	Ulmus	americana	3	Young	Fair		\$118.69
256	Plum-Purple Leaf	Prunus	cerasifera	5	Young	Good		\$153.86
257	Pine-Eastern White	Pinus	strobus	5	Young	Good		\$615.44
258	Pine-Eastern White	Pinus	strobus	6	Young	Good		\$886.23
259	Pine-Eastern White	Pinus	strobus	13	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$4,160.37
260	Pine-Eastern White	Pinus	strobus	13	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$4,160.37
261	Pine-Eastern White	Pinus	strobus	15	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$5,538.96
262	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	14	Semi-mature	Fair	2	\$4,308.08
263	Spruce-Norway (2)	Picea	abies	5	Young	Good		\$1,538.60
264	Pine-Eastern White	Pinus	strobus	9	Young	Good		\$1,994.03
265	Pine-Eastern White	Pinus	strobus	7	Young	Good		\$1,206.26
266	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	6	Young	Good		\$1,107.79
267	Pine-Eastern White	Pinus	strobus	15	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$5,538.96
268	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	9	Semi-mature	Good		\$2,492.53
269	Hickory-Shagbark	Carya	ovata	26	Mature	Good	3	\$16,641.50
270	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	24	Mature	Good	1	\$17,724.67
271	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	17	Mature	Good		\$8,893.11
272	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	25	Mature	Good	2	\$19,232.50
273	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	30	Mature	Good	2	\$27,694.80

Tree ID	Common Name	Genus	Species	DBH	Age Class	Condition Class	Tree Care Priority	Tree Asset Value
274	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	4	Young	Good		\$492.35
275	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	24	Mature	Good	2	\$17,724.67
276	Pine-Eastern White	Pinus	strobus	23	Mature	Good	2	\$13,022.71
277	Pine-Eastern White	Pinus	strobus	10	Mature	Fair	3	\$1,758.40
278	Pine-Eastern White	Pinus	strobus	26	Mature	Good	1	\$16,641.50
279	Oak-Swamp White	Quercus	bicolor	41	Mature	Good	1	\$42,024.30
280	Hickory-Shagbark	Carya	ovata	25	Mature	Good	1	\$15,386.00
281	Cherry-Black	Prunus	serotina	24	Mature	Good	2	\$7,089.87
282	Oak-Northern Red	Quercus	rubra	14	Semi-mature	Fair	3	\$4,308.08
283	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	32	Mature	Good	2	\$15,436.18
284	Hickory-Shagbark	Carya	ovata	32	Mature	Fair	2	\$17,641.34
285	Oak-Northern Red	Quercus	rubra	43	Mature	Good	3	\$49,920.61
286	Oak-Northern Red	Quercus	rubra	41	Mature	Good	2	\$46,693.67
287	Poplar-Eastern	Populus	deltoides	28	Mature	Fair	1	\$3,446.46
288	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	12	Semi-mature	Good	3	\$3,544.93
289	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	8	Semi-mature	Good		\$1,575.53
290	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	13	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$4,160.37
291	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	14	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$4,825.05
292	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	18	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$7,976.10
293	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	8	Semi-mature	Good		\$1,575.53
294	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	8	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$1,575.53
295	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	11	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$2,978.73
296	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	11	Semi-mature	Good	3	\$2,978.73
297	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	17	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$7,114.49
298	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	13,12	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$4,815.82
299	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	14	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$6,031.31
300	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	19	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$11,108.69
301	Maple-Sugar	Acer	saccharum	8	Young	Good		\$1,969.41
302	Maple-Sugar	Acer	saccharum	8	Young	Good	3	\$1,969.41
303	Maple-Sugar	Acer	saccharum	9	Young	Good	3	\$2,492.53
304	Maple-Sugar	Acer	saccharum	25	Mature	Fair	1	\$13,737.50

Tree ID	Common Name	Genus	Species	DBH	Age Class	Condition Class	Tree Care Priority	Tree Asset Value
305	Maple-Sugar	Acer	saccharum	36	Over-mature	Fair	1	\$27,261.92
306	Maple-Sugar	Acer	saccharum	27	Over-mature	Fair	1	\$16,023.42
307	Maple-Sugar	Acer	saccharum	6	Young	Good		\$1,107.79
308	Maple-Sugar	Acer	saccharum	7	Young	Good	3	\$1,507.83
309	Maple-Sugar	Acer	saccharum	6	Young	Good		\$1,107.79
310	Maple-Sugar	Acer	saccharum	8	Young	Good	3	\$1,969.41
311	Maple-Sugar	Acer	saccharum	5	Young	Good	3	\$769.30
312	Maple-Sugar	Acer	saccharum	13	Semi-mature	Good	3	\$5,200.47
313	Linden-Littleleaf	Tilia	cordata	6	Young	Good	3	\$997.01
314	Linden-Littleleaf	Tilia	cordata	12	Young	Good	3	\$3,988.05
315	Maple-Sugar	Acer	saccharum	14	Semi-mature	Good	3	\$6,031.31
316	Birch-River	Betula	nigra	2,2,2,2	Young	Good		\$344.65
317	Willow	Salix	sp.	26	Mature	Good	2	\$4,160.37
318	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	17	Semi-mature	Good		\$8,893.11
319	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	17	Semi-mature	Good		\$8,893.11
320	Pine-Eastern White	Pinus	strobus	13	Semi-mature	Good		\$4,160.37
321	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	7	Young	Good		\$861.62
322	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	18	Semi-mature	Good		\$7,976.10
323	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	14	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$4,825.05
324	Crabapple (3)	Malus	sp.	5,4,4,3	Young	Fair	3	\$3,916.84
325	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	5	Young	Fair	3	\$494.55
326	Crabapple (2)	Malus	sp.	10	Young	Fair	3	\$3,956.40
327	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	8	Young	Good	3	\$1,772.47
328	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	12	Young	Fair		\$1,582.56
329	Cherry-Black	Prunus	serotina	8	Young	Poor	3	\$337.61
330	Spruce-Colorado Blue	Picea	pungens	6	Young	Fair		\$553.90
331	Pine-Eastern White	Pinus	strobus	8	Young	Good		\$1,575.53
332	Pine-Eastern White	Pinus	strobus	8	Young	Good		\$1,575.53
333	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	4	Young	Fair	3	\$316.51
334	Oak-Pin	Quercus	palustris	5	Young	Good		\$692.37
335	Magnolia-Cucumbertree	Magnolia	acuminata	3,3,2,2,2,2	Young	Good		\$837.00

Tree ID	Common Name	Genus	Species	DBH	Age Class	Condition Class	Tree Care Priority	Tree Asset Value
336	Spruce-White	Picea	glauca	7	Young	Good	3	\$1,206.26
337	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	16	Semi-mature	Good		\$7,877.63
338	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	11	Young	Good		\$3,723.41
339	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	4	Young	Fair		\$251.20
340	Spruce-Colorado Blue (3)	Picea	pungens	7	Young	Good		\$3,166.44
341	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	4	Young	Good		\$492.35
342	Birch-Gray	Betula	populifolia	3	Young	Good		\$110.78
343	Birch-Gray	Betula	populifolia	3	Young	Good		\$110.78
344	Birch-Gray	Betula	populifolia	3	Young	Good		\$110.78
345	Spruce-Colorado Blue	Picea	pungens	5	Young	Fair	3	\$274.75
346	Crabapple (2)	Malus	sp.	3	Young	Good	3	\$498.51
347	Maple-Sugar	Acer	saccharum	8	Young	Good		\$1,969.41
348	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	17	Semi-mature	Fair	2	\$3,176.11
349	Boxelder (2)	Acer	negundo	8	Semi-mature	Good		\$787.76
350	Linden-Littleleaf	Tilia	cordata	10	Young	Good	2	\$2,769.48
351	Tuliptree	Liriodendron	tulipifera	27	Mature	Good	2	\$17,946.23
352	Tuliptree	Liriodendron	tulipifera	10,8	Young	Good		\$4,037.29
353	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	17	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$4,446.55
354	Elm-American	Ulmus	americana	30	Mature	Good	1	\$16,616.88
355	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	7,6	Young	Fair	1	\$1,681.47
356	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	9,7	Young	Fair	2	\$1,428.70
357	Ash-White	Fraxinus	americana	23	Mature	Fair	2	\$4,650.97
358	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	8	Young	Good		\$984.70
359	Oak-Northern Red	Quercus	rubra	24	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$17,724.67
360	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	12	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$2,215.58
361	Oak-Northern Red	Quercus	rubra	27	Mature	Good	1	\$22,432.79
362	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	12	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$2,215.58
363	Poplar-Eastern	Populus	deltoides	10	Young	Fair	3	\$188.40
364	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	23	Mature	Good	2	\$8,139.19
365	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	6	Young	Good	3	\$553.90
366	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	26	Mature	Fair	1	\$7,429.24

Tree ID	Common Name	Genus	Species	DBH	Age Class	Condition Class	Tree Care Priority	Tree Asset Value
367	Pagodatree-Japanese	Sophora	japonica	5	Young	Good		\$615.44
368	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	27	Mature	Good	2	\$11,216.39
369	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	11	Young	Fair		\$1,329.79
370	Hickory-Pignut	Carya	glabra	22	Mature	Good		\$11,914.92
371	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	9	Young	Good	1	\$1,246.27
372	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	20	Semi-mature	Fair	1	\$4,396.00
373	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	4	Young	Good		\$246.18
374	Oak-Pin	Quercus	palustris	34	Mature	Good	1	\$31,114.84
375	Maple-Silver	Acer	saccharinum	10	Young	Good	2	\$1,230.88
376	Hickory-Pignut	Carya	glabra	9	Young	Good		\$1,994.03
377	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	5	Young	Fair	2	\$274.75
378	Hickory-Pignut	Carya	glabra	23	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$13,022.71
379	Maple-Norway (3)	Acer	platanoides	4	Young	Fair	3	\$226.08
380	Poplar-Eastern	Populus	deltoides	33	Mature	Good	1	\$6,547.07
381	Poplar-Eastern	Populus	deltoides	22	Mature	Good	1	\$2,978.73
382	Poplar-Eastern	Populus	deltoides	33	Mature	Good	1	\$6,547.07
383	Elm-American	Ulmus	americana	15	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$4,154.22
384	Poplar-Eastern	Populus	deltoides	25	Mature	Good	1	\$3,846.50
385	Tuliptree	Liriodendron	tulipifera	23	Mature	Good	1	\$13,022.71
386	Tuliptree	Liriodendron	tulipifera	13	Semi-mature	Fair	1	\$1,273.58
387	Ash-White	Fraxinus	americana	9	Young	Good		\$997.01
388	Hickory-Shagbark	Carya	ovata	9	Young	Good		\$1,424.30
389	Boxelder	Acer	negundo	6	Young	Fair	3	\$67.82
390	Maple-Sugar	Acer	saccharum	13	Semi-mature	Good		\$3,714.62
391	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	4	Young	Good		\$351.68
392	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	18	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$3,560.76
393	Sassafras-Common	Sassafras	albidum	7	Young	Good	1	\$861.62
394	Horsechestnut-Common	Aesculus	hippocastanum	13	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$2,600.23
395	Sassafras-Common (2)	Sassafras	albidum	4	Young	Fair	1	\$241.15
396	Sassafras-Common	Sassafras	albidum	8	Young	Fair	1	\$803.84
397	Sassafras-Common	Sassafras	albidum	12	Semi-mature	Fair	3	\$1,808.64

Tree ID	Common Name	Genus	Species	DBH	Age Class	Condition Class	Tree Care Priority	Tree Asset Value
398	Sassafras-Common (2)	Sassafras	albidum	9	Semi-mature	Fair	2	\$1,220.83
399	Sassafras-Common	Sassafras	albidum	11	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$2,127.66
400	Sassafras-Common	Sassafras	albidum	6	Young	Fair	1	\$271.30
401	Sassafras-Common	Sassafras	albidum	8	Young	Fair	2	\$803.84
402	Sassafras-Common	Sassafras	albidum	9	Young	Good	1	\$1,424.30
403	Sassafras-Common	Sassafras	albidum	8,7	Young	Good	1	\$1,986.99
404	Sassafras-Common (2)	Sassafras	albidum	5	Young	Poor	2	\$226.08
405	Sassafras-Common	Sassafras	albidum	9	Young	Good	2	\$1,424.30
406	Sassafras-Common	Sassafras	albidum	11	Semi-mature	Good	3	\$2,127.66
407	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	4	Young	Fair		\$251.20
408	Spruce-Colorado Blue (3)	Picea	pungens	8	Young	Good		\$2,954.11
409	Spruce-Colorado Blue	Picea	pungens	7	Young	Good		\$753.91
410	Oak-Pin	Quercus	palustris	10	Young	Good	3	\$1,978.20
411	Ash-White	Fraxinus	americana	23	Mature	Poor	1	\$1,195.96
412	Spruce-Colorado Blue	Picea	pungens	4	Young	Good		\$246.18
413	Elm-American	Ulmus	americana	12	Semi-mature	Fair	1	\$1,899.07
414	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	4	Young	Fair	3	\$316.51
415	Elm-American	Ulmus	americana	18	Mature	Good	2	\$4,272.91
416	Oak-Swamp White	Quercus	bicolor	37	Mature	Good	2	\$35,932.15
417	Cherry-Black	Prunus	serotina	11	Semi-mature	Good		\$1,063.83
418	Locust-Black	Robinia	pseudoacacia	14	Mature	Fair	2	\$1,846.32
419	Locust-Black	Robinia	pseudoacacia	14	Mature	Good	2	\$2,584.85
420	Locust-Black	Robinia	pseudoacacia	10	Mature	Good	2	\$791.28
421	Elm-American	Ulmus	americana	6	Young	Good		\$664.68
422	Elm-American	Ulmus	americana	5	Young	Good		\$461.58
423	Walnut-Black	Juglans	nigra	20	Mature	Good	2	\$7,912.80
424	Oak-Swamp White	Quercus	bicolor	14	Mature	Fair	2	\$1,661.69
425	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	23,11	Mature	Fair	1	\$3,061.50
426	Pine-Eastern White	Pinus	strobus	32	Mature	Good	1	\$17,641.34
427	Pine-Eastern White	Pinus	strobus	29	Mature	Good	3	\$20,703.40
428	Oak-Northern Red	Quercus	rubra	41	Mature	Good	1	\$46,693.67

Tree ID	Common Name	Genus	Species	DBH	Age Class	Condition Class	Tree Care Priority	Tree Asset Value
429	Oak-Northern Red	Quercus	rubra	21	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$9,693.18
430	Oak-Northern Red	Quercus	rubra	32	Mature	Good	1	\$30,872.35
431	Cherry-Weeping	Prunus	subhirtella	5	Young	Good		\$615.44
432	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	11	Semi-mature	Good		\$3,351.07
433	Birch-Paper	Betula	papyrifera	7,7,4	Semi-mature	Good	3	\$2,806.41
434	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	3	Young	Good		\$276.95
435	Dogwood-Kousa	Cornus	kousa	5	Young	Good		\$769.30
436	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	25	Mature	Fair	1	\$13,737.50
437	Dogwood-Flowering	Cornus	florida	8	Young	Good	3	\$1,125.38
438	Dogwood-Flowering	Cornus	florida	7	Young	Good	3	\$1,206.26
439	Magnolia (2)	Magnolia	sp.	4,4,4,3,3,3	Young	Good	3	\$3,231.06
440	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	14	Semi-mature	Good	3	\$6,031.31
441	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	13	Semi-mature	Good		\$5,200.47
442	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	14	Semi-mature	Good		\$6,031.31
443	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	10	Semi-mature	Good		\$3,077.20
444	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	11	Semi-mature	Good		\$3,723.41
445	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	12	Semi-mature	Good		\$4,431.17
446	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	1	Semi-mature	Good		\$30.77
447	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	12	Semi-mature	Good		\$4,431.17
448	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	11	Semi-mature	Good		\$2,659.58
449	Oak-Pin	Quercus	palustris	23	Mature	Good	2	\$14,650.55
450	Dogwood-Kousa	Cornus	kousa	4,4,3,2,2	Young	Good		\$1,507.83
451	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	10	Semi-mature	Good		\$3,077.20
452	Pagodatree-Japanese	Sophora	japonica	30	Mature	Good	2	\$15,825.60
453	Pagodatree-Japanese	Sophora	japonica	23	Mature	Good	1	\$9,301.94
454	Pagodatree-Japanese	Sophora	japonica	29	Mature	Good	1	\$20,703.40
455	Pagodatree-Japanese	Sophora	japonica	36	Mature	Good	1	\$30,533.35
456	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	30	Mature	Good	2	\$27,694.80
457	Oak-Northern Red	Quercus	rubra	23	Mature	Good	1	\$11,627.42
458	Oak-Northern Red	Quercus	rubra	25	Mature	Good	1	\$19,232.50
459	Locust-Black	Robinia	pseudoacacia	17	Mature	Fair	1	\$3,811.33

Tree ID	Common Name	Genus	Species	DBH	Age Class	Condition Class	Tree Care Priority	Tree Asset Value
460	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	12	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$2,215.58
461	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	12	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$2,215.58
462	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	11	Semi-mature	Dead	1	
463	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	26	Mature	Good	2	\$20,801.87
464	Pine-Eastern White	Pinus	strobus	31	Mature	Good	1	\$23,186.49
465	Maple-Japanese	Acer	palmatum	12	Mature	Fair	1	\$2,260.80
466	Redcedar-Eastern	Juniperus	virginiana	15	Semi-mature	Good		\$4,846.59
467	Plum-Purple Leaf (2)	Prunus	cerasifera	4,3,3,3,2	Young	Good		\$578.51
468	Lilac-Japanese Tree	Syringa	reticulata	4	Young	Good		\$393.88
469	Dogwood-Kousa	Cornus	kousa	10	Young	Good	3	\$3,077.20
470	Maple-Japanese	Acer	palmatum	4	Young	Good		\$492.35
471	Dogwood-Flowering	Cornus	florida	8	Young	Good	3	\$1,575.53
472	Dogwood-Flowering	Cornus	florida	6	Young	Good		\$886.23
473	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	13	Semi-mature	Good	3	\$4,680.42
474	Maple-Sycamore	Acer	pseudoplatanus	6	Young	Good	3	\$443.12
475	Maple-Sycamore	Acer	pseudoplatanus	6	Young	Good		\$443.12
476	Maple-Sycamore	Acer	pseudoplatanus	6	Young	Good	3	\$443.12
477	Spruce-Norway (3)	Picea	abies	5	Young	Good		\$2,307.90
478	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	13	Semi-mature	Fair	1	\$3,343.16
479	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	10	Semi-mature	Good	3	\$2,769.48
480	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	6	Young	Fair	3	\$712.15
481	Cherry-Black	Prunus	serotina	4,2,2	Young	Good	3	\$295.41
482	Cherry-Weeping	Prunus	subhirtella	14	Semi-mature	Good	3	\$4,825.05
483	Pine-Austrian	Pinus	nigra	13	Semi-mature	Fair	1	\$1,485.85
484	Pine-Eastern White	Pinus	strobus	27	Mature	Good	1	\$17,946.23
485	Pine-Eastern White	Pinus	strobus	23	Mature	Good	1	\$13,022.71
486	Redcedar-Eastern	Juniperus	virginiana	29	Mature	Good	2	\$18,115.48
487	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	7	Young	Good	3	\$1,357.05
488	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	7	Young	Good	3	\$1,357.05
489	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	12	Semi-mature	Fair		\$3,165.12
490	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	38	Mature	Good	1	\$41,656.27

Tree ID	Common Name	Genus	Species	DBH	Age Class	Condition Class	Tree Care Priority	Tree Asset Value
491	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	12	Semi-mature	Good	3	\$3,988.05
492	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	12	Semi-mature	Good	3	\$3,988.05
493	Cherry-Black	Prunus	serotina	15	Semi-mature	Good		\$2,769.48
494	Redcedar-Eastern	Juniperus	virginiana	21	Semi-mature	Good		\$9,499.32
495	Magnolia-Southern	Magnolia	grandiflora	9	Young	Good	3	\$1,744.77
496	Cedar-White (3)	Thuja	occidentalis	4	Young	Good		\$1,181.64
497	Maple-Sugar	Acer	saccharum	5	Young	Good	3	\$769.30
498	Linden-Littleleaf	Tilia	cordata	19	Mature	Good		\$9,997.82
499	Linden-Littleleaf	Tilia	cordata	23	Mature	Good	1	\$14,650.55
500	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	12	Semi-mature	Fair	3	\$2,848.61
501	Pine-Eastern White	Pinus	strobus	33	Mature	Good	2	\$18,705.90
502	Pine-Eastern White	Pinus	strobus	22	Mature	Good	2	\$8,510.66
503	Mulberry-White	Morus	alba	6	Young	Fair	3	\$33.91
504	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	11	Young	Good	3	\$3,723.41
505	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	7	Young	Good	3	\$969.32
506	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	5	Young	Good	3	\$494.55
507	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	13	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$2,971.70
508	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	12	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$2,532.10
509	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	13	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$2,971.70
510	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	14	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$3,446.46
511	Plum-Purple Leaf	Prunus	cerasifera	15	Semi-mature	Fair	1	\$706.50
512	Maple-Sugar	Acer	saccharum	16	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$5,626.88
513	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	18	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$5,697.22
514	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	18,15,11	Mature	Good	1	\$13,253.94
515	Maple-Sugar	Acer	saccharum	15	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$4,945.50
516	Willow	Salix	sp.	5,4,4,4,3,3	Young	Good	3	\$400.04
517	Cedar-White (3)	Thuja	occidentalis	5	Young	Good		\$1,846.32
518	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	15	Semi-mature	Poor	1	\$1,483.65
519	Tuliptree	Liriodendron	tulipifera	38	Mature	Good	1	\$23,803.58
520	Maple-Sugar	Acer	saccharum	17	Mature	Good		\$8,893.11
521	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	23	Mature	Good	1	\$8,139.19

Tree ID	Common Name	Genus	Species	DBH	Age Class	Condition Class	Tree Care Priority	Tree Asset Value
522	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	7	Young	Fair		\$1,077.02
523	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	22	Mature	Good	3	\$7,446.82
524	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	23	Mature	Good	2	\$8,139.19
525	Elm-American	Ulmus	americana	24	Mature	Fair	3	\$5,425.92
526	Oak-Northern Red	Quercus	rubra	16,12,10	Semi-mature	Good	3	\$10,990.00
527	Spruce-Norway (3)	Picea	abies	4	Young	Good		\$1,477.06
528	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	29	Mature	Good	1	\$12,939.63
529	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	19	Mature	Good		\$5,554.35
530	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	6	Young	Good		\$1,107.79
531	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	25	Mature	Fair	1	\$6,868.75
532	Maple-Sugar	Acer	saccharum	16	Semi-mature	Good		\$7,877.63
533	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	6	Young	Fair	3	\$791.28
534	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	12	Semi-mature	Good		\$2,215.58
535	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	22	Mature	Good	2	\$7,446.82
536	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	12	Semi-mature	Fair		\$1,582.56
537	Oak-Northern Red	Quercus	rubra	15	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$4,945.50
538	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	18	Mature	Good	3	\$4,985.06
539	Maple-Sugar	Acer	saccharum	22	Mature	Good	3	\$14,893.65
540	Elm-American	Ulmus	americana	8	Young	Good	3	\$1,181.64
541	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	8,7	Young	Good		\$1,738.62
542	Cherry-Black	Prunus	serotina	6,3	Young	Fair	3	\$395.64
543	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	22	Mature	Fair	2	\$5,319.16
544	Spruce-Norway (2)	Picea	abies	5	Young	Fair		\$1,099.00
545	Horsechestnut-Common	Aesculus	hippocastanum	28	Mature	Good	2	\$16,887.67
546	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	8	Young	Fair	3	\$1,406.72
547	Pine-Eastern White (3)	Pinus	strobus	10	Semi-mature	Good		\$7,385.28
548	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	6	Young	Poor	2	\$474.77
549	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	21	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$10,856.36
550	Fir-Balsam	Abies	balsamea	7	Young	Fair		\$184.63
551	Spruce-Norway (2)	Picea	abies	6	Young	Good		\$2,215.58
552	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	7	Young	Poor	3	\$646.21

Tree ID	Common Name	Genus	Species	DBH	Age Class	Condition Class	Tree Care Priority	Tree Asset Value
553	Spruce-Norway (2)	Picea	abies	7	Young	Good		\$3,015.66
554	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	18	Semi-mature	Fair	2	\$2,543.40
555	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	26	Mature	Fair	1	\$7,429.24
556	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	24	Mature	Fair	1	\$6,330.24
557	Spruce-Colorado Blue (2)	Picea	pungens	5	Young	Fair		\$769.30
558	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	4	Young	Fair		\$125.60
559	Walnut-Black	Juglans	nigra	27	Mature	Good	2	\$20,189.51
560	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	8	Young	Fair	3	\$1,266.05
561	Spruce-Norway (4)	Picea	abies	5	Young	Good		\$3,077.20
562	Fir-Balsam	Abies	balsamea	9	Young	Good		\$997.01
563	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	8	Young	Fair		\$1,004.80
564	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	13	Semi-mature	Fair	1	\$1,591.98
565	Maple-Sugar	Acer	saccharum	7	Young	Good		\$1,507.83
566	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	6	Young	Good		\$1,107.79
567	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	4	Young	Good		\$393.88
568	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	9	Young	Good		\$2,492.53
569	Spruce-Norway (3)	Picea	abies	8	Young	Fair		\$4,220.16
570	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	27	Mature	Fair	1	\$8,011.71
571	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	27	Mature	Good	1	\$11,216.39
572	Spruce-Norway (3)	Picea	abies	8	Young	Fair		\$4,220.16
573	Hemlock-Canadian (2)	Tsuga	canadensis	6	Young	Poor		\$569.72
574	Dogwood-Kousa (3)	Cornus	kousa	4	Young	Good	3	\$1,477.06
575	Ash-White	Fraxinus	americana	23	Mature	Poor	1	\$2,790.58
576	Dogwood-Kousa	Cornus	kousa	2,2,2,2,2	Young	Good	3	\$615.44
577	Pagodatree-Japanese	Sophora	japonica	23	Mature	Good	1	\$13,022.71
578	Maple-Paperbark	Acer	griseum	4	Young	Good		\$492.35
579	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	23	Semi-mature	Fair	1	\$5,813.71
580	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	25	Mature	Good	1	\$15,386.00
581	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	17	Mature	Fair	1	\$3,176.11
582	Maple-Silver	Acer	saccharinum	48	Over-mature	Fair	1	\$16,436.67
583	Maple-Sugar	Acer	saccharum	23	Mature	Good	3	\$16,278.39

Tree ID	Common Name	Genus	Species	DBH	Age Class	Condition Class	Tree Care Priority	Tree Asset Value
584	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	12	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$4,431.17
585	Maple-Silver	Acer	saccharinum	48	Over-mature	Good	1	\$23,011.34
586	Maple-Silver	Acer	saccharinum	45	Over-mature	Good	1	\$21,217.00
587	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	21	Mature	Good	1	\$6,785.23
588	Oak-Northern Red	Quercus	rubra	35	Mature	Good	1	\$36,382.50
589	Oak-Pin	Quercus	palustris	15	Semi-mature	Fair	1	\$4,450.95
590	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	22	Semi-mature	Fair	1	\$8,510.66
591	Pine-Eastern White	Pinus	strobus	40	Over-mature	Fair	1	\$25,737.60
592	Redcedar-Eastern	Juniperus	virginiana	24,14	Mature	Poor	1	\$7,126.80
593	Birch-Paper (5)	Betula	papyrifera	5	Young	Good	3	\$3,077.20
594	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	10	Young	Dead	1	

APPENDIX



BIBLIOGRAPHY

Council of Tree and Landscape Appraisers (CTLA). 2000. *Guide for Plant Appraisal*, 9th Edition. International Society of Arboriculture, Champaign, IL. 143 pp.

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

Bartlett publishes a variety of tree-resource documents, including technical reports, plant health care recommendations, and service brochures. The following technical reports may be pertinent to your inventory. To access these documents and view the complete Bartlett Resource Library online, please follow this URL:

https://www.bartlett.com/resourcelist.cfm

Girdling Roots

Maintenance Pruning Program

Monitor IPM Program

Mulch Application Guidelines

Tree Risk Assessments

Tree Structure Evaluation

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

air pollution removal: removal of pollutants from the air by plants through natural processes

arborist: 1. An individual engaged in the profession of arboriculture who, through experience, education and related training, possesses the competence to provide for, or supervise the management of, trees and other woody ornamentals. [ANSI A300 (Part 1, 2, 4, 5, 6)] 2. An individual engaged in the profession of arboriculture. [ANSI Z133.1-2000 Safety Requirements for Arboricultural Operations]

bracing: The installation of lag-thread screw or threaded-steel rods in limbs, leaders, or trunks to provide supplemental support. [ANSI A300 (Part 3)-2000 Support Systems]

branch: An outgrowing shoot, stem or twig that grows from the main stem or trunk. [ANSI Z60.1–2004 Nursery Stock]

buttress roots: Lateral surface roots that aid in stabilizing the tree.

cable: 1) Zinc coated strand per ASTM A-475 for dead-end grip applications. 2) Wire rope or strand for general applications. 3) Synthetic-fiber rope or synthetic-fiber webbing for general applications. [ANSI A300 (Part 3)-2000 Support Systems]

cabling: The installation of a steel wire rope, steel strand, or synthetic-fiber system within a tree between limbs or leaders to limit movement and provide supplemental support. [ANSI A300 (Part 3)-2000 Support Systems]

canopy: collective branches and foliage of a tree or group of trees' crowns

carbon sequestration: removal of carbon from the air by plants through natural processes

carbon storage: storage of carbon removed from the air in plant tissues

cation exchange capacity(CEC): The ability of soil to absorb nutrients.

cavity: An open wound characterized by the presence of decay and resulting in a hollow.

cleaning: Selective pruning to remove one or more of the following parts: dead, diseased, and/ or broken branches (5.6.1). [ANSI A300 (Part 1)-2001 Pruning]

co-dominant branches: Equal in size and importance, usually associated with either the trunks, stems, or scaffold limbs.

conk: fruiting body or nonfruiting body of a fungus. Often associated with decay. critical root zone(CRZ): area of soil around a tree trunk where roots are located that provide

stability and uptake of water and minerals required for tree survival.

crown: 1. The leaves and branches of a tree measured from the lowest branch on the trunk to the top of the tree. [ANSI A300 (Part 1)-2001Pruning] [ANSI A300 (Part 6)-2005 Transplanting] 2. The portion of a tree comprising the branches. [ANSI Z60.1-2004 Nursery Stock]

D.B.H. [diameter at breast height]: Measurement of trunk diameter taken at 4.5 feet (1.4 m) off the ground. [ANSI A300 (Part 6)- 2005 Transplanting]

decay: The degradation of woody tissue caused by microorganisms. [ANSI A300 (Part 1)-2001 Pruning]

Geographic Information System (GIS): is any system for capturing, storing, analyzing and managing data and associated attributes which are spatially referenced to earth.

girdling root: A root that may impede proper development of other roots, trunk flare, and/or trunk. [ANSI A300 (Part 6)-2005 Transplanting]

Global Positioning System (GPS): A constellation of at least 24 Medium Earth Orbit satellites that transmit precise microwave signals, the system enables a GPS receiver to determine its location, speed, direction, and time.

Global Positioning System receiver (GPSr): A receiver that receives its input from GPS satellites to determine location, speed, direction, and time.

heading: cutting a shoot back to a bud o cutting branches back to buds, stubs, or lateral branches not large enough to assume apical dominance. Cutting an older branch or stem back to meet a structural objective

integrated pest management (IPM): A pest control strategy that uses an array of complementary methods: mechanical devices, physical devices, genetic, biological, legal, cultural management, and chemical management. These methods are done in three stages of prevention, Observation, and finally Intervention. It is an ecological approach that has its main goal is to significantly reduce or eliminate the use of pesticides.

lateral branch: A shoot or stem growing from a parent branch or stem. [ANSI A300 (Part 1)- 2001 Pruning]

leader: A dominant or co-dominant, upright stem. [ANSI A300 (Part 1)-2001 Pruning]

lean: Departure from vertical of the stem, beginning at or near the base of the trunk.

limb: A large, prominent branch. [ANSI A300 (Part 1)-2001 Pruning] lion's tailing: The removal of an excessive number of inner, lateral branches from parent branches. Lion's tailing is not an acceptable pruning practice (5.5.7). [ANSI A300 (Part 1)- 2001 Pruning]

macronutrient: Nutrient required in relatively large amounts by plants, such as nitrogen (N), phosphorus (P), potassium (K), and sulfur (S). [ANSI A300 (Part 2)-2004 Fertilization]

micronutrient: Nutrient required in relatively small amounts by plants, such as iron (Fe), manganese (Mn), zinc (Zn), copper (Cu), and boron (B). [ANSI A300 (Part 2)-2004 Fertilization]

noise attenuation: reducing sound levels via materials, structures, plants, etc.

nutrient: Element or compound required for growth, reproduction or development of a plant. [ANSI A300 (Part 2)-2004 Fertilization]

organic matter: material derived from the growth (and death) of living organisms. The organic components of soil.

parent branch or stem: A tree trunk, limb, or prominent branch from which shoots or stems grow. [ANSI A300 (Part 1)-2001 Pruning]

pH: unit of measurement that describes the alkalinity or acidity of a solution. Measured on a scale of 0 to 14. Greater than 7 Is alkaline, less than 7 is acid, and 7 is neutral (pure water).

pruning: The selective removal of plant parts to meet specific goals and objectives. [ANSI A300 (Part 1)-2001 Pruning]

qualified arborist: An individual who, by possession of a recognized degree, certification, or professional standing, or through related training and on-the-job experience, is familiar with the equipment and hazards involved in arboricultural operations and who has demonstrated ability in the performance of the special techniques involved. [ANSI Z133.1-2000 Safety Requirements for Arboricultural Operations]

raising: Selective pruning to provide vertical clearance (5.6.3). [ANSI A300 (Part 1)-2001 Pruning]

reduction: Selective pruning to decrease height and/or spread (5.6.4). [ANSI A300 (Part 1)-2001 Pruning]

risk assessment: process of evaluating what unexpected things could happen, how likely it is, and what the likely outcomes are. In tree management, the systematic process to determine the level of risk posed by a tree, tree part, or group of trees.

root collar: 1. The transition zone between the trunk and the root system. [ANSI A300 (Part 6)-2005 Transplanting] 2. See COLLAR. [ANSI Z60.1-2004 Nursery Stock]

root flare or trunk flare: The area at the base of the plant's stem or trunk where the stem

or trunk broadens to form roots; the area of transition between the root system and the stem or trunk. [ANSI Z60.1-2004 Nursery Stock] [ANSI A300 (Part 6)-2005 Transplanting]

root zone: The volume of soil containing the roots of a plant. [ANSI A300 (Part 5)-2005

secondary nutrient: Nutrient required in moderate amounts by plants, such as calcium (Ca) and magnesium (Mg). [ANSI A300 (Part 2)-2004 Fertilization]

seam: Vertical line that appears where two edges of wound wood or callus ridge meet.

soil amendment: Any material added to soil to alter its composition and structure, such as sand, fertilizer, or organic matter. [ANSI A300 (Part6)-2005 Transplanting]

soil pH: A measure of the acidity or alkalinity of the soil.

stormwater runoff: water (generally from rain or snow melt) that flows over the ground after storm events.

structural support system: hardware installed in tree, may be; cables, braces, or guys, to provide supplemental support.

sweep: Departure from vertical of the stem, beginning above the base of the trunk.

thinning: Selective pruning to reduce density of live branches (5.6.2). [ANSI A300 (Part 1)-2001 Pruning]

tree risk assessment: Closer inspection of visibly damaged, dead, defected, diseased, leaning or dying tree to determine management needs.

topping: The reduction of a tree's size using heading cuts that shorten limbs or branches back to a predetermined crown limit. Topping is not acceptable pruning practice. (5.5.7). [ANSI A300 (Part 1)-2001 Pruning]

tree inventory: A comprehensive list of individual trees providing descriptive information on all or a portion of the project area. [ANSI A300 (Part 5)-2005 Management during site planning, site development, and construction]

tree protection zone: A space above and belowground within which trees are to be retained and protected. [ANSI A300 (Part 5)-2005 Management during site planning, site development, and construction]

trunk: That portion of a stem or stems of a tree before branching occurs. [ANSA Z60.1-2004 Nursery Stock]

vigor : Overall health. Capacity to grow and resist stress. [ISA Municipal Specialist Certification Study Guide 2008]

wound: An opening that is created when the bark of a living branch or stem is penetrated, cut, or removed. [ANSI A300 (Part 1)-2001 Pruning]